

1912

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THE HENRY Nursery Catalogue

DESCRIPTIVE AND PRICED

Garden, Field
and Flower
Seeds.

Bedding and
Potting Plants

Fruit Trees

Shade Trees

Ornamental
Shrubs

Small Fruits



Kaiserin Augusta Victoria

Bees & Apiary
Supplies

Wire Fencing

Agricultural
Implements

Garden Tools

Spray Pumps

Fertilizers

Fruit Baskets

Crates, etc.

A. R. MACDOUGALL

PROPRIETOR

NURSERIES AND SALESROOMS

3011 Westminster Road & Vancouver, B. C.

Tel. Fairmont 780. Cable Address "Henrylach," Vancouver.

This Catalogue Cancels all Previous Prices.

TO OUR PATRONS

It is our business to try and fill your orders satisfactorily, or else I could not have built up the trade I now have, so all you have got to do is to make out your list, enclose the money, "press the button," and we do the rest.

For information to new customers, I may say that I have been in business at my present location for the past twenty years, with a rapidly increasing trade, which not only extends all over Canada, but to Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand, Honolulu, China, and also the United States. Reports from China and Tasmania are that the trees and plants arrived safely and are doing well, and as they were on the way over a month, surely they ought to do well in this country, where they generally are delivered to the purchaser within a week after leaving our packing sheds.

The Trees and Shrubs which I offer are grown in open ground, on upland soil, admirably adapted for forming robust plants, and, having been frequently transplanted, can be removed with safety at almost any season of the year. As my stock comprises trees, plants and shrubs of every size, from seedlings to well-grown specimens, my prices are proportioned accordingly.

At prices named, goods are carefully packed in moss or straw, well baled or boxed, and delivered to forwarders here, after which my responsibility ceases, except for mistakes in filling, which must be reported within five days after receipt of goods, to admit adjustment. Be careful in unpacking to note everything, and immediately heel in in moist soil till planted, or plant at once. Never allow the roots to dry, or failure will most likely result.

Our Complete Stock makes it possible for customers to secure everything needed for Orchard, Kitchen Garden, Lawn, Flower Beds, Window Garden or Conservatory in one order and at one shipment, thereby saving a large percentage of the express or freight—charges that would be incurred by ordering from a half-dozen localities.

The Express or Freight on a \$10 to \$15 order is but little if any more than on three to four \$1.00 orders packed and shipped separately.

It is to my own interest to give customers the best terms and selections possible. But I cannot prevent drought, severe winter, early or late frosts, insects or animals from eating, nor plants dying by bad treatment in other hands; hence I never insure trees, plants or shrubs to live after leaving my possession.

Articles by Mail—For convenience of those who cannot be reached by railroad or express, packages of small articles, not exceeding five pounds in weight, can be forwarded by mail, such articles to be charged at single rates.

SUGGESTIONS TO BUYERS

Correspondents will greatly oblige by observing, as far as possible, the following points in making out their orders:

All orders should be legibly written out on the Order Sheet attached hereto, or on a separate sheet, and not mixed up with the body of the letter, thereby saving me a great deal of trouble and tending to prevent mistakes.

Write name and address very distinctly, also your postoffice and shipping address. Bad signatures often cause great inconvenience, and many times result in serious mistakes.

Keep a duplicate order, and use the generic and variety names only that appear in this Catalogue, as it may save us both a great deal of trouble.

Continued on page 3 of Cover.

THE Henry Nursery Catalogue

Seed Department.

The greatest care is exercised in the selection of Seeds; only those of the best quality, and those that can be most successfully grown in this Province, are listed.

Any Seeds you may require that are not listed will be supplied at the lowest current market price. Write for quotations.

I pay the postage by the packet, ounce or quarter pound. Over that amount postage should be added at the rate of 5c per pound, if wanted by mail, to cover postage and packing to any post office in Canada; 16c per lb. to the United States.

As we do not live in the eastern "cent belt," we have no 2c, 3c nor 4c packets of seeds to offer. All packets are well filled with fresh, new crop of tested seeds. But to meet competition, we are packing already for mailing, 40 ordinary 5c packets in leading varieties suitable for family supply of vegetables for the season, and will mail these on receipt of \$1.00 to any post office in Canada.

Flower seeds, suitable for a good display during the summer, 25 packets for 50c, prepaid. These seeds are put up in our dull time and are not subject to purchaser's selection.

LARGE ORDERS.

Any dealer, market gardener, institution or individual, wishing seed in larger quantities, is requested to mail to us a list of what is wanted, and we will promptly return it, with the very lowest market prices. A letter of inquiry may save you dollars, if you want to buy in quantity.

Nearly all eastern catalogues list peas, beans and corn by the pint and quart, but those seeds are sold by the pound on this coast. One pint of beans or hard peas weigh one pound, wrinkled peas and corn, 14 ounces. Perhaps this will explain the difference in prices.

Prices of Grass and Farm Seeds fluctuate with variations of the market.

CHOICE VEGETABLE SEEDS.

To avoid confusion in ordering seeds from different Catalogues with the impression that you can only get that particular variety from the one who advertises it, I give you a list of synonyms (from Johnson's Seedsman Assistant) of familiarly known varieties established from experiments and investigations made in different trial grounds.

ARTICHOKE

Large Green Globe—Cultivated for its flower heads, which are cooked like Asparagus. Oz., 40c; pkt., 5c.

ASPARAGUS

Asparagus is one of the earliest spring vegetables. It can be produced very easily and cheaply. A bed 15x50 feet, requiring about one hundred plants, should give an abundant supply for an ordinary family.



CULTURE—Soak the seed twenty-four hours in warm water, and sow early in drills one foot apart. An ounce of seed will sow about thirty feet of drill. Keep the soil mellow and free from weeds. After one year's growth transplant into permanent beds. A warm, sandy soil is the best, and one which has for some years been cultivated in garden crops and heavily manured is greatly to be preferred to a fresh soil.

Connover's Colossal; Synonyms: **California Mammoth**, **Barr's Mammoth**, **Enormous Giant**, **Donald's Elmira**, **Giant Argenteuil**. Large and rapid growers, of excellent quality.

Columbian Mammoth White—A variety producing large white shoots.

Palmetto—Of southern origin; a very desirable bright green Asparagus. Per lb., 50c; ¼ lb., 20c; oz., 10c; pkt., 5c. One ounce will produce five hundred plants. One-year-old roots, 100, \$1.00, by mail, 25c extra; 1,000 \$6.00 by express.

BEANS (Dwarf or Bush)

When ordering beans by mail, add 5c per lb. for postage.

CULTURE—The soil best adapted for growing Beans is a light, rich, well-drained loam, which was well manured for the previous crop. If the ground is too freshly manured the plants are apt to run to vines and set few blossoms. Plant in drills about two inches deep and from eighteen inches to two feet apart, as soon as the ground is dry enough. Beans are very sensitive to cold and wet before they have sprouted, but are not so liable to be damaged after they are above ground.



We have the Finest Selection of Roses in the city

BUSH BEANS (Green Podded)

Early Mohawk—Brown, six weeks. The hardiest of all the bush kinds, and may safely be planted a week earlier than any other. The pods are pale green, large and broad. The vines continue in bearing a long time, and will withstand a light frost. The bean is large, dark purple and brown mottled. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE

Improved Round Pod, Refugee, One Thousand to One—These are all of healthy and vigorous growth, and have no superior in any respect among the green podded kinds. The pods are round, very fleshy, tender, rich, and quite stringless. The bean is rather small, and when ripe usually irregular in form and red in color. Considered a very fine bean for canning green. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 15c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

WAX OR YELLOW PODDED KINDS

Flageolet Golden Wax, Perfection Wag, Rust-Proof Wax, Bismark—These varieties produce larger and longer pods than any other of the yellow podded sorts. They are very productive, and for market purposes cannot be excelled. Pkt., 10c; lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

Improved Golden Wax—An improvement of the old Golden Wax which has been so popular for years past. Possesses all the good qualities, and is larger in pod and more prolific. Pkt., 5c; lb., 15c; 8 lbs., \$1.00.

Wardwell's Kidney Wax—A robust, hardy variety, yielding a heavy crop of large, unusually handsome wax-like pods. Vines are of medium size, with long, flat pods of a delicate, waxy yellow, very brittle and entirely stringless. Pkt., 10c; lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

ENGLISH (or Broad)

Broad Windsor—Large; one of the best; ripens well, very prolific. Pkt., 5c; lb., 15c.

POLE (or Running)

1½ pints to 100 hills.

Scarlet Runner—A popular English Pole Bean; very ornamental, and a good cooking variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 15c.

Lazy Wife, Creasback, Fat Horse, Mobile—The pods are produced in large clusters in great abundance, and are from four to five inches in length. Dark green, rather flat but broad, quite thick, fleshy, and entirely stringless, retaining their brittleness until fully developed; of unusually rich flavor. The dry beans are pure white in color; excellent for winter use. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 20c.

London Horticultural. Improved Yellow Eye, Red Podded Dwarf, Scipio, Branberry—Very desirable for the family garden. The vines are vigorous, bearing light green pods streaked with red. The bean is large, oval, cream colored, beautifully splashed with red, and has no superior; green shelled or dry. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.60.

Cuban Asparagus, Yard Long, Snake—Pods quite tender, of extraordinary length (2½ feet); produces abundantly. 1 lb., 65c; pkt., 10c. Postpaid.

Dutch Case Knife—Good corn-hill bean; very early; pods are long and flat, beans white; used green or dry. Pkt., 10c; 1 lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.60.

Indian Chief, or Tall Black Wax, Black Algerian Wax—Remarkable for their fine, tender and succulent pods, which are produced in great abundance. Pkt., 10c; lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.60.

Large White Pole Lima, Butter, Early Jersey Lima, King of the Garden—Pods long, broad, very thin, dark green; beans large, broad, greenish-white, flat. Pkt., 10c; lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.60.

FIELD BEANS

White Navy—Grown extensively for marketing dry shelled. This is probably the most popular and best known small white bean. Dwarf in growth, and very productive. Pkt., 10c; lb., 15c; 10 lbs., 80c.

BEETS (For Table Use)

CULTURE—The Beet is hardy, and may be planted as soon as the ground can be well prepared, doing best in rich, sandy soil, sown in rows sixteen inches apart, covered one and one-half inches deep.



Extra Early Egyptian Crosby, Excelsior, Extra Early Turin—By many considered the very best for forcing, and is liked best by many market gardeners for the first early crop, being very early, with small tops. Roots very dark red, rounded on top but flat beneath, with very small tap roots. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

Edmand's Early Blood Turnip, Dark Blood, Arlington Favorite, Acme, Early Columbia, Dewing's, Edmand's, Market Gardeners, Columbia, Detroit



Dark Red—Dark red flesh, zoned with a lighter shade; very crisp and tender; keeps sufficiently well to be used as either a summer or winter variety. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

Half Long Blood—A new variety of excellent quality. One of the very best for winter use; does not become woody, and keeps equally as well as the Long Dark Blood. The root is smooth and handsome, and the flesh as brilliant in color and good in quality as the best Blood Turnip varieties. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

Long Smooth Dark Blood, Ne Plus Ultra—The leading varieties, keeping well all winter; should be planted in rich, warm soil to secure rapid growth, which makes them tender. Top small, root long and smooth. Flesh, deep purple, fine and sweet. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

BEETS (Field Sorts)

Danish Sugar, Red Top Sugar, White Silician, White French—Larger and smoother than Lane's Sugar. Very sweet and excellent for milch cows. Selected for size and sweetness.

We carry over sixty varieties of Sweet Peas, including Spencer varieties

Swiss Chard, or Sea Kale Beet—Cultivated exclusively for its leaves, and leaf and stalk, which are prepared and served similar to Asparagus, and are tender and delicious. If cut frequently the young leaves reappear and make excellent greens, taking the place of spinach. Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.



Lane's Imperial Sugar—This is an excellent variety, and one of the best for stock feeding.

Vilmorin's Improved Sugar—Very rich in sugar, and does well on new lands.

Giant Half-Sugar—This unites the large size of mangels with the greater feeding value of the Sugar Beet. The roots are always regular and uniform, broad at the top, with a full and only slightly tapering shoulder. They measure from five to six inches in diameter at broadest part, which is very near the top. The roots slope gradually, the length averaging ten to twelve inches, and the outline is that of a broad, thick wedge. This smooth, wedge-like form is of a great advantage in harvesting, as the roots can be pulled out of the ground easily. The upper portion is of a soft, bright pink color, shading lighter toward the bottom, where the lower portion for about one-third the length is white. The skin is as tender as in a fine Table Beet, while the flesh is pure white, firm, crisp, and very sweet. Price of Sugar Beets: $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; 1 lb., 50c; if by mail add 5c per lb.

MANGEL WURZEL

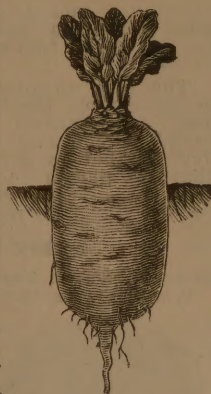
The value of these for stock-feeding cannot be overestimated. The results from their use are wonderful, as is clearly shown in the improved health and condition of animals, the increased yield of milk in cows, and the great saving in hay. They can be raised at a trifling cost, and selected seed will yield immense crops per acre. Five to six pounds of seed required per acre.



Mammoth Long Red Mangel Wurzel, Giant Long Red, Colossal Monarch, Jumbo, Frize Mammoth, Norbitan's Giant—These improved varieties of mangel are the result of a careful selection of selected roots, single specimens weighing from forty to fifty pounds, and producing from seventy to eighty tons to the acre. My stock of this variety has been grown for me in France, which I offer at a small advance on the ordinary Long Red Mangel. Per lb., 50c.

Golden Tankard—Best for dairy farming; considered indispensable among English dairy

farmers. It is stated by them that they are able to obtain a higher price for milk when feeding cows on Golden Tankard. Sheep thrive on it. Other mangels cut white, circled with yellow, but Golden Tankard is of a rich, deep yellow throughout. It is early, hardy and a heavy cropper, for on account of its shape roots can be left standing close in rows. Per lb., 50c.



Champion Yellow or Orange Globe Mangel, Gate Post, Intermediate—A globe-shaped, orange-yellow root of large size and fine nutritive qualities, growing partly above ground, and from its shape succeeds well on light land. It is of beautiful shape, neat top, fine clear skin, single tap root, and of choice quality; a sure cropper and an excellent keeper, rather better keeper than the Long Red. Per lb., 50c.

BROCCOLI

Cultivate same as Cauliflower. One ounce of seed will produce five thousand plants.

Mammoth White—Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c.

Purple Sprouting—Pkt., 5c.

BORECOLE (or Kale)

CULTURE—Sow early in the spring in a hot-bed, and when one or two inches high transplant into a bed or border that has been highly manured and deeply dug. One ounce of seed will produce five thousand plants.

Green Curled—Bright green, of spreading habits, and beautifully curled. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

Dwarf Purple—Fine, curled. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

The plants, which are very hardy, grow two or three feet high, and produce, from the sides of the stalk, numerous little sprouts, which resemble very small cabbages, one or two inches in diameter. The leaves should be broken down in the fall, to give the little heads more room to grow. They should be treated in all respects like winter cabbage or kale.

Dwarf Improved—A carefully grown strain, very hardy, and giving compact, round sprouts of large size and good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

New Giant—Finest variety. Oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.

COLLARD'S—TRUE GEORGIA

Used as greens mainly in the South and West. As the leaves are pulled off others grow in their places. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c.

CABBAGE

CULTURE—The requisites for complete success are: First, good seed; second, rich, well-prepared ground; third, frequent and thorough cultivation. A heavy, moist and rich loam is most suitable, which should be highly manured and worked deep. The early sorts should be sown very early in hot-beds, hardened off by gradually exposing them to

Look over our Pæony list—sixteen varieties

night air, and as early as the ground is in good condition transplanted, setting eighteen to thirty-six inches apart, according to size of variety.

The late autumn and winter varieties may be sown from the middle to the last of spring, and transplanted when four to six inches high. Shade and water the late sowings in dry weather to get them up. It is important that the plants should not be crowded in the seed-bed, or they will run up weak and slender and be likely to make long stems.

FIRST EARLY SORTS

Selected Early Jersey Wakefield—The Early Wakefield is the standard early cabbage in all the northern markets, a larger acreage of it being planted than of all the other early sorts combined. It is the hardiest and hardest heading of the extra early sorts, and most northern gardeners depend upon it for the bulk of their first crop. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c;



¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

Early York—Small, but very early; very popular sort; can be planted close together. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Earliest Etampes—This is an extremely early variety, producing small, quite solid, pointed heads. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.50, postpaid.

Large Early York—Larger heads, and a few days later than Early York. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

SECOND EARLY SORTS

Early Winnings-tadt—A desirable kind, having conical, solid heads; a sure header under almost any conditions, and keeps better than most early varieties. Fine, and of excellent quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.



Early Summer, All Seasons—About ten days later than the Jersey Wakefield. The heads are round, and the largest of the early kinds; can be set close in the row, as the outer leaves are small. They remain long without bursting; are firm and of the best quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 65c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

Fottler's Improved Brunswick, Large White Brunswick, Short Stem—Extra stock; the best early Drumhead; always pleases. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

LATE CABBAGE

Selected Flat Dutch, Large Late Flat Dutch, Danish Large Late Flat Dutch, Excelsior Large Late Flat Dutch, Market Gardeners' Late Flat Dutch, Matchless Large Late Flat Dutch, Premium Large Late Flat Dutch, Silver Leaf Large Late Flat Dutch, Superb Large Late Flat Dutch, Late All-Head Flat Dutch, Surehead—As a variety for the winter market they have no superior, and are more extensively grown than any other.

Heads are large, bluish green, round, solid, broad and flat on top, and often tinted with reddish brown after being touched with frost; they open white and crisp, are tender and well flavored. They are fall and winter varieties, and among the very best to keep. With good cultivation on moist, rich ground, ninety-five in a hundred will head up hard and fine. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

Large Late Drumhead, Deep Head, New Hard Heading, Reedland Early Drumhead—Large solid heads. Fall and winter variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Enkhuizen's Glory—Amongst many sorts of white cabbage none of them combines these two desirable qualities of being early and large so well as the aforesaid sort. We can recommend this as a really early one (coming in as early as the Early Flat Dutch), but at the same time making fine, large, ball-shaped heads, particularly attractive for market purposes. The plants are somewhat pale green, and in proportion to the whole make very little outside leaves, and fine large form, round, thin-ribbed, hard heads. For the market one of the very best selling sorts. Prices: Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

Early Flat Dutch—American sort.

Erfurt Early—Fine dwarf round.

Danish Ball Head, or Hollander, Amagar, Baseball, Cannon Ball, Solid Emperor—These are the hardest cabbages in cultivation, and endure both frost and drouth that would destroy other varieties. Plants very hardy, rather long-stemmed, but compact; the leaves are very smooth, but thick; the heads are of medium size, round and very solid, being the hardest heading cabbage we know of and of the very best quality. Matures quite late, keeps well, and are considered by many the best cabbages to hold over for spring markets. Pkts., 5c; oz., 25c; 2oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

SAVOY CABBAGE

Per lb., \$1.60; ¼ lb., 45c; oz., 15c; pkt., 5c.

Drumhead Vertus—The largest of the Savoy; dark green leaves; good keeper.

Early Ulm—Small, round, deep green head; very early.

Sure Head—Sure to head; compact, medium to large. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Succession, or All Seasons—Heads large, slightly flattened; grow low on the stem. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 65c.

RED CABBAGE

Mammoth Red Rock, Red Dutch, Dark Red Erfurt—The largest red cabbages known. The heads are always of a deep red color, inside as well as outside, while they are almost literally as hard and solid as a rock. 1 lb., \$1.75; ¼ lb., 50c; oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.

CAULIFLOWER

As this vegetable is an important crop in this Province, I have taken particular pains to secure from the Holland grower the very best strains of each variety to be obtained. The early varieties, when planted on dry, poor soil and in hot weather, are apt to button, or produce small heads; but plants grown from the same packet of seeds, in rich, moist soil, will mature into as fine heads as ever produced. A light dressing of nitrate of soda

Note our New Roses and description of same

every two weeks after the plants get established will improve their size and color. One ounce of seed will produce 3,500 plants.

Early Snowball—An early and reliable variety, of dwarf habit, with short outer leaves, can be planted closer together. I have not found it earlier than the Erfurt. Pkt., 20c; ½ oz., \$1.25; 1 oz., \$2.25.

Extra Selected Early Dwarf Erfurt—Earliest in cultivation; small leaved; for forcing or open ground; of low growth. Plant two feet apart. Pkt., 15c; ½ oz., \$1.20; 1 oz., \$2.00; 2 oz., \$3.50.

Early Dwarf Erfurt—While less expensive, this will give quite good results in suitable localities. Pkt., 10c; oz., \$1.00; ¼ lb., \$3.50.

Demi-Dur, or Half Early (also called Nonpareil)—White head; ¼ lb., \$3.00; 1 oz., \$1; ½ oz., 60c; pkt., 5c.

Autumn Giant—Attains enormous dimensions; heads beautifully white, large, firm and compact. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 30c; 1 oz., 50c; 2 oz., 80c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Large Late Le Normand—Short-stemmed, produces very close and uniform head, well protected by the foliage; hardy, and stands dry weather. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 40c; oz., 70c; 2 oz., \$1.30; ¼ lb., \$2.50.

CELERY

CULTURE—Sow the seeds early, in a hot-bed or cold frame. As soon as the plants are three inches high transplant in a prepared border, setting them out four inches apart. When grown six inches, and fine stocky plants, set in richly manured, deep soil, in rows three and a half feet apart, and about nine inches from plant to plant. Water, if dry weather follows transplanting. During the next two months all the attention that is required is to keep down the weeds. Afterwards earth up a little, and continue doing so at intervals until only the tops of the leaves are visible late in autumn. Neve hoe up the earth when the plants are wet.



One ounce of seed produces about two thousand plants.

Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c. One ounce will produce about 5,000 plants.

Dwarf Golden Heart, or Paris Golden—Very popular variety, beautiful showy sorts; solid, excellent flavor, and keep well during the winter. sorts; tender, crisp and good

New Rose—The best of all red flavor.

White Plume—New variety, with white stalks and leaves; very ornamental. Does not require so much banking up as other kinds.

Giant Pascal, or Winter King—Largest variety grown; of fine, nutty flavor; very easily blanched.

Turnip-Rooted, or Celeriac—Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

Flavoring Celery—Oz., 5c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 40c; (postpaid, 45c).



CRESS, OR PEPPER GRASS

Extra Curled—The best for salads. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 50c. One-half ounce will sow one hundred feet of drill.

True Water—A delicate, pungent salad plant, very agreeable alone, or mixed with other salads. Entirely distinct from common cress, thriving only where its roots are submerged. Sow the seed thinly along the banks of any shallow stream, early in spring. It will increase rapidly if the conditions are favorable, and reappear every spring with no further attention. Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 30c.

CARROT

CULTURE—While a sandy loam, made rich by manuring the previous year, is the best soil for the carrot, any good land, if thoroughly and deeply worked, will produce satisfactory crops. When it is possible to do so it is advisable to sow as early in the spring as the ground is fit to work, though good crops may in this latitude be grown from sowing as late as June 15; but one is less certain of good crop from such late planting. For table use, sow the smaller kinds as early as practicable, in rows sixteen to eighteen inches apart, and for field culture prepare the ground thoroughly and sow in drills eighteen to twenty-four inches apart, using from one and a half to three pounds to the acre, according to the distance between rows. Cover one-half to one inch deep, and see to it that the soil is well firmed above the seed.



Oxheart—A thick Carrot, five or six inches long and very blunt at the lower extremity. It grows very rapidly, and the root attains a weight of more than a pound. It is tender and of good flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.25.

Earliest Short Horn, or French (Forcing)—The earliest variety in cultivation, and best suited for forcing. Roots reddish brown, globular, and about two inches in diameter; should be used before full grown. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

Early Scarlet Horn or Golden Ball—Garden variety; the best early kinds for general use. They are larger than the forcing variety, but fully as good in quality, and will produce a much larger crop. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.20.

Danvers Half Long Stump-Rooted Chantenay—Grown largely on account of their productiveness and adaptability to all classes of soil. Tops medium sized, coarsely divided. The smooth, handsome roots are orange, of medium length, tapering uniformly to a blunt point; flesh sweet, crisp, tender; deep orange in color. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

Improved Long Orange, Altringham, Intermediate, Long Red Surrey, Victoria, Guerande, Bellot, Orange Danvers—The most popular of the older sorts for farm use on mellow soil. Roots grow to a large size, some specimens averaging twelve inches in length. Enormous crops can be grown under fair culture; one of the best varieties for feeding stock. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$2.00.

For a Climber, nothing can beat a Wisteria

Improved Short White—We think this distinct variety will remain in the first rank as a field carrot, owing to its enormous productiveness and the ease with which it can be harvested. Roots half long, smooth, very heavy at the shoulder, but tapering regularly to the point; color, light green at the crown, pure white below; flesh, rich, white, solid, crisp and of excellent flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 75c.

Improved Large White Belgium—Very productive; grown for stock feeding exclusively; grows one-third out of ground. Roots white, green above ground. Oz., 10c; 1 lb., 75c.

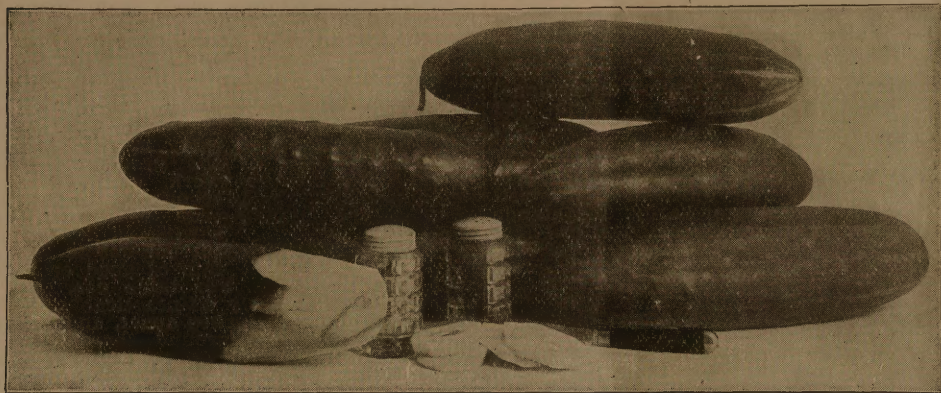
Evergreen Fodder—A valuable crop for stock and dairymen. First-class for eating, where it will mature. Remains green and sweet for a long time. Per lb., 15c; 10 lbs., 80c. If wanted in larger quantities write for special prices.

King Philip—An early red corn; well acclimated and well known.

Early Canada (Flint)—An eight-rowed Yellow Flint Corn; early, and very productive.

POPCORN

White Rice—1 lb., 20c (by mail); 10 lbs., \$1.00 (by express).



NEW DAVIS PERFECTION CUCUMBER.

CORN

Plant the hills three feet apart each way, and then thin out to two or three stalks in each hill, and it will ear and fill well. One quart to two hundred hills. Add 5c per lb. if by mail.

Ford's Early—This corn was brought to this country by a settler from Manitoba, and is more dwarf and a few days earlier than Early Corn, and as it produced edible ears and ripened in Manitoba it surely ought to succeed in the colder parts of British Columbia. Pkts., 5c; 1 lb., 25c.

White Cob Cory—A very fine extra early sweet corn; has a large ear, considering the size of the stock; small cob, well filled with broad grains that are very sweet and of fine quality. This is the earliest sweet corn grown, and the best and surest to plant on this coast. Pkt., 5c lb., 25c.

Kendel's Early Giant—This variety is a good second early, and the ears grow to a remarkable size, measuring eight to ten inches in length, with an average of twelve rows to the ear. It has a white cob and pure white kernels, which are very sweet and tender, and of splendid eating qualities. Pkts., 5c; 1 lb., 25c.

FIELD VARIETIES

Pride of the North, Yellow Dent—A very early Dent variety, thriving where there are cold, short summers. Ears and kernels handsome yellow; will mature in ninety days. We recommend this variety to our customers. Per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 80c.

CUCUMBER

Cucumbers succeed best in warm, rich, loamy soil. As soon as the weather becomes warm and settled plant in hills four to six feet apart each way, with ten to twelve seeds in a hill, one and a half inches deep. One ounce of seed will plant fifty hills.

Easton Pickling or Green Prolific, Chicago Pickling, Early Green Prolific, Prize Taker, Boston Market—Distinct varieties, very popular for pickles. Fruit short, very smooth and symmetrical, but pointed at each end; bright green, great producers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.00.



Improved Early White Spine, Perfection White Spine, Evergreen White Spine, Arlington White Spine, Peerless White Spine, Bismark White Spine—Excellent varieties for table use; very early, grows uniformly straight and smooth; light green, with white spines; tender and of excellent flavor; very popular. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

New Davis Perfection—Splendid for forcing or outdoor culture; very few seeds, and one of the most productive varieties in cultivation. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Vegetable Plants in great variety. Send for prices

Rollison's Telegraph, Astro, English Frame—The leading forcing varieties grown by English gardeners. Pkts., 25c; oz., \$1.50.

Best Long Green—The leading large variety. Fruit from ten to twelve inches long; dark green, crisp and tender. A good variety for slicing, and when ripe they are the best for sweet pickles. We offer the "Best Strain" that will grow long and uniform in shape. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

Japanese Climbing—The vines are of a healthy, vigorous growth, with a rich, dark green foliage, and throw strong, grasping tendrils which enable it to climb trellises, wire netting, brush, or any other suitable support. It bears abundantly throughout the season, while the climbing habit enables the fruit to grow perfectly straight. From twelve to sixteen inches in length. The cucumbers are thick, tender and of delicate flavor. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

DANDELION

Large Leaved—Very early large leaves, which make wholesome greens. Sow in May or June; cultivate during summer, and following spring the leaves will be fit to cut. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 30c; oz., 50c.

ENDIVE

Moss Curled—Pkt., 5c; 1 oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25, postpaid.

EGG PLANT

Should be started in a hot bed and transplanted when the weather is settled and the ground thoroughly warm. They will thrive with the same treatment as that given the tomato.

Early Long Purple—The earliest and hardiest; very productive; fruit from six to ten inches long. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c.

New York Improved, Large Purple—The leading market variety. Large, round, dark, excellent, and the most productive. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., \$1.00.

KOHL RABI

Hardy and of easy culture. Grown from plants the same as cabbage. The Kohl Rabi is a vegetable intermediate between the cabbage and turnip, and combines the flavor of both. The edible part is a turnip-shaped bulb formed by the swelling of the stem. Kohl Rabi is far superior to cabbage or turnips in the delicacy of its flavor, and is a splendid addition to every garden. It should be eaten before growth ceases.



Early White Vienna—Very early; bulb white; best table variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c.

Early Purple Vienna—Same as above, except in color, which is purple. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c.

LETTUCE

CULTURE—Lettuce will thrive in any good garden soil, and requires so little care that all who have the ground at their disposal should raise enough for their own use, and especially as the quality depends almost entirely on its crisp freshness.

Simpson's Early Curled—A leading market variety used for very early plaining and forcing. Forms a dense mass of finely curled and wrinkled leaves that are excellent and tender, and do not wilt readily. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

Grand Rapids (for Early Forcing)—As a Lettuce for greenhouse forcing this variety undoubtedly stands at the head of the list. Of quick growth, little liable to rot, and stands for some days after being fit to cut. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25.

Hanson (the Leading Head Lettuce)—Improved hard-heading stock. We can recommend this as one of the very best. Heads green outside and white inside; grows to a remarkable size, very solid, and is deliciously sweet, crisp and tender. It withstands the hot sun. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 35c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

Paris White Cos—Grows to very large size, producing long-pointed compact bunches. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., \$1.25 (postpaid).

Early Tennis Ball—The plant is small, of rapid growth, and should be used as soon as large enough, as it quickly runs to seed. Leaves dark green, thick and crisp. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES

Iceberg—The large curly leaves which cover the outside of the solid heads are of a bright, light green, slightly tipped with red on edges. The unusual solidity of the heads is ensured by the large white main ribs of the leaves, each of which, curving strongly into the centre, acts like a truss, making it impossible for the leaves to open outward and expose the centre, which consequently is always well blanched. In early spring or hottest days of summer the leaves are always crisp and tender. Per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.

Big Boston—A valuable sort, either for forcing or open ground; very large and solid; heads well. Per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; oz., 15c; pkt., 5c.

Prize Head—One of the most popular and easily grown; leaves crumpled and tinged with red. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

The Deacon (San Francisco Market)—It stands hot weather better than any of the rich butter varieties, and seldom becomes acrid in flavor, even under the greatest summer heat. The heads are light green outside, while the inner blanched portion is beautiful cream-yellow, of delicious, rich, buttery flavor. Per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; oz., 15c; pkt., 5c.

California Cream Butter—A splendid variety for summer. It produces a very large and white head; it will stand extreme heat, and is slow to go to seed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

Yellow Seeded Butter—A very distinct sort, making a compact yellow head, excellent flavor, withstands heat well, and remains crisp and tender. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

LEEK

The Leek belongs to the onion family. Prized for soups. Cultivation similar to that of onions, but hill up about the neck to blanch it.

Large Rouen, or American Flag—A large favorite American sort. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$2.25.

MELON (Musk)

The Melon, being of tropical origin, comes to perfection only in a warm temperature. For British Columbia it is advisable to secure early varieties. A poor, sandy soil will ripen them well, but they should be planted in well-enriched hills. One ounce to sixty hills.

Rocky Ford or Netted Gem, Alamo, Colorado, Dewey Gem, Golden Gem, Golden Jenny—Small, green-fleshed; very early; good quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

Early Hackensack—Extra early; of medium size; flesh green, delicious. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c.

YELLOW FLESH VARIETY

Osage, or Miller's Cream—Medium size, shallow ribs and thin netting; color, deep green; flesh a decided salmon in color, and good clear down to the rind. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.20.

MELON (Water)

Phinney, or Extra Early—Early, and of fine quality; red flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 20c; lb., 60c. One ounce to thirty hills.

MELON (Citron)

Melon (Citron), Small Green—Standard everywhere for making preserves; striped, round in shape; makes the most beautiful, delicious, clear, transparent preserves. It grows wonderfully prolific. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

MUSHROOM

English Spawn—Per brick, 25c; five for \$1.15 postpaid; five for 70c at seed house.

MUSTARD

For early salads sow in slight hotbed in March, and for a general crop at intervals through the spring, in rows six to eight inches apart, and rather thickly in the rows. Cut it when two inches high.

White—The best for salad or culinary purposes. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 15c; lb., 40c.

Chinese—Leaves twice the size of the ordinary white mustard. Ready six weeks after sowing. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 30c; oz., 10c; pkt., 5c.

ONION

Sow in rich soil in drills one foot apart, as soon as the ground can be worked in spring. Thin to three or four inches, using the rake and hoe frequently to keep down the weeds. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

Australian Brown, or Brown Beauty—This Onion is of recent introduction, and its extraordinary keeping qualities have made it a favorite variety with those who have planted it. The bulbs grow to a good marketable size, and are very hard and solid.

They ripen earlier than Yellow Danvers or Red Wethersfield, are beautiful brown color and mild flavor. A good thing in their favor is the fact that the crop runs uniform in size and shape; nearly every plant produces a fine Onion. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$14.00.

Yellow Globe Danvers, or Long Keeper—A standard sort and one of the most desirable; excellent keeper and very productive. Our strain in this variety is the true globe shape, and not of the flat type. It is the best paying Onion that is grown for general crops, and will be the leading variety for years. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$14.00.



Oregon Yellow Danvers—This is the largest variety planted almost entirely in the Northwest, particularly in Oregon. The largest crops of Onions and the best keepers, bringing the highest prices in the Oregon and California markets are the Oregon Yellow Danvers. The bulbs are uniformly large, of a half-globe in shape, with small necks. It is the earliest, largest in size, most perfect in shape, the largest cropper and the best keeper, and as a market or table Onion cannot be excelled. Our seed is grown specially for us by the best Onion Seed growers in Oregon. Per lb., \$2.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.



Philadelphia Yellow Dutch, or Strasburg—The leading market variety; a good keeper and well flavored; bright straw-colored skin and somewhat flattened shape. The Onions grow to a good size and are very mild. This variety is largely grown from sets on account of its excellent keeping qualities. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 50c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

White Portugal or Silver Skin—This variety is one of the leading white sorts, and is of beautiful shape and very mild flavor. The bulbs are flat in shape, and mature early. It is a splendid variety for both family use and the market gardener, and is very largely used for growing sets on account of its fine shape when small, and also for its good keeping qualities. It is also extensively used as a Pickling Onion, for which purpose it seems to be finely adapted. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.



Large Yellow Strasburg, or Dutch—One of the oldest varieties; good keeper, and fine flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

Extra Early Yellow Cracker—It is the earliest of the Yellow Onion sorts of superior quality, and like the Extra Early Red is an excellent kind to raise where the seasons are

We make a specialty in Nasturtiums. Look them over

short, and often profitable to the market gardener who brings the first ripe Onions to the market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; lb., \$2.00.

Large Red Wethersfield—This is the greatest, grandest and most productive sort that is cultivated; of large marketable size, and an excellent keeper. Per lb., \$2.00; ¼ lb., 60c; oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.

PEPPER

CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds in March, and when the soil has become warm set in rows two feet apart and eighteen inches in the rows; hoe frequently. The plants may also be forwarded in small pots. One ounce will produce 1,500 plants.

Large Bell, or Bull Nose—A large, mild, thick-fleshed variety; one of the best for stuffed pickles. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 65c.

PUMPKIN

CULTURE—Care should be taken to keep the different varieties apart, and also to keep them well separated from other vining plants, as they readily amalgamate and deteriorate.



Large Yellow, or Connecticut Field—A large, round variety, sometimes depressed at the ends; rind of a deep, glossy yellow. Vines vigorous and very productive. If protected will keep well till mid-winter. Grown extensively for stock feeding. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 40c.

ADDITIONAL VARIETIES

Sugar, or New England Pie—Pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

Large Cheese—Very good for table use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 65c.

Mammoth, or Tours (Green Skin)—Coarse variety. Enormous size, very productive. Per ¼ lb., 60c; oz., 20c; pkt., 10c.

RHUBARB (or Pie Plant)

CULTURE—Rhubarb succeeds best in deep, rich, somewhat retentive soil. The richer its condition and the deeper it is stirred the better. Sow in drills an inch deep, and thin out plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant the young plants into very highly manured and deep stirred soil, setting them four to six feet apart each way, and give a dressing of coarse manure each spring. The stalks should not be plucked until the second year, and the plant never allowed to exhaust itself by running to seed.

Victoria, or Mammoth, St. Martins, Strawberry—Very large and finest cooking varieties. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

RHUBARB ROOTS

From October to June we can always supply one or two-year-old Rhubarb Roots. Customers wanting only a few dozen roots for home gardens will save much valuable time by ordering roots instead of seeds.

RADISH

To produce Radishes with crisp, tender flesh they must be grown quickly in rich, loose soil, and gathered before reaching full

size. Frequent plantings should be made, for succession, so that a supply may be had always of fresh, tender Radishes in finest condition.

French Breakfast, or Half Long—Medium size, of quick growth, crisp and tender; lower end and taproot white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c.



20c; 1 lb., 60c.

Early Long Scarlet, Short Top, Covent Garden, Salmon—These bright scarlet, small-topped sorts are uniformly straight, smooth and crisp, and are standard and excellent sorts for private gardens or market use. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c.

Long Brightest Scarlet, White Tipped, Amusement, French Cafe, Startle, Wonderful—These are the brightest and handsomest colored Scarlet Radishes known. The lower one-third of the root is snow-white; very attractive. They are extra early, and the flesh is very tender. Valuable for forcing or open ground. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.

Early Scarlet Turnip Rooted, or Carmine Globe, Early Carmine, Prussian Globe, Rosy Gem—Small, round, red, turnip-shaped Radishes, with small tops and of very quick growth; very early; rich color, and crisp, tender flesh. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 75c.

Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped, Rapid Forcing, Red Forcing, Ruby Pearl, Scarlet Ball—Beautiful varieties, deep scarlet with white tip, and are becoming very popular as a market sort. Very early. Has a small top, and may be planted close. They are very attractive in appearance. Fresh, crisp, tender and sweet. Cannot fail to give satisfaction as a Forcing Radish. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c.

Chartier (Long)—Color at the top is crimson, running into pink about the middle; and from thence downward it is pure waxy white. Per lb., 75c; ¼ lb., 25c; oz., 10c; pkt., 5c.

White Icicle—This superb new Radish is the finest and longest of the very early pure-white varieties. Planted in the spring, the young Radishes are ready for use in twenty to twenty-five days; their long, slender form and pure paper-white skin are most attractive when bunched for market. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 75c.

WINTER VARIETIES

China Rose, Winter—One of the best fall and winter varieties; a favorite with market gardeners; bright rose color; flesh white, firm and of superior quality. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 75c.

Black Spanish Winter, Long—Grows to a large size, of oblong shape; quite solid. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; lb., 75c.

SPINACH

Bloomsdale Large Curly, Savoy Leaved—New and excellent, tender and fine flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 40c.

Long Standing Eukhuisen—Stands a long time before running to seed, otherwise similar to the well-known Round Leaf. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 15c; lb., 40c.

Let us quote you on Fertilizers of all kinds

Victoria—Leaves large, tender and of good quality; good market sort.

Prickly Winter—Hardiest variety; may be sown in the fall; seed prickly; leaves long, pointed, thick and succulent.

SQUASH

CULTURE—Same as Melon and Cucumber. Large packets, 5c. Four ounces will plant 100 hills.

Early Golden or Yellow Bush—A deep orange color. Per oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c.



Golden Summer Crookneck—Small size, yellow. Per oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c.

White Bush Scallop—The well known white Patty Pan. Per oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c.

Mammoth Chili—The Jumbo of all, often weighing 200 lbs. Per oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 35c. Useless except for exhibition purposes.

Green Hubbard—The standard winter Squash, of good size; dry, fine-grained, orange-yellow flesh, and dark olive-green skin. Per oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c.



Vegetable Marrow—Well known running variety;



oblong, skin greenish yellow; flesh white, rich flavor. Per oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 25c.

Long White Bush Marrow longer than preceding; of bush form. Per lb., \$1.50; ¼ lb., 60c; oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.

Vegetable Marrow—Same as above, except it is striped green. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

Long Green Bush Marrow—Same as above, except in color. Per lb., \$1.50; ¼ lb., 60c; oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.

Boston Marrow—Bright orange. Fine for autumn use. Per oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c.

SALSIFY

Salsify (Vegetable Oyster)—Culture, same as the carrot. Used for soups, stews, etc., and resembles the oyster in flavor.

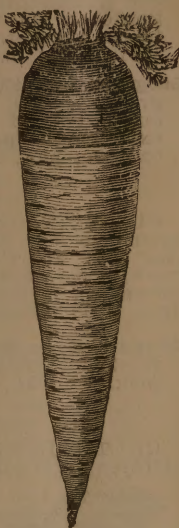
Mammoth Sandwich Island—Grows to a large size. Superior quality and excellent flavor. Per lb., \$2.40; ¼ lb., 60c; oz., 20c; pkt., 5c.



PARSNIPS

Sow as early in spring as ground can be worked, in rich soil, in drills eighteen inches apart. The ground should be well and deeply dug. Thin to six or eight inches in the rows. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill.

Hollow Crown, Long Smooth, Long White, Student, Sugar, Guernsey, Cup—Seed saved from extra choice roots of our own selection. Pkts., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 75c. If by mail add 5c per lb.



Early Round—A short variety, crown broad and rounded, somewhat hollow at the insertion of the leaves; very fine flavor. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

PEAS

If by mail add 5c per lb.

McLean's Blue Peter—A splendid bearer, with large well-filled pods. Height, 1 foot. Can be planted very early, as it does not rot as easily as the wrinkled varieties. One pint will produce 75 feet of drill. Pkt., 5c; 1 lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.00.

First of All—Put out by an English catalogue under the above name, but as far as I have tested them they are our old Blue Peter; same quality and same season of earliness. 1 lb., 25c; pkt., 5c.

American Wonder—Earliest of the dwarf wrinkled Peas. Does not need bushing. Large Peas and pods, and prolific. Quality extra good. Do not plant it while the ground is cold and wet. Per lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Edward VII.—A delicious new early Pea of great merit. The pods are well filled and as large as most late Peas. We introduced this grand variety from Europe, and its popularity increases each season. Of all the Dwarf Early Peas, King Edward VII. produces the largest pods of the finest flavored Peas in the greatest quantities. Pods resemble Stratagem in color and size, and are remarkably well filled with deliciously flavored Peas, eight, 15 inches. Try this grand new Pea, and we are sure you will be more than pleased. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c.

Nott's Excelsior—This excellent Dwarf Wrinkled Extra Early Pea is robust and vigorous, inclined to throw out laterals at the base of the haulm, and produces in profusion long, handsome pods, closely packed with large peas of fine flavor. The pods are fully one-third larger than the American Wonder, containing six to eight fine large peas; a decided acquisition, and very popular. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Gradus—This valuable creation fills a place not heretofore occupied by any kind of Peas, especially for the home garden. It is extra early, producing immense pods that are filled with large, sweet, wrinkled, dark green peas of finest quality. Every family and gardener should try it. Pkt., 10c; lb., 30c.

McLean's Little Gem, Premium Gem—Early; straight pods; quality as good as the American Wonder, but a few days later, and larger pods. Per lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Improved Stratagem, Sharpe's Queen, Victory—Sweet and wrinkled varieties introduced from England. Vines not large, but of vigorous growth, producing a heavy crop; beautiful long pods, well filled with large peas of good quality; two feet. A paying kind for the market gardener to plant. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

We make a specialty of Lawn Seeds

Tall Telephone, Victoria—Produces handsome long pods; a great favorite with our market gardeners; immensely productive of the finest quality and excellent, sugary flavor; vines very strong; the pods are of large size, filled with large delicious peas. Height, 4 feet. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Improved Dwarf Telephone—Our own select strain. Dwarf Telephone is the famous old Telephone without its long vines; of healthy, stocky growth; very productive; pods, large, broad, straight and remarkably well filled with large sweet peas of delicious flavor; very desirable. Eighteen to twenty inches high. Per pkt., 20c; 1 lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Yorkshire Hero, Big Gem, Dwarf Champion, Ever-Bearing, or Alameda Sweet—One of the largest sweet, wrinkled kinds; vines strong and spreading; pods of good size and well filled; much in use, and has enjoyed a long popularity; medium late; bears a long time. Height, 2½ feet. Pkts., 10c lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

Large White Marrowfat—Of vigorous growth; pods long, and well filled with large, smooth peas; four feet. Pkt., 10c; lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.25.

TURNIP (Strap-Leaved Varieties)

One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill.

Early Nimble Dick—The earliest and most delicious table turnip in existence; bulbs medium size, flat; color, pure white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 75c.

Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly—Skin bright yellow; flesh firm, sweet and well flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 75c.

Purple Top Strap Leaf—Flesh fine-grained, rich and buttery flavored. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 70c.

Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen, or Yellow Scotch—Similar in quality to White Egg. Per ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c.

White Egg—Large, early, sweet, good, smooth; egg-shaped. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 75c.

Swede Turnips—Well known standard varieties, price, each, except where noted: ¼ lb., 10c; 1 lb., 30c; by mail, postpaid, 35c; 4 lbs., \$1.00; by mail, postpaid, \$1.20.

Universal Purple-Top Swede Turnip—One of the best Purple-Top Swedes for all soils; resists drought and mildew. A magnificent new variety of exceedingly hardy constitution, standing well during severe weather, and keeping sound and good until very late in the spring, when many other varieties have failed; stands high out of the ground and is of handsome appearance. The yellow flesh is solid, of rich quality, and much appreciated by all classes of stock. Growing but a small top with its uniform shaped root it will stand somewhat thicker in the rows than most Swedes, when a very heavy weight per acre can be grown. Price per ¼ lb., 15c; per lb., 40c.

Swede Bangholm Improved, Purple Top—A standard variety, yellow, fresh, large size, small neck, and yields well.

Improved White, or Sweet German—Similar to above, except that the flesh is white, solid and sweet.

Elephant or Monarch (Jumbo) Swede, Monarch, Tankard, Rutabaga—The crown of the bulb is a beautiful bright purple and the lower half deep yellow; the flesh is very solid and nutritious and there is almost a total absence of fibrous or fangy roots. During the past season this variety has proven most satisfactory, so much so that we have every confidence in recommending Elephant or Monarch Swede to the farmers of the Dominion. Per ¼ lb., 15c; per lb., 40c.

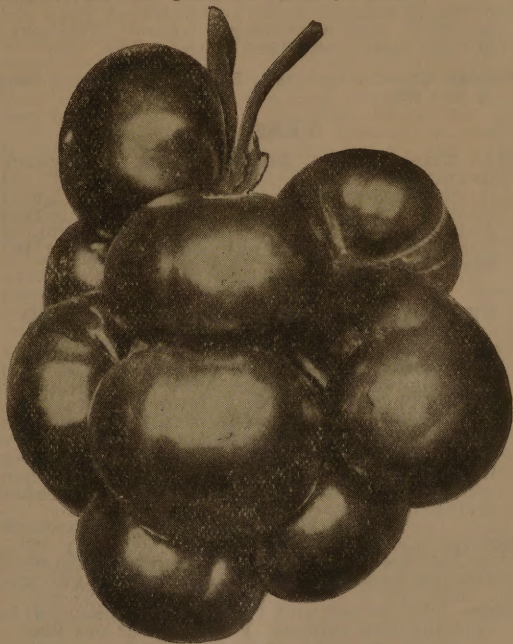


Hall's Westbury—A very fine quality of Swede, good keeper. Per ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c.

The above Turnip seed are from one of the best English growers.

TOMATO

Per pkt., 5c; oz., 25c, except where noted. One ounce will produce 3,500 plants.



EARLIBELL.

Earlibell, New—Claimed by the originator to be five days earlier than the Earliana, more prolific and perfectly smooth. Per pkt., 15c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Marvel of the Market—Very heavy cropper, good market variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., \$1.00.

Atlantic Prize, Earliest of All, Extra Early Richmond, Money-Maker—Well-known extra early varieties; largely grown for first crop. The fruit is solid and of good quality.

For Spray and Spray Pumps, write us for prices

Early Ruby—Extra early. The peculiar open habit of the plant is a distinct feature of this variety, the sun having a better chance to reach and ripen the fruit than in more compact and upright sorts.

Ignotum—Very early and prolific; color fine deep red; fruit smooth, heavy and solid, and of delicious flavor.

Dwarf Champion, Money-Maker, Station, Tree, or Upright—Dwarf upright growth; smooth, purple fruit.

Spark's Earliana—The earliest, large, smooth tomato. The most perfect of all tomatoes. Of large, uniform size and beautiful red color. Quality almost beyond praise. Ripens thoroughly all over, the stem-end coloring up perfectly. Almost seedless and very solid. A most vigorous grower and heavy bearer, continuing until frost. Succeeds everywhere and especially recommended for this coast. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., \$1.00.

Sunrise (Carter's)—A very robust and good cropping variety, fine color, and sets an even size. Pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; ¼ lb., \$1.50.

Husk Tomato or Ground Cherry—A small, yellow sort, much used for preserving; also good eaten fresh from the vines. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 85c; lb., \$3.00.

Stone—A large tomato of good quality; round or apple shaped, and very uniform, deep red in color, and exceedingly heavy. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Golden Queen—Per pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 85c.

PARSLEY

Fine Triple-Curled, Double-Curled, or Myatt's Garnishing—A fine, free growing, but not large, variety. The plants bear a great number of leaves, which are so abundant and so finely curled that they resemble a bunch of moss. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 60c.

SWEET, POT AND MEDICINAL HERBS

No garden is complete without a few herbs for culinary and medicinal purposes, and care should be taken to harvest them properly. This should be done on a dry day, just before they come into full bloom, then dried quickly and packed closely, entirely excluded from the air. Sow in the spring in shallow drills, one foot apart, and when well up thin out and transplant to a proper distance apart.

Catnip, or Catmint (Nepeta cataria)—The leaves are used for seasoning. It makes, also, an excellent bee pasture. Per pkt., 10c.

Sage—The leaves and tender tops are used in stuffing and sauces. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Summer Savory—Used principally for seasoning. Per pkt., 5c.

Sweet Marjoram—Used as a relish in soups, broths, dressings, etc. Per pkt., 5c.

Thyme—The young leaves are used for soup, dressing and sauces. Per pkt., 5c.

Dill—Seeds used for seasoning vinegar. Per pkt., 5c.

Fennel, Sweet—Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Horehound—Bitter, for tonic. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

Lavender—For fragrance. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Rosemary—Aromatic oil. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Rue—Medicinal qualities. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

TOBACCO

Havana—Imported. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

Connecticut Seed Leaf—One of the best varieties for cigar wrappers. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 20c.

Cuban—Per pkt., 10c; oz., 30c.

BIRD SEEDS

Canary Seed—Per lb., 10c; if by mail, 5c postage; 3 lbs. for 25c; 100 lbs., \$7.00.

Hemp—3 lbs for 25c; 100 lbs., \$7.00.

Millett—3 lbs for 25c; 100 lbs., \$5.50.

Maw Seed—Per lb., 20c; 10 lbs., \$1.80.

Cuttle Fish Bone—Per oz., 5c; lb., 60c.

Teazel Seed—Per lb., 25c; 10 lbs., \$2.20.

Mixed Bird Seed—Per lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 70c.

MISCELLANEOUS—TREE SEEDS

Laburnum, or Golden Chain—Per pkt., 5c; oz., 10c.

Maple (Acer mae rophillum)—The British Columbia broad-leaved. Per oz., 10c; lb., \$1.00.

Douglas Fir or Spruce—Our native evergreen balsam. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; lb., \$2.25.

Thuja Gigantea—Per pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; lb., \$3.00.

Acer Rubrum—Our native red-leaved maple. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; lb., \$1.50.

Esculent Roots and Plants

Artichoke Tubers—This variety is not produced from seed, but is cultivated for its tubers, which are especially valuable for stock feeding, on account of their fattening properties; they are well adapted to any soil where corn and potatoes can be grown. They are the best hog food known; a preventative of cholera and other hog diseases. Two bushels of tubers are sufficient to seed one acre; cut to one eye, the same as potatoes, planting in April or May, in rows three feet apart and two feet in the rows, and cover about two inches deep.

Red Jerusalem—One pound, by mail, 20c; 100 lbs., by freight or express, \$4.50.

Asparagus, Columbian Mammoth White Palmetto Conover's Colossal—One-year-olds, by mail—100, \$1.10; by express, 75c per 100; per 1000, \$6.00. Two-year-olds, by express, \$1.50 per 100; 1000, \$10.00.

Yellow Onion Sets—These will produce handsome, well-ripened bulbs of large size quite early in the summer. Per lb., 20c if by mail; by express or freight, 25c per lb.

Shallots or Potato Onion Sets—Valuable for bunching or an early crop. The smallest sets make fine bulbs of good size, while the larger ones produce a cluster of small to medium-sized bulbs. Light brown skin. It is the earliest, most vigorous in growth, and easiest to cultivate of all onions from sets. Per lb., 25c, postpaid.

We are the Largest Importers of Seeds and Bulbs on the Coast

Egyptian, or Perennial Tree Onion — When once set out, without having the slightest winter protection, it will come up year after year as soon as the frost breaks ground and will grow very rapidly. The bottoms divide, making several irregular-shaped onions that are sweet and tender. The young sets grow on top of the stalks, and can be planted in the fall. Price, same as above.

Chives—10c; 3 bunches, 25c, postpaid.

Garlic—Plants set in drill 8 inches apart and 4 inches in the row. Cultivate like onions. When the tops are dry they are ready to gather. Per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 10c; lb., 25c; postpaid, 30c.

Horseradish—Roots cut, 25c per doz.; 75c per 100.

Rhubarb (or Pie-Plant)—This deserves to be ranked among the best early products of the garden. It affords the earliest material for fine pies and fresh table sauce, continues long in use, and is valuable for canning. Make the ground rich and deep, and thus secure a more tender growth.

Myatt's Linnaeus—(St. Martin's Strawberry) Large, early, tender and fine; stalks pink. The very best of all. Single crown roots, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.; \$5.00 per 100; if by mail, add 25c per doz. Two-year-old roots, two or three crowns, 15c to 25c each, according to size.

Herbs—Catmint, Cooking Mint, Pepper Mint, Lemon Mint, Variegated Pineapple Mint, Sage, Thyme, Lemon Thyme, Balm, Lavender, Rosemary, Parsley, Tansy and Wormwood. Large clumps, 25c; second size, 10c.

SEED POTATOES

Prices of Potatoes variable.

Early Ohio—My favorite for early use; equally good for winter. One lb., by mail, 10c; 15 lbs., by freight or express, 50c; 100-lb. sack, \$3.00.

Early Rose—Another old-established favorite, a few days later than the Ohio. Same price.

Rochester Rose—Similar to above; same price. Write for prices in large quantities.

Gold Coin—After several years of trial, we find it a very profitable sort on loose soils; not so desirable on heavy or clay soils. Tubers white, large, slightly irregular, and run a very small percentage of small size tubers. Crops under ordinary cultivation have run as high as 300 bushels to the acre. Per 100, \$3.50.

VEGETABLE PLANTS

We grow large quantities of vegetable plants, and can supply all the kinds listed below, in their proper season, in most any quantity. We have made arrangements this year so that we can supply all vegetable plants in two grades, plants, direct from the seed beds, and those that have been transplanted into shallow boxes.

Transplanted plants are much stronger and better rooted, and are well worth the price, especially in the early part of the season. We can supply most any of the leading sorts, but reserve the right to substitute varieties if necessary. No plants sent C. O. D. Write for prices in large quantities.

Celery—Leading kinds, transplanted, per doz., postpaid, 25c; by express, 100, \$1.00, 1,000, \$7.00. Not transplanted, by express, 100, 50c; 1,000, \$6.00.

Cabbage—Early or late kinds, transplanted, per doz., postpaid, 20c; by express, 100, 75c; 1,000, \$7.00. Not transplanted, by express, 100, 50c; 1,000, \$5.00. Add 25c per 100 for cabbage plants by mail.

Cauliflower—Early Snowball, transplanted, per doz., postpaid, 30c; by express, 100, \$1.25; 1,000, \$8.00. Not transplanted, by express, 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$7.00. Late kinds, transplanted, per doz., postpaid, 30c; by express, 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$7.00. Late kinds, not transplanted, by express, 100, 75c; 1,000, \$6.00. Add 25c per 100 for plants sent by mail.

Tomatoes—Leading kinds, transplanted, per doz., postpaid, 25c; by express, 100, \$1.00; 1,000, \$10.00. Not transplanted, by express, 100, 75c; 1,000, \$7.00.

Special Rates to Market Gardeners and Large Buyers.

Lawn Seeds.

HOW TO MAKE A LAWN—Nothing seems to give as much satisfaction and appears as pleasing to the eye as the rich, dark green velvety lawn one sees about the country, and which can be easily secured with very little expense, and but very little exertion, if the following instructions be observed. In the first place, see that your plot is well drained and prepared, by having the ground thoroughly plowed, then harrowed until the surface is completely pulverized. Put on about half a ton of ground bone to the acre, and harrow this in before sowing the seed. When the seed has been sown, a light harrow should be applied (or light raking in will answer) in order to protect the seed from the wind and the birds. Then make the surface smooth and even with a roller. When the grass is well grown, cut it frequently; the oftener you mow the finer and softer your grass will be. For small plots follow the directions above, using a rake instead of a harrow, and if more convenient the back of a spade can be used to press down the surface instead of it being rolled. Lawn seed may be sown any time during the summer or fall, but advise sowing in the spring. The quantity of grass seed used varies according to the mixture.

Lawn Grass, Velvet Sod Mixture—Composed of a variety of fine, dwarf, close-growing grasses, which, on properly prepared, finely pulverized ground, will produce a neat, velvety lawn and permanent sod. One pound by mail, 50c; subject to market changes.

Kentucky Blue Grass (*Poa pratensis*) — It thrives on a variety of soils, but does best in dry and somewhat shady locations; very valuable, as it stands the hottest summers. Sow 4 bushels to the acre. 1 lb., 40c; 100 lbs., market price.

Farm and Field Seeds.

The prices quoted are subject to market fluctuations. Quotations on large quantities given on application.

BUCKWHEAT

Add 5c per lb. if wanted sent by mail.

Buckwheat should be sown broadcast, about the middle of June, at the rate of from 30 to 45 pounds to the acre. It should be threshed as soon as dry. If allowed to stand in mass, it quickly gathers moisture.

Ask us for prices on Timothy, Clover, Alfalfa, Alsike, etc.

Common—1 lb., 50; 100 lbs., \$4.00.

Japanese—This variety excels all others. Will yield much heavier than any other, and it ripens one week to ten days earlier, stands up better and makes better flour than any other kind of Buckwheat. 1 lb., 5c; 100 lbs., \$4.50.

Silver-Hull—This improved variety is much better than the old sort. It is in bloom longer, matures sooner and yields heavier per acre. The grain is a beautiful light gray color. 1 lb., 5c; 100 lbs., \$3.50.
Buckwheat makes splendid bee pasture.

CLOVER

If by mail, add 5c per lb.

Alfalfa or Lucerne (*Medicago sativa*)—One of the most valuable of clovers. It resists the driest weather, and when every blade of grass droops for want of moisture it holds up fresh and green. It is the best variety to use on lands that have to be irrigated. Sow 15 lbs. to the acre. 1 lb., 30c; 100 lbs., market price.

Alsike or Swedish (*Trifolium hybridum*)—This valuable variety is the hardiest of all the clovers; it is sometimes called Giant White Clover. It is a perennial, therefore adapted for permanent pastures or for hay crops. Its superior pasturage is much liked by cattle. Blossom head round, flesh-colored, sweet and fragrant; much liked by bees. Sow 10 pounds to the acre. 1 lb. 30c; 100 lbs., market price.

Red Clover (*Trifolium pratense*)—The leading variety for pastures and meadows. The seed offered is recleaned and free from weeds. Sow 12 pounds to the acre. 1 lb., 30c; 100 lbs., market price.

White Dutch Clover (*Trifolium Repens*)—A small variety, having a white blossom. Of a vining nature, spreading rapidly. Superior for pasture, and unsurpassed for the production of honey. It also makes a beautiful lawn when mixed with Blue Grass. Choice Seed, per lb., postpaid, 55c. Fancy Seed, per lb., market price.

Crimson or Scarlet Clover (*Trifolium Incarnatum*)—Highly commended for pasture and fertilizing purposes. It is a thrifty annual, growing from 20 to 30 inches high. It germinates quickly, grows rapidly and stools abundantly. Cut for hay when in full bloom. Per lb., postpaid, 30c.

Bokhara, Sweet or Honey Clover (*Melilotus Alba*)—A rapid growing, white-flowered sort; excellent for bees. Sow 10 pounds per acre. Per lb., postpaid, 50c.

Crested Dogs Tail (*Cynosurus Cristatus*)—A perennial grass with short, narrow leaves; valuable for lawns or pastures on dry, light land. Per lb., postpaid, 60c.

Creeping Bent Grass (*Agrostis Stolonifera*)—Well adapted for sandy pastures, near the coast, and good for pasture on low lands. If sown alone, use 25 pounds per acre. Excellent for lawns. Use 12 to 15 pounds per 50-foot lot. Per lb., postpaid, 50c.

Fine Leaved Fescue (*Festuca Tenuifolia*)—An excellent grass for lawns; dark evergreen; much admired. Per lb., 60c; by mail, 65c.

GRASS AND FODDER SEEDS

Canada Blue Grass (*Poa compressa*)—Differs from the Kentucky variety in its flattened, wirey stems. Because of its creeping root stocks it forms a fine turf. It is recommended in all pasture mixtures on dry soils,

thrives well on clay or hard trodden and poor soil. Sow 3 to 4 bushels to the acre. 1 lb., 25c; 100 lbs., market price.

Timothy (*Phleum pratense*)—As a grass to cut for hay this is unsurpassed. It does best on moist, loamy soils, and is not suited to light lands. Sow quarter of a bushel to the acre. 1 lb., 30c; 100 lbs., market price. Ask prices.

Red Top (*Agrostis vulgaris*)—A valuable native permanent grass, growing in almost any soil, moist or dry, and standing well our dry summers. Suitable also for lawns. Sow 2 bushels to the acre. 1 lb., 25c; 100 lbs., market price.

Orchard Grass (*Dactylis Glomerata*)—One of the most valuable of all the cultivated grasses, blooming with Red Clover, and making with it admirable hay. As a pasture grass it is more productive than any other, and does best under close feeding. Per lb., postpaid, 30c; 100 lbs., \$20.00; fancy imported, \$21.00.

English Rye Grass (*Lolium Perenne*)—A strong growing, hardy perennial grass, noted for its nutritive qualities. Is equally valuable for both grazing and hay. For lawns this is used and recommended by many gardeners. If sown thickly it makes a fine lawn, and for large grounds and parks it is very successful. Per lb., postpaid, 25c; 100 lbs., market prices.

Awnless Brome Grass (*Bromus Inermis*)—This Bromus, on account of its strong perennial character, and its unusual drouth resisting powers, is the best grass we have for the semi-arid regions of the northwest. It will stand the longest drouth. It grows luxuriantly, is freely eaten in either the dry or green state by cattle, and yields enormously, making the best of hay for horses or cattle. It is a perennial and yields from 4 to 6 tons to the acre. Per lb., postpaid, 30c; 100 lbs., market prices.

Sheep's Fescue (*Festuca Ovina*)—Grows freely in high, dry and open pastures. Its chief merit is for sheep pasture. Thirty-five pounds to the acre. Per lb., postpaid, 40c.

BROOM CORN

Broom Corn—Improved Evergreen. An improvement on the common Evergreen. Does not grow as tall as the old variety. The brush is fine and of light green tint. Per pound, postpaid, 35c; 10 lbs., 100 lbs., market price.

LENTILS

Lentils—Succeed best in dry, sandy soil. A leguminous annual, the seeds of which are valuable for pigeons and are largely used for soups. The leafy stalks make good forage. Per lb., postpaid, 25c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

RYE—For Seed.

Planted extensively in both spring and fall. Spring or Fall, per lb., postpaid, 15c; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

GRAY WINTER OATS

A variety planted almost entirely in the fall. Well and favorably known. Recleaned seed, 100 lbs., \$3.00.

WHITE SEED OATS

I always aim to have a selected, recleaned stock of good White Seed Oats. Can sell them at about market price for No. 1 Seed. When ready to buy, write us for prices,

We are headquarters for Bee Supplies on the Coast

stating quantity wanted, or order at \$2.50 per 100, \$40.00 per ton, which is average selling price. We will always send your money's worth whether it be more or less.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH

Best Forage Plant for Arid Soils—This is a most wonderful forage plant, as it will grow freely in arid and alkali lands that will produce no other vegetation, yielding a marvellously liberal foliage which is eagerly eaten by all kinds of stock. It is of creeping habit. It has been proved that after three or four crops have been grown on alkali land that the soil is then capable of producing any other vegetation. This plant has been very extensively tried at the California Experimental Station, where single plants, grown on the poorest alkali ground, have reached a diameter of 16 feet in one season. One pound of seed will plant an acre if evenly scattered over the surface. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.80, postpaid. Special price in quantity.

WILD RICE (*Zizania Aquatica*)

For Planting in Duck Ponds—A valuable forage plant; also furnishes food for wild fowl, ducks, geese, etc. Seed can be sown on the borders of lakes, ponds and small streams and grows very rapidly in one to four feet of water, attracting all of these wild birds from September on. It also purifies the water and affords a refuge for the small fry from the large fish. Per lb., postpaid, 35c; 10 lbs., \$2.50; by express, 100 lbs., \$20.

To plant it, take half seed and half mud, mix together and make in a ball, throw it out in the water where it will sink in 2 to 4 feet, on a clay or loamy bottom.

KAFFIR CORN

An excellent fodder plant, yielding a large crop of fodder during a season. Grows four to five feet high; upright stalk, with numerous large leaves. Greatly relished by cattle and horses. The seed crop is also heavy, sometimes yielding 60 bushels to the acre. It does best sown in drills three feet apart, using 6 to 8 pounds of seed per acre. Per lb., postpaid, 25c; 100 lbs., market price.

FIELD PEAS

Field Peas are a very profitable crop and are grown here very extensively. They can be grown alone or with oats. When planted with grain and cut green they make a large amount of very rich feed; also very valuable for enriching the soil if plowed under. The dry peas make excellent hog feed, and are quite fattening. Sow, if alone, 120 lbs. to the acre; if with other grain, 60 lbs.

White Canadian—A leading kind; seed almost white; a heavy cropper. Per lb., postpaid, 15c; 100 lbs., market price.

FLAX SEED

Re-cleaned for planting. Per lb., postpaid, 20c; 100 lbs., \$5.00.

MILLETS

German, or Golden—An improved variety, yielding a larger crop of seed than the Common Millet. It is also taller than the Common, and yields a heavier crop of hay. Per lb., postpaid, 20c; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Hungarian—A dwarf annual Millet. It is finer than the Common German Millets, but produces a closer stand and yields almost as much per acre as the taller varieties. Superior for hay. Per lb., postpaid, 20c; 100 lbs., \$5.00.

PENCILLARIA ZEAOIDES

Pencillaria Zeaoides—An unusual plant having long broad foliage, and if allowed to develop fully attaining a height of from 10 to 12 feet and bearing numerous heads from 18 to 20 inches in length, and one inch in diameter, completely covered by thousands of seeds, much relished by poultry. It is of rapid growth, throwing out from one plant numerous suckers and if cut as soon as it reaches the height of two or three feet, it can be mowed from four to six times, according to the latitude, and yields several tons of dry hay per acre. If allowed to grow six or seven feet high, and cut when the flower heads begin to develop, it will yield the heaviest fodder crop per acre of any plant now in cultivation. Price, oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; lb., 60c, postpaid. By express, 1 lb., 50c; 10 lbs., \$4.50.

RAPE

Dwarf Essex—Imported seed. One of the best forage plants, on account of the large amount of green feed it will produce at a season of the year when everything else is dried up. Very valuable for ploughing under as green manure. Sheep or lambs can be turned into it within six to eight weeks after sowing. Prepare the ground as for turnips, and sow any time from May to September; or plant it with grain. Sow, per acre, four pounds, in drills; or, if broadcast, eight pounds. Per lb., postpaid, 25c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$8.00.

ITALIAN RYE GRASS (*Lolium Italicum*)

A quick growing grass, attaining a height of 2½ to 4 feet; very desirable for meadows or permanent pastures. Thrives best on soils that are slightly moist, and will even stand considerable overflow. Grows easily and bears an abundance of foliage that makes the best and sweetest hay imaginable. Sow in the fall or spring, at the rate of 20 pounds per acre. Per lb., postpaid, 25c; 100 lbs., market price.

SPELTZ

A hay and grain crop in one. The greatest new grain introduced in years. Try it. You will find it a very profitable crop. A comparatively new grain of great value. It yields from 50 to 100 bushels of rich grain per acre, and makes four to six tons of good hay. It will grow well and produce immense crops on poor soil. Dry weather seems to have no bad effect on it. After the grain is threshed out the straw makes good hay, as it contains an oily substance which makes it very fattening and much relished by all kinds of stock. The grain has a hull something like barley. The great secret of Speltz is its superior stooing qualities, its strength to resist drought and the elements, and its rich food and hay value. Sow in the spring, the same as wheat, at the rate of 75 to 100 pounds to the acre. Cut when the grain is past the middle stages of milk, when it will make splendid grain and lots of rich straw hay. Thresh like wheat, only not so closely. The hull and kernel can be fed whole, rolled like barley, or ground. Price, per lb., 20c; 6 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$6.00.

Every Gardening Requisite kept in stock

VETCHES, OR TARES (*Vicia Sativa*)

One of the best forage plants that can be grown on the Pacific Coast. Often called Fall Vetches. This is a species of the pea. It furnishes an abundance of excellent feed, either green or dried. The seed should be mixed with an equal weight of some variety of wheat, oats, or rye, having a stiff straw, and the mixture sown at the rate of two bushels per acre. Weight, 70 pounds per bushel. Sow in the fall or early spring. Per lb., postpaid, **15c**; 100 lbs., market price.

NOTE—In ordering Vetches, be careful to are both sown in the fall or winter.

VETCHES—Sand or Winter (*Vicia Villosa*)

This variety thrives on poor, arid, sandy soils. It is sown either in the fall or spring, and is generally mixed with rye, which serves to support the plants. It grows to a height of three or four feet, and can be cut twice; first, as soon as the bloom appears, and afterward for seed. The plant is perfectly hardy and makes a very nutritious food. Per lb., postpaid, **25c**; 100 lbs., **\$15.00**.

state plainly which variety you want, as they

POPULAR FLOWERING SEEDS.

Varieties Most Suitable for Our Climate.

ACROCLINIUM (Everlasting Flower)

Elegant, annual, everlasting; producing beautiful daisy-like flowers, resembling the Rhodanthe. Fine for winter bouquets. Gather when partially opened, and dry in the shade. Height, ten to fifteen inches.

Mixed—All colors. Pkt., 5c.

ABRONIA UMBELLATA

Handsome trailing annual for edging, pretty pale rose flowers, similar to Verbenas. Per pkt., 5c.

AGROSTEMMA

Coronaria Atrosanguinea—Dark blood red. A beautiful annual suitable for borders, one foot high. Pkt., 5c.

Fine Mixed—Per pkt., 5c.

AGERATUM

Mexicanum—Light blue; pkt., 5c. White and Blue. Pkt., 5c.

Imperial Dwarf White—Pkt., 5c.

Fine Mixed—All colors. Pkt., 5c.

ALYSSUM

Of easiest culture, and its fragrant flowers are produced all summer.

Benthami Maritimum—Sweet white. Pkt., 5c.

Benthami Compactum Erectum (Little Gem) Pkt., 5c.

Benthami Procumbens (Dwarf Carpet)—Extra. Pkt., 10c.

Benthami Saxatile Compactum—Golden yellow. Pkt., 5c.

AMARANTHUS (Love Lies Bleeding)

Candatus—Red. Pkt., 5c.

Cruentus (Prince's Feather)—Pkt., 5c.

Tricolor (Joseph's Coat)—Pkt., 5c.

All Sorts (Mixed)—Pkt., 5c.

ASPERULA

Azurea setosa—Clusters of sweet-scented blue flowers. Per pkt., 5c.

ASPARAGUS

Sprengeri (Emerald Feather)—The best to grow for suspended baskets. Fronds, four feet; grows readily from seed. Pkt., 10c.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS (Asparagus Fern)

One of the prettiest house plants. The leaves are bright green, gracefully arched, surpassing Maidenhair Ferns in grace, delicacy of texture and richness of color. Pkt., **25c**; 25 seeds, **50c**.

ASTERS

Chrysanthemum Flowered—Half dwarfed; of compact growth; flowers large, abundant and later than many sorts. White, scarlet, lilac, rose or mixed. Pkt., **10c**.

Dwarf Chrysanthemum—Late and valuable for succession; one foot. Mixed.

Dwarf Pyramidal Bouquet—A fine variety for edging; six distinct colors, mixed.

Extra Choice Mixed Dwarf—The finest double varieties. Pkt., **10c**.

Ostrich Feather—Plants fifteen to eighteen inches high, and of strong branching habit, the flowers measuring four to five inches in diameter and borne on long stems. The petals are long, wavy and so twisted as to give an extremely beautiful effect. White and choice mixed. Pkt., **10c**.

Hohenzollern Aster—The flowers are much larger than those of the Giant Comet, and the petals are longer and more beautifully curled and twisted, and produced in much greater abundance. They quite resemble the Giant Flowering Japanese Chrysanthemums seen at the Autumn shows, and the flowers are borne on long stems, which with their beautifully curled petals makes them cut flowers par excellence. White, pink, delicate rose, azure blue, light blue, mixed. Per pkt., **10c**.

Giant Comet—A handsome new and very distinct Aster, resembling the Japanese Chrysanthemum in shape; the petals are very long and beautifully curled, are of a lovely delicate pink, bordered with white, bright pink, light blue and other colors. White, rose, crimson, dark blue, mixed. Pkt., **10c**.

New "Crego Giant" Aster—The "Giant Crego" is distinct in every way, and its magnificent flowers, often six inches in diameter; are fully equal to chrysanthemums. They have rare beauty of form and brilliant coloring, are very vigorous and free flowering; blooms are borne on long stems. White, shell-pink, rose, violet. Pkt., **15c**; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., **\$1.00**.

We make a specialty in Nasturtiums. Look them over

Queen of the Market—Blooms three weeks earlier than other Asters; of branching habit, excellent for growing under glass; one foot. Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Improved Victoria—Large and free flowering plants; very robust, handsome and compact; twenty inches. White, light blue, mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Vick's Branching Late White—Special selection; much improved for doubleness, the best for late cutting. Pkt., 10c. Pink—Pkt., 10c.

Chinensis (Single-Flowered)—In large diversity of colors; finest mixed; very useful for cutting; extra. Pkt., 5c.

Giant Branching Comet—The plants form strong, robust bushes about two feet high, bearing profusely on long, strong stems, handsome Chrysanthemum-like flowers, many being over six inches in diameter. The flowers have none of the stiffness usual to most Asters, making them particularly desirable as cut flowers. They come into flower from two to three weeks later than most sorts, filling the gap between the general run of Asters and Chrysanthemums. Light blue, crimson, mixed. Pkt., 10c.

ANTIREHINUM

Snap Dragon—Fine mixed. Pkt., 5c.

ARABIS (Rock Cress)

Remarkably early-flowering dwarf plants for rockeries, flower beds, edgings, etc. Continuously in bloom from early spring until frost sets in; height, nine inches; hardy perennial.

Alpina—Per pkt., 5c.

AURICULA (or Primula Auricula)

Beautiful, spring-blooming flowers; hardy, perennial.

Finest Mixed—Pkt., 25c.

BEGONIA

New Hybrid—Mixed. Large flowering and perpetual blooming mixture of the newest and best named. Pkt., 25c.

Vernon—Flowers deep red, set of fby bronze-purple foliage. Pkt., 10c.

BRACHYCOME

Iberidifolia—The Swan River Daisy. Very pretty small Cineraria-like flowers of a light blue color. Height, one foot. Per pkt., 5c.

BALSAM

Exceedingly handsome plants, producing masses of attractive and various colored flowers. Half hardy annual.

Camelia Flowered—Double, mixed colors. Per pkt., 5c.

CALLIOPSIS

Finest mixed. Pkt., 5c.

CORRESOPSIS LANCEOLATA

Golden Correopsis—One of the finest hardy plants; large, showy, bright golden-yellow flowers, freely produced on long stalks from June till frost; hardy perennial; three feet. Pkt., 10c.

CANARY CREEPER (or Canary Bird Flower)

A well known, pretty, favorite, creeping annual, with bright yellow flowers shaped like a bird with partly extended wings, running up to eight or more feet in height, in light, rich soil; it may be treated as a hardy or half-hardy annual. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 30c.

CANDYTUFT

Hardy annual or perennial, yielding an abundance of fragrant flowers throughout the whole season in almost any soil or situation; it is a well known favorite for beds, edgings, pots, borders, etc., deserving to be cultivated in every garden.

Empress—One of the finest varieties in cultivation. It is intermediate in height between the old Rocket and the newer Tom Thumb sorts. The plant is of a very branching habit, and when fully grown and covered with its large trusses of pure white flowers resembles a floral candelabra. Do not sow too thickly. Per pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c; ½ oz., 30c;

Giant Hyacinth-Flowered—Most desirable for cut flower purposes, producing a very large, elongated head of quite large pure white florets. The immense broad heads frequently measure six inches in length. It is an improved selection of the Giant Empress. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Tom Thumb—Of dwarf growth. Pure white. Pkt., 5c.

Mixed, all colors. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

CANNA

Crozy's Dwarf—This distinct class of dwarf, compact habit, produces flowers similar to the Gladiolus, but excelling them in brilliancy, marking and variety of colors, embracing all shades. They are valuable for groups, solitary plants, and for house decoration. They will bloom the first year from seed. Per pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c.

Indica—Dark Leaf. Pkt., 10c.

CANTERBURY BELLS

Very ornamental garden plants of the easiest culture; hardy biennial, two and a half feet high, producing large, nodding and charming bell-shaped flowers of many exquisite shades.

Campanula (Medium)—Single. Blue, white, rose or mixed. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c.

CAMPANULA SPECULUM

Venus Looking Glass. Pkt., 5c.

CARDIOSPERNUM

Balloon Vine (Love in a Puff)—A rapid growing, handsome climber; small white flowers; seed vessels resemble small balloons; ten to fifteen feet high. Per pkt., 5c.

CARDUUS MARIANUS

Ornamental Thistle. Pkt., 5c.

CARNATIONS

Universally admired, deliciously fragrant. Unsurpassed for richness and delicacy of form and color.

Extra Choice—Double mixed. Pkt., 20c; ½ oz., 75c.

Margaret—Mixed. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c.

Chaband's Everblooming—Raised by a famous French specialist. Blooms in five months after being sown, and continues to flower in the greatest profusion. Mixed colors, 25c.

Remontant Perpetual Flowering (or Tree)—Flowering almost constantly during the season, and in winter if kept indoors. Seeds from extra choice double flowers. Per pkt., 25c.

Grenadin—King of the Blacks. Pkt., 25c.

Choice Bedding and Pot Plants ready in early Spring

CENTAUREA (Cornflower)

The Blue Bottle, or Bachelors Button, is one of the most attractive of all hardy annuals, with the graceful beauty of its old-fashioned flowers.

Cyanus (Mixed)—Including dark and light blue, pink, rose, white, etc. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Kaiser Wilhelm—Of a rich deep blue color. Pkt., 5c.

Centaurea Odorata—Mixed colors; very fragrant. Pkt., 10c.

Cyanus Nana Compacta (Victoria)—Blue; extra dwarf. Pkt., 10c.

Imperialis (Royal Sweet Sultan)—Plants of bushy growth, three feet in height, covered with large, long-stemmed double flowers, which are delightfully fragrant. White. Per pkt., 10c.

WHITE-LEAVED CENTAUREAS (Dusty Millers)

Fine for bedding, vases, hanging baskets and pots; also extensively used for borders. Sow the seed from December to April.

Gymnocarpa—Fine cut silver-grey foliage; one and one-half feet. Per 1,000 seeds, 50c; pkt., 10c.

Candidissima—Silvery white, leaves broadly cut. Per 1,000 seeds, 50c; pkt., 10c.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Very showy, effective and desirable as summer flowering plants. Hardy annuals.

Coronarum—Summer. Finest mixed; double. Pkt., 5c.

Leucanthemum—Ox-Eye Daisy. Pkt., 5c.

Hybridum—Shasta Daisy. A perfectly hardy, large, free-flowering white Daisy that with us in the past year has been grand. With good soil and plenty of water in dry season they will give flowers of three and four inches in diameter. Blooms continually from middle of July until late in fall after frosts. Pkt., 5c.

Chrysanthemum Frutescens (Marguerite)—White Paris Daisy. Pkt., 5c.

Inodorum Plenissimum—A hardy perennial. Beautiful double white flowers. Pkt., 5c.

CINERARIA

Magnificent and indispensable flowering plants for the window garden. The flowers are of white, blue, violet and crimson shades, covering the plant with a sheet of bloom.

Hybrida Grandiflora—Prize mixed. Extra choice. Pkt., 50c.

Maritima Bedding (White-Leaved Sorts)—A hardy perennial extensively used for bedding purposes on account of the silvery, finely-fringed foliage. Pkt., 5c.

Maritima Candidissima—White-leaved. Per pkt., 5c.

CLARKIA

Of branching growth and easy culture; very showy and profuse flowering.

Elegans—Fine mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Pulchella—Single and double. Pkt., 5c.

COBAEA SCANDENS

A handsome, rapid-growing, climbing plant, having large bell-shaped flowers, beautiful foliage and peculiarly delicate and curious tendrils. $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 20c; pkt., 10c.

Rhododendrons the finest on the Coast

CELOSIA

Cristata (Cockscomb)—Splendid half-hardy annuals, generally known. To grow them to perfection they should be planted in the richest compost, in a sheltered position. Finest mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Plumosa (Feathered or Ostrich Plume)—This feathered Celosia produces very large plumes which are exquisitely curved and curled in exact resemblance of an ostrich feather. The handsome pyramidal form. Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

COLEUS

Probably the best known and most popular of ornamental foliage plants. Leaves of all shades and colors. Tender perennial.

Finest Hybrid Mixed—Pkt., 25c.

COLUMBINE (Aquilegia)

Commonly known as the Honeysuckle. Produces handsome flowers of unique form and many bright and attractive colors. Hardy perennial.

Mixed—Best double or single varieties. Per pkt., 5c.

COSMOS

Early Flowering Mixed—Seed sown in the open ground in the beginning of May will produce blooming plants in August, and they will continue to flower until late in fall. We know of no single flower that is as handsome and chaste as the Cosmos, while for keeping qualities, when cut, they are unexcelled. Pkt., 10c; 3 for 25c.

DATURA (Trumpet Flower)

This genus forms part of our best showy plants, both with respect to flower and foliage; flowers are trumpet-shaped, almost six inches in length, and are very fragrant. They are hardy annuals.

Fastuosa Huberiana—Mixed from large double flowers of various colors. Pkt., 5c.

DOLICHOS (Egyptian Hyacinth Bean)

A class of useful climbers, producing pretty flowers and ornamental seed pods. Hardy annual.

Lablab—Blue and white, mixed; ten feet. Per Pkt., 5c.

DELPHINIUM (Perennial Larkspur)

Hybridum—Choice mixed; best varieties. Per pkt., 5c.

Formosum—Two feet high; flowers in large spikes of exquisite blue and white. Pkt., 5c.

DIGITALIS (Fox Glove)

A tall, growing biennial, with large leaves, and spikes of vari-colored and spotted flowers. A magnificent plant. Fine for borders or background. Easily grown.

Fine Mixed—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 15c.

DIANTHUS (Pinks)

A magnificent genus, combining some of the most popular flowers in cultivation, producing a great variety of brilliant colors and profusion of bloom. The hardy biennials and Japanese varieties bloom the first season, the same as hardy annuals; height, one foot. The hardy perennial varieties are very fragrant and of easy culture in the garden or greenhouse.

Heddewigi—Color varies from richest velvety crimson to delicate rose. Single mixed. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Heddewegi Giganteus—Large flowered, single mixed; extra fine garden annual. Pkt., 5c.

Chinensis, Fl. Pl.—China or Indian pink; about twelve inches high, or robust growth, extra double flowers, in great variety. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c.

Chinensis—Single flowered, in finest colors; mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Nobilis (Royal Pinks)—The large, open single flowers measure three to four inches in diameter, and are remarkable for the varied range of extremely bright colorings, coming chiefly in rich shades of red, carmine and deep rose. The plants are quite hardy in well-drained soil, and will produce larger and finer flowers the second year. Pkt., 10c.

DIMORPHOTHECA AURANTIACA

A rare and extremely showy annual Daisy from South Africa introduced last year, and which seems to suit our climatic conditions perfectly, and we look for it to become a permanent and popular favorite. The bushy plants grow twelve to fifteen inches high. The flowers, which are two and one-half inches and over across, are a unique, rich, glossy orange-gold, with dark disc and halo. These glitter in the sunshine and present a magnificent sight when in full bloom. Seed may be sown in the same way as Asters or Petunias, and should have a sunny position. They bloom the greater part of the summer and fall. Pkt., 10c.

DOUBLE DAISY (Bellis Perennis)

The double German Daisy is one of the prettiest dwarf hardy perennials in cultivation. It flowers the first year from being sown; seeds from the finest double sorts.

Choicest Double Mixed—Pkt., 10c.

ECHINOCYSTIS (Wild Cucumber Vine)

Lobata—One of the quickest growing vines we know of; splendid for covering trellises, old trees, fences, etc. Pkt., 5c.

ERYNGIUM PLANUM

Fine Sky Blue (Thistle)—Pkt., 5c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy Gold Cups)

Very attractive annuals for beds, edgings or masses; profuse flowering; fine-cut, glaucous foliage; in bloom from June till frost; one foot.

Californica—Bright yellow. Per oz., 30c; per pkt., 5c.

Carminea Grandiflora—Charming, producing freely beautiful large flowers; intense carmine. Pkt., 10c.

Fine Mixed (Single)—Includes many colors. Pkt., 5c.

GAILLARDIA (Annual)

Splendid showy annuals, remarkable for the profusion, size and brilliancy of their flowers; continuing in bloom from early summer until late in fall; excellent for beds, borders or for cutting.

Picta Grandiflora—The largest flowering variety of these popular annuals; very showy; many colors mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Picta Lorenziana—The ray and disc flowers of this new variety develop into tubular funnel-shaped florets one above another. Per pkt., 5c.

GLADIOLUS

Choicest mixture. Pkt., 10c.

GODETIA

The Godetias are profuse and constant bloomers, and their delicate tints of crimson, rose and white render them very attractive. Hardy annuals.

Dwarf Varieties—Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

Duke of York—Satiny scarlet, richest color of all. Pkt., 5c.

Lady Satin Rose—Rich rose color; compact. Pkt., 5c.

White Pearl—Pure white. Pkt., 5c.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath)

The flowers are small, star-like and borne in feathery sprays, which are highly esteemed for cut-flowers, as they lend a most graceful effect when combined in bouquets with Sweet Peas. Successive plantings of seed should be made a few weeks apart to furnish a continuous supply of flowers.

Elegans—White. Pkt., 5c.

Rosea—Rose. Pkt., 5c.

Paniculata—Perennial large flowers, handsome for bouquets. Pkt., 5c.

GREVEILLEA ROBUSTA

Greveillea Robusta—Very handsome foliage; largely grown in pots for market. Pkt., 10c.

GOURDS (Ornamental)

Of rapid growth and bearing curious fruits of various sorts.

Turks' Turban—Various sorts, mixed. Per Pkt., 5c.

GYNERIUM ARGENTIUM (Pampas Grass)

Flowers the second season; not hardy. Per pkt., 5c.

HELIANTHUS (Sunflower)

Nanus, Fl. Pl.—Dwarf variety, about two and one-half feet high; flower double, rich golden yellow, five to seven inches across. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c.

Annuus, Fl. Pl.—Tall, large and very double. Pkt., 5c; oz., 30c.

Globosus Fistulosus—Flowers from twelve to fifteen inches in diameter, globular and extremely double; most effective of all annual Sunflowers. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Mammoth Russian—As the name implies, of gigantic dimensions, both of flower and stalk; seeds are used largely for chicken feed. Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 10c; lb., 25c.

HELICHRYSUM

Everlasting Flower—Mixed, double. Pkt., 5c.

HELIOTROPE

Highly recommended for fragrance and duration of bloom. Succeeds best in light, rich soils. Half-hardy perennial.

New Giant Mixed—Of robust growth, and producing heads of flowers double the size of the old sorts. Pkt., 10c.

HELLEBORUS NIGER

Christmas Rose—Pkt., 5c.

Be sure and plant some good Standard Roses

HOLLYHOCKS

One of our grandest summer and autumn flowering plants, bearing long spikes of double flowers, three to four inches across. Hardy biennials, six to eight feet high.

Charter's Extra Double—Most beautiful and true. Pkt., 15c.

Extra Choice Double Mixed—Pkt., 10c.

HUMULUS JAPONICA (Japanese Hop)

A very ornamental and extremely fast-growing climbing plant. The foliage resembles in shape that of the common hop, but has more incisions, is very dense, and in color a lively green. One of the best climbers for covering verandahs, trellises, etc. Pkt., 10c.

IPOMCEA

Rapid growing, with ornamental foliage and beautiful flowers.

Bona Nox (Good Night, or Evening Glory)—Most beautiful, large, violet. Pkt., 5c.

Coccinea (Star Ipomoea)—Dense foliage; brightest small scarlet flowers. Pkt., 5c.

Cypress Vine (Ipomoea)—A beautiful scarlet or white flowering climber. Pkt., 5c.

KOCHIA TRICHOPHYLLA (New)

Pyramidal habit, half-hardy annual; small feather-like green foliage, the small flowers turning a lovely crimson hue in September, the bushy plants resembling balls of fire. Per pkt., 10c.

LANTANA

Hybrida—Fine mixed. A rapid-growing indoor shrub, for bedding during summer; three feet; flowers in heads of yellow, pink, orange or changeable colors. Pkt., 5c.

LARKSPUR

Well known annuals of great beauty and noted for the richness of their colors, particularly in blue shades.

Double Dwarf Rocket—Finest mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

Tall Rocket—Double, mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

Double Hyacinth Flowered—One and a half feet high; very compact in growth; finest mixed. Pkt., 5c.

LINARIA

Cymbalaria—Kenilworth Ivy. Pkt., 10c.

Maroccana Hybrida—Mixed. Pkt., 10c.

LOBELIA

Delicate, low-growing annual plants of the greatest value for borders, ribbons, edgings, rock work and hanging baskets.

Gracilis—Blue, trailing; beautiful for baskets. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c.

Crystal Palace Compacta—Plant dwarf; flowers very fine and rich, deep blue; finest for bedding and edging. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

Emperor William—Fine light blue; dwarf. Per pkt., 10c.

Erinus—Barnard's Perpetual; bright blue; compact. Per pkt., 10c.

Speciosa—Crystal Palace; dark blue; trailing. Per pkt., 10c.

White Lady—White; dwarf. Per pkt., 10c.

Ramosa—Blue; tall, large flower. Pkt., 10c.

LUNARIA (Honesty)

Biennis—Violet purple. Pkt., 5c.

Alba—White. Pkt., 5c.

LUPINUS

Polyphyllus—Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

LYCHNIS (Burning Star)

Grand hardy perennials, which grow and bloom year after year, requiring no protection.

Hybrida—White, rose, vermilion, etc. Per pkt., 5c.

MARIGOLD (Tagetes)

The French and African Marigolds are valuable for their flowers in summer, and can be grown to advantage in little clumps with other plants in the front of shrubberies or in the garden border. Color of flowers, yellow, red, brown and variegated. The African varieties are the taller in growth, and produce large, self-colored blossoms. The French varieties are smaller, some of them being elegantly striped and spotted.

African—Tall or dwarf, double mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 40c.

French—Tall or dwarf, double mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 35c.

MARVEL OF PERU (Mirabilis)

The Four-o'Clock is a brilliant and showy annual. Planted in beds or masses, they present a gorgeous sight during the afternoon. Pkt., 5c.

Tom Thumb (Mixed)—Compact, dwarf, bushy plants, with golden variegated foliage and numerous brilliant flowers—yellow, deep red, and striped and blotched. Pkt., 5c.

MATHIOLA (Sweet-Scented Stock)

A charming hardy annual of dwarf growth, which begins to flower in June.

Bicornis—Light lilac-pink; very sweet. Per pkt., 5c.

MESEMBRYTHEMUM

Cordifolium—Large rosy purple flowers, good for hanging baskets; heart-shaped; variegated leaves. Pkt., 5c.

Crystallinum—Ice plants. Pkt., 5c.

MEDEOLA

Smilax (Asparagoides)—Elegant climber for pots. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 50c.

MIGNONETTE

A quick-growing annual, highly esteemed for its delicate fragrance. It grows most rapidly, and produces the largest and finest spikes of blossoms during cool, moist weather of early spring and late fall months, but will flower freely throughout the summer from seed sown early in spring. A second planting should be made about the first of August to furnish large, fine spikes of flowers during the cool fall months.

Beseda Odorata—Very fragrant. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Large-Flowering Pyramidal—Flowers large, of a reddish tint. Per oz., 25c; pkt., 5c.

Allan's Defiance—Spikes of remarkable size, from twelve to fifteen inches long; deliciously fragrant. Per ¼ oz., 25c; pkt., 10c.

Machet—Dwarf; flowers red. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c.

Golden Machet—The flower spikes have a charming golden-yellow tint. Per pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c; per oz., 75c.

Rhododendrons the finest on the Coast

MIMOSA (or Sensitive Plant)

Pudica—Very curious and interesting plant, its leaves closing if touched or shaken; annual. Pkt., 5c.

MIMULUS

Cardinalis Grandiflorus—Large flower, dark red. Pkt., 15c.

Cardinalis—Finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Quinquevulnerus Maximus Duplex—Pkt., 5c.

Cupreus—Spotted and blotched flowers of yellow ground. Pkt., 10c.

Cupreus—Finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Moschatus (or Musk Plant)—Cultivated for its rich musky odor. Should have a rich soil and ample moisture. Hardy perennial. Per pkt., 5c.

Tigrinus Nanus (or Monkey Flower)—Mixed, beautifully spotted, all colors. Pkt., 10c.

NEMOPHILA (Love's Grove)

Of neat, compact habit, blooming freely all summer. If thinned to four inches apart the plants will present a dense mass.

Pupurea—Purple marbled. Pkt., 5c.

NIGELLA DAMASCENA (Devil in the Bush)

Showy in foliage, flowers and seed pods. The flowers are surrounded by a wreath of mossy fibres.

Blue—Pkt., 5c.

Miss Jekyll—Sky-blue, extra double; splendid variety (new). Pkt., 10c.

MORNING GLORY

Well known rapid-growing climbers of the easiest cultivation. Very fine for covering arbors, trellises, porches, etc. The Minor or Dwarf varieties flower very freely and do not require support.

Convolvulus Major—Tall, choice, single mixed, all colors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Convolvulus Minor—Dwarf mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Imperial Japanese—These have very large fringed flowers in a great variety of the most exquisite colorings; handsome, variegated foliage; mixed. Pkt., 10c.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not)

Charming little hardy perennial plants, with an abundance of star-like little flowers; well adapted for small beds, hanging baskets and rockeries.

Alpine (Myosotis Alpestris)—Four inches high; delicate sky-blue. Pkt., 5c.

Victoria (New)—Dwarf; sky-blue flowers, yellow centres; fine for pots. Pkt., 10c.

Clear Blue (Dissitiflora)—One of the best of all the Forget-Me-Nots. It is of a remarkably compact growth, early flowering, true. Pkt., 25c.

NASTURTIIUM (Indian Grass)

Half-hardy annual; blooms profusely all the season; many brilliant colors, mixed.

Tall Mixed—The best for pickling seed pods, or garnishing. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.

Dwarf—Mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 75c.

HENRY'S Choice Selected Nasturtiums

TALL OR CLIMBING VARIETIES

Elegant and luxurious climbers for verandahs, trellises, etc., bearing their gorgeous flowers in profusion until killed by frost. May be used to cover unsightly railings and to trail over rough ground with fine effect. The seed pods can be gathered while green and tender for picking. Six to ten feet.

King Theodore—Crimson, dark leaved; fine. Pkt., 5c; 6 pkts., 25c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

Pearl (Moonlight)—Creamy white. Pkt., 5c; 6 pkts., 25c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

Moltke—Blue, rosy, dark leaved. Pkt. 5c; 6 pkts., 25c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 40c.

Choicest Tall—Mixed, great variety of colors. Pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; lb., \$1.00.

VARIEGATED-LEAVED VARIETIES

Queen of the Tall—Mixed; magnificent. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 20c.

IVY-LEAVED TRAILING NASTURTIUM

Distinct in both leaf and flower. The leaf has the true ivy shape, as well as the beautiful dark green metallic hue. Crimson-scarlet flowers, veined white, and having narrow petals with feather edges. Profuse bloomer. Especially graceful in vases, window and verandah boxes. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

LOBES' CLIMBING NASTURTIUMS

Tropæolum Lobbianum—The brilliance and profusion in blooming of the Lobbianum varieties render them superior for trellises, arbors and vases, etc., also for greenhouses or conservatory decoration in winter; annual; six to ten feet.

Fimbriatum (Fringed Varieties)—Very fine mixed (new). Per pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 15c; 1 oz., 25c.

Giant of Battles—Sulphur with dark red blotches. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

Queen Alexandra (Queen of the Lobb's)—Variegated leaved, blood red, marbled and mottled (new). Per pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

Lilliput (Lobb compactum)—A very fine class of nasturtium, with small flowers and small leaves, extra fine. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Madame Gunther Hybrids—For richness and variety of color these new Hybrids have no equals among Climbing Nasturtiums. Some of the most striking colors are as follows—white, shaded carmine on the edges, with deep maroon throat; golden yellow, shaded brown on edges; yellow, shaded and mottled with carmine; white, with red blotches; shrimp pink, with deep maroon throat; shrimp pink, self-color; rose, bright rose, bright yellow, orange, and a great many other shades not found in any other mixtures, all contrasting beautifully with the dark foliage which predominates in this class. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; lb., \$1.50.

We have a fine collection in Phlox

TOM THUMB, DWARF, OR BEDDING VARIETIES.

The improved varieties of the Dwarf Nasturtium are among the most popular and beautiful of our garden plants. Their neat, compact growth, colored flowers and free-blooming and long lasting qualities, together with their adaptability to almost any soil or situation, make them unsurpassed for garden decoration. One foot high.

Crystal Palace Gem—True, dark-leaved varieties in choicest colors, mixed.

Golden Leafed Varieties—Splendid mixture.

King Theodore—Intense dark brown flowers; dark leaved.

Lady Bird—Orange yellow and red spots; spotted dark leaved (new).

Pearl White—Cream color.

Vesuvius—Brilliant, fiery rose, very effective (new).

Any of the above varieties—Pkt., 5c; 6 pkts., 25c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 30c.

Lacinatum—With lacinated flowers, brilliant color effect, very fine. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 25c.

Queen of Tom Thumbs—Pale yellow, red, brown spotted, variegated leaves.

Queen of Tom Thumbs—Brilliant crimson, with white veined variegated leaved foliage; magnificent.

Queen of Tom Thumbs—Variegated leaves, choicest mixed. Above three varieties, per pkt., 10c; 3 pkts., 25c; oz., 30c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Tom Thumb—Choice mixed. Per pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

NICOTINA

Affinis—Splendid pure white Bouvardia-like flowers on long terminal tubes. It is so fragrant that a small bed will perfume the surrounding atmosphere. Per pkt., 5c. in half shadow. Pkt., 10c.

Sanderae Hybrids—A splendid type in a great variety of colors. Per pkt., 10c; 3 for 25c.

Sanderae Sanguinea—Blood-red. Per pkt., 10c; 3 for 25c.

Sylvestris (new) — Very fine, pure white flowers. Per pkt., 5c.

Sanderea (new)—Very meritorious novelty with lively purple-carmine flowers, and very abundantly flowering, and developing itself best in half shadow. Per pkt., 10c.

GENOTHERA (Evening Primrose)

Free-flowering plants of easiest culture, producing brightly-colored single flowers which open on approach of twilight. Large flowered, yellow. Per pkt., 5c.

OXALIS

Small, free-flowering plants, with clover-like leaves, thickly starred with small bright flowers from June until frost. Sown thinly in drills, it makes a fine edging for flower beds.

Tropæoloides—Reddish-brown leaves, in contrast with small bright yellow flowers. Per pkt., 5c.

Valdiviana—Bright lemon-yellow. Per pkt., 5c.

Vegetable Plants in great

PANSIES

The Pansy is a plant that we all delight to grow in plentiful supply for flowers all the year. For very early outdoor bedding the seed is sown in the fall, in a cold frame, or in rich, moist garden beds. In outdoor beds, raised a few inches above the ground, with a mulch of dry leaves and some brush to hold them in place. Pansies will often winter nicely, and bloom until midsummer, when a relay of young, vigorous plants should be ready to replace them. Spring sowing should be made early, so as to secure good flowers during the early rains. Early fall sowing gives the finest flowers.

My strains of Pansy Seed are imported direct from the best European growers, and cannot be surpassed in color and blooming qualities. The collections offered will give superb flowers in a great variety of beautiful colors.

Cassiers—Giant blotched, fine mixed. Per pkt., 15c.

Odier—Five blotched, show variety. Per pkt., 15c.

Trimardeau—Indigo. Per pkt., 15c.

Peacock—Reddish blue. Per pkt., 10c.

Fairy Queen—Bright blue, white margin. Per pkt., 10c.

Cardinal—The nearest approach to a bright red. Very showy. Per pkt., 10c.

Yellow Gem—Pure yellow. Per pkt., 10c.

White—Per pkt., 10c.

Faust (King of the Blacks)—Almost black. Per pkt., 10c.

Trimardeau Giants—These are remarkably large Pansies, which for size of flower and robust growth eclipse all other strains. Per pkt., 10c.

Bagnot—Its flowers are of enormous size and circular form; the petals are of great substance and velvety appearance, each one bearing a large, deeply colored blotch that runs out in delicate brown, not found in any other mixture. Per pkt., 25c; ¼ oz., \$1.00.

Fine Mixed—Good assortment. Per pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 40c.

Pansy Plants—See Plant Department

PASSION FLOWER

Splendid greenhouse or parlor climbers; some also for outdoors with curiously-shaped flowers, the appendages of which are supposed to represent the passion of Jesus.

Cœrulea Passiflora—For greenhouse or parlor, flowers light blue. Per pkt., 10c.

PERILLA

Ornamental half-hardy annual, deep, dark, purplish red foliage, for border or indoors.

Perilla Nakinensis—Best mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

PENTSTEMON

Fine, mixed, all colors, very fine. Per pkt., 10c.

PETUNIA HYBRIDA

Too much cannot be said in praise of the Petunia as a bedding plant. Our clear, bright summers seem to bring out its best qualities. During the whole season it is covered with large, showy blossoms, which are always bright and fresh, in spite of heat and drought. The flowers are of an almost infinite variety.

Send for prices

of colors and markings, and quite as varied in form, large and small, fringed and plain, double and single. Hardy annual. Large assortment.

Single Choicest Mixed—Seed saved from the best flowers. Per pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Nana Compacta—Extra mixed. Per pkt., 10c.

Grandiflora Fimbriata—Fringed varieties, large. Per pkt., 25c.

Inimitable—Striped and blotched, dwarf, fine, mixed. Per pkt., 10c.

Giant California—Extra select, blotched and striped, fringed and ruffled; mixed. Per pkt., 25c.

PORTULACA

In brilliancy and beauty of coloring the flowers of Portulaca are unsurpassed. The plants will thrive in almost any situation, but will bloom more profusely in a sunny location and in light sandy soil.

Finest Single Mixed—Per oz., 40c; pkt., 5c.

Double Rose-Flowered, Mixed—Per pkt., 10c.

PRIMULA

Chinensis Fimbriata—Fringed, fine mixed. Per pkt., 25c.

Veris Polyanthus—Mixed. Per pkt., 10c.

Vulgaris—Yellow English Primrose. Per pkt., 10c.

Obconica Grandiflora—One of the most useful plants grown, if sown early in spring will begin to bloom in May or June, and continue throughout the year. Mixed. Per pkt., 25c.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII

Very pretty free-flowering annuals of quick, compact growth, coming into bloom early, and when sown en masse the coloring is brilliant beyond description.

Fine Mixed—All colors of the original types of Phlox Drummondii. Per pkt., 5c., oz., 50c.

Alba Grandiflora—Pure white. Pkt., 5c; oz., 90c.

Black Warrior (Atropurpurea)—Dark red, nearly black. Pkt., 5c.

Cuspidata (Star Phlox)—With lacinated and intended petals; finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Fimbriata (Fringed Phlox)—A distinct variety, resembles the ordinary Phlox Drummondii, flower bordered white, which, with bright-eyed centre, picturesquely contrast with the magnificent velvety colors; more than 25 distinct colors; finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Nana Compacta—Extra dwarf of very compact habit, grown from selected plants; choicest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Dwarf Fire Ball—Scarlet. Pkt., 10c.

Dwarf Snow Ball—Pure white. Pkt., 10c.

POPPY (Papaver)

The Poppy is well known and really a magnificent flower which is borne separately on tall stalks. Poppies are very showy, and come in many bright and charming colors. They are hardy annuals, and may be sown where they are to remain as soon as the ground can be prepared.

Double Carnation Flowered—Fringed; colors are dazzling; mixed. Pkt., 5c; oz., 25c.

Shirley—The range of color, extending from white, through delicate shades of pink, rose

and carmine to deepest crimson; fine for cutting; best single mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Fire Dragon (Papaver Lævigatum)—Large single flowers of the most brilliant scarlet. Pkt., 5c.

Double Pæony-Flowered (Mixed)—Large double flowers of all colors. Per oz., 20c; per pkt., 5c.

HARDY PERENNIAL POPPIES

Iceland (Nudicaule)—These are of a very graceful, neat habit, with bright green, fern-like foliage, formed in tufts, from which issue slender stalks about twelve inches in height, bearing yellow, white or orange-scarlet flowers in endless profusion, and most useful for cutting; hardy perennial; mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 40c.

Iceland Hybrids—The latest development in this lovely species; colors vary from sulphur yellow to orange and chamois rose. Pkt., 20c.

Oriental Poppy—Produces numerous leafy stems, covered with deep crimson flowers, with black blotch on petals. Pkt., 10c.

Oriental Hybrids—Immense flowers six inches across, of many novel colors, such as salmon, cherry, etc. Pkt., 20c.

PYRETHRUM (Feverfew)

Yellow Foliage Sorts for Bedding.

Parthenifolium Aureum—Golden yellow dwarf, bedding plant known as **Golden Feather**. Per pkt., 10c.

Selaginoides—A beautiful variety, handsome fern-like foliage. Per pkt., 10c.

Perennial Flowering Sorts.

Single Hybrids—Large flowering, mixed. Hardy perennial, bearing large Aster-shaped flowers, ranging in color from light pink to deep red with bright yellow centres; two feet. Per pkt., 10c.

Double Hybrids—Large flowering. Colors same as single varieties; mixed; $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. Per pkt., 25c.

Capsicastrum—Bears scarlet fruits all winter. 10c.

RHODANTHE

Everlasting—For winter bouquets. Half-hardy annual.

Fine Mixed—Per pkt., 5c.

RICINUS (Castor Oil Bean)

Zanzibarensis (African Giant)—Surpasses in size and beauty all varieties known. Plants attain great dimensions; gigantic leaves. Per pkt., 10c.

SALPIGLOSSIS

Produces very showy, funnel-shaped flowers of large size. Fine for beds. Half-hardy annuals.

Fine Dwarf—Mixed. Per pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Grandiflora—Mixed. Large flowering. Per pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 35c.

Let us quote you on Fertilizers of all kinds

SALVIA (Flowering Sage)

Very ornamental; flowers borne in spikes of fiery red or crimson, and continue in bloom in open ground until after severe frosts. Start in heat and transplant into light soil, one to two feet apart. Excellent for bedding in masses or single planting. Hardy annuals.

Salvia Splendens—Brilliant scarlet. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 50c.

SCABIOSA

The Mourning Bride or "Sweet Scabious" of our old garden, but much improved in size, colors and doubleness. They are very free bloomers, the colors white, carmine, lilac, maroon, etc. Excellent for bouquets.

Tall—Double mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

Dwarf—Double mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

SILENE, OR CATCHFLY

A hardy annual, yielding for a long time a profusion of umbels of bright colored flowers. The plant is covered with glutinous moisture, to which flies adhere, hence its name.

Armeria—All colors, fine mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

Pendula—Elfride, new. Per pkt., 5c.

Pendula—Double sorts, mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

SOLANUM CAPSICASTRUM

Jerusalem Cherry—Ornamental fruit-bearing plants; can be grown outdoors and potted up in September for house use. Half-hardy annual. Per pkt., 10c.

STOCKS

New German—Mixed colors. Long time in bloom; very pretty. A large portion of this seed will produce double flowers. Per pkt., 20c.

STOCKS, TEN WEEKS

Victoria Bouquet—Per pkt., 25c.

Dresden Perpetual—Per pkt., 25c.

Intermédiaire—Fine mixed. Per pkt., 25c.

Brompton—Fine mixed. Per pkt., 25c.

Virginian—Hardy, low-growing, profuse flowering annuals, for hedges, small beds, or pot culture; red, white, and mixed. Per pkt., 5c.

SWEET PEAS

(Spencer Type)

Apple Blossom—Rose and blush waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Asta Ohn—Lavender tinted with mauve waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Aurora—White, striped salmon. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Beatrice—White tinged with pink waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Black Knight—Shining deep maroon, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Clara Curtis—Pale primrose, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Countess Spencer—Lovely shade pale pink, dark towards edges. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Dainty—White with pink picotee edge, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Enchantress—Deep pink, dark towards edge. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Flora Norton—Bright blue with tint of purple. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Evelyn Hemus—Buff ground with rose picotee edge. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Florence Morse—Light blush pink, waved. Per pkt., 10c; oz., 20c.

Helen Lewis—Standard orange wings, rosy salmon. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

John Ingman—Rosy carmine with deeper shades. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

King Edward—Rich carmine, scarlet waved, sun-proof. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Lovely—Pink and blush waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Mrs. C. W. Bredmore—Buff ground, rose picotee edge. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Mrs. Henry Bell—Rich apricot pink on cream ground. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Mrs. Rutzahn—Apricot suffused with pink, deepening towards edge. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 60c.

Othello—Rich deep maroon, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Paradise Ivory—Ivory white with tinge of buff. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Queen Victoria—Primrose, flushed rose, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Senator—Chocolate striped heliotrope. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Tennant—Purplish-mauve, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

White—Pure white, waved. Pkt., 10c; oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 75c.

Choice Mixture—Spencer Type. Pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; lb., \$1.50.

CHRISTMAS FLOWERING VARIETIES

Per pkt., 5c; per lb., 75c.

Angeleno—Self pink.

Earliest Sunbeams—Primrose.

Flamingo—Crimson.

Mrs. Wm. Simms—Salmon buff.

Mrs. Alex. Wallace—Lavender.

Mrs. George Lewis—White.

GRANDIFLORA VARIETIES

Pkt., 5c; ¼ lb., 25c; lb., 75c.

America—Bright red and white striped.

Apple Blossom—Bright pink and white shade.

Aurora—Orange rose and white striped.

Blanch Burpee—Pure white.

Blanch Ferry—Rose and white.

Captivation—Magenta.

Coccinea—Cherry Red.

Countess of Radnor—Lavender.

Emily Eckford—Rose lilac with blue.

Emily Henderson—Early white.

Be sure and plant some good Standard Roses

Firefly—Crimson and carmine.
Gorgeous—Scarlet, orange and rose.
Gray Friar—Dull white flaked with purple.
Hon. F. Bouverie—Deep pink shaded.
Hon. Mrs. Kenyon—Primrose.
Juanita—White striped lavender.
Lady Grisel Hamilton—Lavender.
Lord Nelson—Deep navy blue.
Majestic—Rose crimson.
Mrs. Eckford—Light Primrose.
Prince Edward of York—Scarlet crimson.
Salopian—Bright red.
Our Superb Mixture of Choicest Varieties — Single.
Our Superb Mixture of Choicest Varieties — Double.

DWARF SWEET PEAS

Cupid—Dwarf in plant only, the blossoms being as large as the tall kinds. They grow from four to six inches high, and are beautiful grown in pots or planted for borders. Blossoms are borne in clusters of two or three, on long stems above the foliage. Fragrant.

Mixed—Per pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; 1 lb., 85c.

DOUBLE SWEET PEAS

Double Sweet Peas are of incomparable beauty. The flowers are extra large, frequently measuring over two inches across. They have two to three standards and frequently three wings; these petals are beautifully incurved and frilled. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; lb., 85c.

PERENNIAL PEAS

Lathyrus (Everlasting Pea)—Very showy, free-flowering plants, growing in any common soil; a good climber for covering fences or walls; flowers pink; hardy perennial; mixed. Pkt., 10c.

SWEET WILLIAM (Dianthus Barbatus)

A well-known, remarkable free-flowering plant, of brilliant colors, ranging from snow-white to darkest crimson and purple. They emit a very delicate and refreshing fragrance. Hardy perennial.

Single Mixed—Very beautiful. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Double Mixed—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

THUNBERGIA (Black-Eyed Susan)

Rapid-growing annual climbers; splendid for trailing over trellises, fences, etc.; beautiful flowers borne in profusion; buff, white, orange, etc.; four to six feet high.

Mixed Colors—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

VERBENA

Very few annuals will make such a gorgeous display during the summer months, or furnish more flowers for cutting, than the Verbena. Start seed in the house or under glass early in the spring, and transplant after three or four inches of growth. They flower in July and continue strong and healthy until destroyed by frost.

Mammoth—Selected; extra large, fine; mixed. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 60c.

Auricula-Flowered Mixed—With white centres; trailer. Pkt., 10c.

Scarlet—Pkt., 10c.

Mammoth Mixed—Trailer. Pkt., 15c.

Pink—Pkt., 10c.

Coerulea—Bright blue. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Candidissima—Pure white. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

LEMON VERBENA

Lemon Verbena—Every garden should have a few plants of this fragrant favorite. Its pale green foliage goes well with any flower. Pkt., 10c.

VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle, or Old Maid)

Tender perennial. Fine for pot culture. Flowers white and pink.

Mixed—Pkt., 10c.

VIOLET

Viola Odorata is the well known English Violet, a free-flowering hardy perennial. Easily grown from seed, though somewhat slow in germinating; succeeds best in partially shaded moist places.

The Czar—Finest forcing Violet; very large; dark blue. Pkt., 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$1.00.

Odorata Blue—Very fragrant. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

Odorata White—Very fragrant. Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 50c.

VIOLA (or Tufted Pansies)

While the Pansy proper is essentially a spring flower, the Violas here offered flower throughout the entire season. Seed sown in spring produce flowering plants by June, and from then on until frost they are a sheet of bloom.

Viola Cornuta—Finest mixed. Pkt., 10c.

Purple Queen—Purple. Pkt., 15c.

WALLFLOWER (Cheranthus Cheri)

Produces spikes of beautiful, exceedingly fragrant flowers. Half-hardy perennial.

Mixed—Single, large flowering. Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Finest Double Mixed—Pkt., 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 75c.

Dresden—Early, dark large flowers; single. Pkt., 5c.

Golden King—Golden yellow, single. Pkt., 5c.

Tom Thumb Dwarf—Mixed. Pkt., 5c.

ZINNIA (Youth and Old Age)

The Double Zinnia, with its flowers large and beautifully formed, are exceedingly handsome. Few plants in the flower border are more effective, and scarcely any flower, when cut, is more suitable for table bouquets. Being of rather robust habit, it requires but moderately rich soil; the seed may be sown in the open ground or indoors, according to the time it is desired to flower; half-hardy annual.

Darwini (Pompon)—Double mixed extra; true. **Elegans**—Tall, double flowered, mixed.

Elegans Robusta Grandiflora Plenissima—Giant Zinnia, extra double, choice mixed. This variety forms a handsome bush, three feet in height, and the mammoth double flowers, measuring five to six inches across, are of most brilliant colors.

Elegans Liliput—Double small flowered dwarf finest mixed.

All the above—Pkt., 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., 25c.

Every Gardening Requisite kept in stock

Summer Flowering Bulb Department

LILIES

Lilies are among the finest of all plants. They are so chaste in purity and delicacy of coloring and perfume that few other plants can compare with them.

CULTURE—The bulbs are perfectly hardy, and can be planted in any rich garden soil; they increase in quantity, and should not be disturbed for years, as established plants bloom more freely than if taken up annually. Plant five to seven inches deep, according to size of bulb, either in fall or spring. Can be grown in pots in the house if desired.

JAPANESE LILIES

I import this line of bulbs direct from the growers, and as they are only about twenty days in transit I am able to offer them fresh and sound, and at much lower prices than eastern houses.

At single or dozen rates they will be pre-paid to any post office in Canada; 100 or 1,000 rates at purchaser's expense.

Auratum (Gold-Banded Japan Lily)—The grandest lily grown. Good-sized bulbs bear from five to twenty flowers, each flower from ten to twelve inches across, and composed of six pointed, recurved petals; pure white with golden centre stripe, and heavily dotted with brownish-crimson, velvety spots. Nine to ten inches, 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen; eleven to thirteen inches, 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

A. Platphyllum (Macranthum)—Close ally of the preceding, but larger and finer in all respects. Its flower is ten to twelve inches across, with broader petals, and especially noted for its lustrous broad leaves, which give double attractiveness. The flower is generally studded with crimson chocolate spots, like the Autumn lily. 20c each.

A. Pictum—A very choice variety, pure white, with a band through each petal, one-half of which is red and the other yellow, entire flower beautifully spotted crimson. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

A. Vittatum Rubrum—Probably the greatest lily in cultivation. Magnificent flowers, ten to twelve inches across, clear waxy-white, with a burnished crimson stripe half an inch wide through the centre of each petal, and the rest of the flower beautifully crimson spotted. Highly scented. 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen.

A. Virginale Album—Large flower, white, with yellow band at centre of each petal, and studded with white spots. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

A. Wittei—A magnificent lily, immense flowers widely expanded; color purest white, with a wide yellow stripe through the centre of each petal. Often grows six feet high; very free blooming, frequently bearing from thirty to forty flowers on a stem. 40c each; \$4.00 per dozen.

Elegans Atrossanguineum—Dark blood red, erect; 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

E. Dahuricum—Superb variety of orange-red. 25c each.

E. Flore Pleno—Double-flowering variety; very rare. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

E. Incomparable—Red, extra large flower. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

E. Semi-Pleno—Small fringed, erect petals in centre of flower; producing a semi-double effect, which are tipped with white. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Kramerii—Pale pink, sometimes pure white; very fragrant. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Brownii—A magnificent variety, with large flowers, pure white inside, purple tinted outside; stamens are of a rich chocolate color. One and a half to two feet high; June. 40c each, \$3.50 per dozen.

Batemannii—A lily growing from three to four feet high, and producing bright apricot-tinted flowers; blooms in July. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

Concolor—Small erect flowering species, lovely carmine, studded with black spots. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

Longiflorum (Easter Lily)—Pure white, trumpet-shaped, very fragrant. 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen; second size, \$1.00 per dozen.

Speciosum Rubrum—Similar to the preceding, but heavily spotted with rich crimson 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

Tigrinum Splendens (Improved Tiger Lily)—Very large, orange-salmon, spotted black. Three to five feet; August. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

OTHER HARDY LILIES

Candidum—The old pure white Garden Lily. Emblem of purity and sweetness. Should be planted in August or September. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

Orange Lily—The old-fashioned Garden Lily our grandmothers grew. 10c each.

Paralinnum (Leopard Lily)—Rich scarlet and yellow flowers, spotted with rich brown; robust and free flowering. A superb Lily, and one which will give universal satisfaction. Succeeds in all situations. 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

Lily of the Valley—This lovely flower, a favorite with everyone, is too well known to require any description. For winter blooming in the house, put six pips in a four-inch pot and cultivate same as hyacinths. By planting at intervals a succession of bloom can be maintained. The flowers last a long time and are very fragrant. Selected German Pips (for forcing and pot culture), 5c each, 40c per dozen, \$2.25 per 100.

CANNAS

No plant is more easy of cultivation, growing and flowering in almost any soil or situation from the time of planting out, in May or June, until cut down by frost in the fall. They may be lifted and put in large pots or boxes and kept in bloom during the entire winter. For beds on lawns nothing is so desirable, as their glowing colors of crimson, yellow, scarlet and orange can be seen at a great distance. The roots can be kept over from year to year like Dahlias. Dry bulbs, 10c each; per dozen, \$1.00.

GLADIOLI

These are large-flowered, double kinds, which have been favorites and are most effective when planted in clumps or beds. They should be planted from March to June in any good garden soil, from four to five inches deep, and they will give a profusion of spikes

We have a fine collection in Phlox

of brilliant flowers all the season. They should be protected from frost.

American Hybrids—This is our leading general mixture, and is composed of fine sorts in all colors, in first-size bulbs only. 30c per dozen, \$2.00 per 100; \$16.00 per 1,000.

Bride of Colvilli Alba—Pure white. The spikes are very light and graceful, and the bulbs perfectly hardy. 5c each, three for 10c.

Groff's Gold Medal Collection—This is a mixture of the cream of Groff's creations, including the new blue, lilac and heliotrope tints. So great is the diversity in color that customers run practically no risk of getting any two alike. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Groff's Hybrids—Volumes could be written on the beauty of this strain; the size and coloring of many of the sorts are truly marvelous. 5c each, 50c per dozen, \$4.50 per 100.

New Giant (Nanceanus)—A magnificent race of extraordinary size and remarkable beauty, possessing the long-lasting properties and the beautiful markings of the Lemoinei section. Mixed varieties, 5c each, 50c per dozen, \$3.50 per 100.

Lemoinei's Butterfly Hybrids Mixed—The remarkable richness of the colorings of this class rivals the finest orchids. 30c per dozen, \$2.00 per 100.

DAHLIAS

Dig and store in fall, same as potatoes. This flower seems to be naturally adapted to our British Columbia climate, and by proper cultivation and rich soil are in their glory during August, September and October. My collection now embraces fifty varieties, the cream of the different growers both in Europe and America, which have been tested on my own grounds, retaining all that I consider desirable to offer my customers. For years, wherever these beautiful flowers have been shown, my exhibit has carried off first prize.

CULTURE—Plant in well-enriched ground four feet apart, tie to stakes as they attain two or three feet in height. The best flowers will be produced if trained to one stem and buds thinned out, but this course will not produce the most flowers.

Sprouted roots will be furnished as long as stocks permit, after which orders will be filled with pot-grown plants; these will bloom just as satisfactorily as tubers, only they will be a few days later.

SUPERIOR DOUBLE SHOW AND FANCY DAHLIAS

Chas. Lanier—The largest yellow Show Dahlia to date. Very rich yellow and fine for cutting.

Grand Duke Alexis—Large, massive flowers, ivory-white, with a faint tinge of rose at the extremities of the petals.

Miss Browning—A perfectly formed flower, a canary-yellow, tipped with white.

Susan (New)—A delicate shell-pink, its remarkable free-flowering qualities are not approached by any other Dahlia of this type. 25c each, \$2.25 per dozen.

White Bedder—One of the most useful of the bedding varieties; good habit, very free-blooming, flowers good form and pure white.

CHOICE POMPON DAHLIAS

Elegante—Soft pink, tipped deep pink; reflex bright pink. 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Ideal—Clear yellow, a grand exhibition variety. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Kleine Domitea—Orange-buff, always in flower. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Snowclad—A pure white of perfect form. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

San Toy—White, tipped with Tyrian-rose. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Vivid—Rich, brilliant scarlet. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

White Aster—Fine fringed white. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

SUPERIOR DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

25c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Black Beauty—Deep velvety maroon, almost black.

Eureka—A deep rose color, of large size and fine form.

Mme. Van den Daele—A charming soft rose, with deeper markings, shading to white in the centre.

Marianna—Very dwarf, and producing an abundance of pleasing rich orange-buff flowers.

Miss Minnie McCullough—Very handsome yellow overlaid with bronze.

Perle de Lyon (New)—The most valuable white Decorative Dahlia yet introduced, and which is certain to become a leader as a cut flower; perfect in form, pure in color, and produced on long, stiff stems, and very free-flowering.

Souvenir de Gustave Doazon—A decorative variety of mammoth proportions, pure red in color.

Ruth Forbes—A grand large flower of a beautiful solferino-red; long stems, and fine as a cut flower.

Wm. Agnew—Rich, dazzling carmine-red.

Zulu—Deep maroon, with black shadings.

CACTUS DAHLIAS

25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Ami Barrilet—Rich, pure garnet, with fine dark foliage.

Aurora—Reddish apricot, suffused with flesh-pink, shading lighter towards tip of petals.

Countess of Lonsdale—A peculiar but pleasing blending of salmon-pink and amber, a color difficult to describe. This is the Dahlia for the million. Flowers freely under all conditions.

Countess of Malmesbury (New)—Delicate peach-colored pink; free flowering.

Country Girl—Base of petals golden-yellow, suffused with salmon-rose, which is deepest at the points.

Dorothy—A most delicate shade of mauve-rose, which is effectively brightened by showing the tiny white tips of the reverse of the petals; the flowers are large and of splendid form. One of the best pink Cactus varieties.

Flora—An ideal white Cactus Dahlia. A large, heavy flower, produced on stout, stiff stems, makes it valuable for cutting.

Floradora — A remarkably free-flowering; bright blood-red.

Flame—A brilliant orange-scarlet, of good Cactus form.

Fringed Twentieth Century (New)—The first of a new race; flowers of perfect form, stems straight and rigid. Early and continuous bloomer. Color brighter than original Twentieth Century.

Gabriel—Creamy white, edged with vermillion.

General Buller—Cardinal-red, each petal tipped with white.

Jack—Brilliant fiery scarlet, the base of the petals overlaid with golden-yellow. The freest-flowering Dahlia grown.

Keyne's White—A fine white of perfect shape.

Kriemhilde—A most popular cut flower variety; perfect flowers on long stems; color a brilliant pink, gradually shading to white at the centre.

Lovely—A beautiful Dahlia of medium size, of very free habit; color a delicate violet-rose, with creamy white shadings.

Mrs. George Stevenson—A bright, sparkling yellow, with large, perfectly formed flowers on long stems.

Mrs. Clinton—Ground color deep amber, gradually shading to a rosy-scarlet, with a glow and finish impossible to describe.

Prince of Yellows—A rich canary-yellow; the best yellow for cutting.

Record—Ground color pure yellow, the centre of each petal flamed and marked with pure scarlet.

Sunset—Yellow, suffused with old-gold and salmon.

NEW AND CHOICE VARIETIES IN CACTUS

40c each.

Amber Queen (New)—A bold, large flower of a rich amber, suffused with scarlet; very attractive and free-flowering.

Bruce (New)—An almost globular flower, with long, twisted petals of yellowish salmon, shading to amber in the centre.

Cardinal (New)—Very large, bright cardinal, vigorous grower, rigid stem. One of the very best dark red single Dahlias.

Daydream (New)—A pretty flower, of medium size; ground color light amber-yellow, suffused with salmon-red.

Harmony (New)—A splendid novelty, with full but gracefully formed flowers of a salmony-red color, with lighter tips and chamois-yellow centre.

Helene Steinbach (New)—A delicate shade of rosy-heliotrope; distinct, novel and pleasing.

Mauve Queen (New)—A distinct and beautiful variety; flowers freely produced, on long, stiff, wiry stems; color clear mauve, lighter towards centre.

Sequoia—A beautiful Dahlia, with long, tubular petals, which are cleft at the tips; flowers large and perfect, of a deep saffron-yellow, suffused with red.

Sensation (New)—Crimson maroon, tipped white; very attractive.

Rose Department.

In order to supply the increasing demand for Roses I have further extended my facilities for propagation, and plants are produced more extensively than ever. I annually import new varieties of apparent merit and carefully test them, retaining only such kinds as prove of value for this climate. I carry a large stock on my own grounds, and consignments arrive here regularly early in the fall.

BRIEF DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING, ETC.

(From Elwagner & Barry's Book)

Varieties to Plant—The Tea, or Ever-Blooming, bloom continually the whole season; not hardy in all localities. Hybrid Perpetuals bloom with short intervals throughout the season; flowers generally very large, double and fragrant. Moss Roses, planted in rich soil, form beautiful buds with a mossy covering. Polyantha, Baby or Fairy Roses, are little gems; they are covered with hundreds of small, double, fragrant flowers; very suitable for edging or pot culture. Climbing Roses are very beautiful, and should be planted against trellises, porches, walls, etc.

When to Plant—Tender Roses, and all such as are pot-grown, should be planted in the spring or summer in this and similar climates. The hardy sorts, if dormant, can be planted both in the fall and spring. If the situation be not too much exposed where the roses are to be set out we prefer fall planting for all hardy kinds. Dormant plants set out in the spring should be planted early, for no plant suffers more from being set out late than

does the Rose. The Tea-Scented and others that are pot-grown should not be planted until all danger of spring frosts is past. There need be no hurry for these, since Roses that have been grown in pots are sent out with the balls of earth, and, the roots not being disturbed, or only to a slight extent, the plants go right on growing. The plants should be put in friable, rich soil, and firmly pressed in with the foot, or if pot-grown plants with the hands, taking care not to bruise the roots.

Pruning—This operation is best performed during March. Most Roses do better if moderately pruned; some sorts require two-thirds of the past year's growth removed; for others, to remove one-half to one-third is sufficient. All must be more or less pruned when planted; do not neglect this. As a general rule, the more vigorous the variety the less it should be pruned. All weak or decayed wood should be entirely cut out, and also any shoots that crowd the plant and prevent free entrance of light and air. Besides spring pruning, many kinds of Hybrid Perpetuals require to be pruned as soon as their first blossoming is over, in order to induce a free display of flowers in autumn.

We are headquarters for Bee Supplies on the Coast



TWO-YEAR OLD ROSE BUSHES.

Fall and Winter Treatment—In the fall the rose-beds should have a good dressing of stable manure, or any fertilizer convenient. The winter rains will carry the strength to the roots, and the remaining matter makes a good mulch, which in many places is all the protection necessary. Where the winters are not very severe tender Roses may be covered with clean rye straw, forest leaves or evergreen branches, not too thickly, but so as to permit considerable circulation of air and not to retain water. Nothing should be used that will ferment, heat or rot. The object of covering is to break the force of sudden and violent changes, particularly in March, when the plants should be protected from the sun, rather than cold, the sudden thawing of the frozen wood doing the damage.

Abbreviations—H.P., Hybrid Perpetual, or Hybrid Remontant (the hardiest sorts); H.T., Hybrid Tea, free-flowering, and not so hardy as the H.P.; T., Tea Roses, ever-blooming, in cold sections should be protected.

VARIOUS ROSES

Extra sizes, for effect the first season; strong plants, two and three years old, 40c each, \$4.00 per dozen.

Admiral Dewey (H.T.)—Delicate daybreak bluish; clear and distinct, and very fragrant; flowers perfect in form.

Alfred Colomb (H.P.)—Bright crimson; splendid, robust grower.

American Beauty (H.T.)—Deep, rosy crimson.

Baron de Bonstittin (H.P.)—Very dark red, almost black.

Baronne de Rothschild (H.P.)—Beautiful light rose.

Belle Siebrecht (H.T.)—Fine pink.

Captain Christy (H.P.)—Delicate rose.

Celine Forestier (Noisette)—Yellow.

Dean Hole (H.T.)—Salmon-pink.

Duchess of Albany (H.T.)—Like LaFrance, but larger, deeper in color.

Duchess of Edinburgh (H.T.)—Rosy crimson.

Duchess de Brabant (T.)—Rose-pink.

General Jacqueminot (H.P.)—Glowing scarlet-crimson; superb.

General McArthur (H.T.)—Vivid crimson.

General Washington (H.P.)—Red, nice.

Gloire Lyonnaise (H.T.)—White, slightly tinged yellow.

Grace Darling (H.T.)—White, peach rose.

Improved Rainbow (H.T.)—Pink striped carmine.

John Hopper (H.P.)—Rosy crimson, centre fine.

Hugh Dickson (H.T.)—Carmine.

Killarney (H.T.)—A splendid new rose; beautiful long pointed buds and extra large double flowers; bright, rich coral pink; very fragrant and beautiful.

Lady Battersea (H.T.)—Wine color.

La France (H.T.)—Bright lilac, rosy.

Choice Bedding and Pot Plants ready in early Spring

Liberty (H.T.)—One of the finest early-flow-
ering roses; in color a warm, rich crimson-
scarlet; surpassing its rival, the well-known
Meteor, in abundance of bloom, size and
color.

Mabel Morrison (H.P.)—Pure white; a lovely
rose.

Mad. Alfred Carrier (H.T.)—Creamy white.

Mad. Gabriel Luizet (H.P.)—Pink.

Mad. Hoste (T.)—Canary yellow.

Pæonia (H.P.)—Light red.

Magna Charta (H.P.)—Bright pink, suffused
carmine, extra fine.

Mrs. John Laing (H.P.)—Soft pink.

Margaret Dickson (H.P.)—White.

Meteor (H.T.)—Dark red.

New Baby Rambler (H.P.)—Double, red.

Paul Neyron (H.P.)—Dark rose; fine, extra
large flower.

Prince Camille de Rohan (H.P.)—Crimson.

Reine Marie Henrietta (H.T.)—Red.

Souvenir de La Malmaison (H.P.)—Flesh-pink
(Bourbon).

Vick's Caprice (H.T.)—Satiny pink, striped
carmine.

Two and three-year-olds, blooming sizes, 40c
each, \$4.00 per dozen.

Gruss an Teplitz (H.T.)—Entirely hardy here
with the usual winter protection. Flowers
large, full and sweet, of a dark, rich crim-
son color, shading to velvety, fiery red. 15c
each; 2-year, 35c.

Meteor (H.T.)—Color rich velvety crimson,
very bright and striking; the flowers are
large and regular, perfectly double, and well
borne up; it is a constant and profuse
bloomer and very fragrant.

Perle des Jardins (T.)—Fine straw-yellow,
sometimes deep canary-yellow; very large
and full, and the most perfect form; one of
the finest roses grown; steps at once into
fame as the finest dwarf yellow rose we
have.

Ulrich Brunner (H.P.)—This we consider one
of the most satisfactory of all the Hybrids.
Flowers large, full and sweet; color bright
clear red; a profuse bloomer and hardy
grower.

NEW AND CHOICE ROSES

Price, each, 50c; per dozen, \$5.00, except
where noted.

Clio (H.P.)—Flesh shaded in centre rosy pink.

Countess of Gosford (H.T.)—Clear salmon-
pink, base of petals shading to saffron-yel-
low; perpetual bloomer.

J. B. Clark (H.T.)—One of the finest new
roses. Intense scarlet, shaded blackish
crimson; giant size; extra.

Frau Carl Druschki (H.P.) (Snow Queen)—
Of all the roses of recent introduction
none have created the sensation that
this one has. It is of German origin,
and a remarkably vigorous grower. Its
flowers are very large, perfect in form,
of the purest snow-white color, with large bell-
shaped petals. A very free bloomer. It
must be seen to be appreciated.

Viscountess Folkestone (H.T.)—Creamy pink.

Geo. C. Wauld (H.T.)—An Irish introduction.
Remarkably distinct and beautiful variety,
possessing shade of color hitherto unknown
among Roses—glowing orange-vermilion that
does not fade. Flowers are large, full and of
perfect form, with pointed centre and highly
tea-scented. The plant is of vigorous growth
and very free-flowering. Awarded a gold
medal by the National Rose Society of Eng-
land. Each, 75c.

Jubilee (H.P.)—Dark velvety red.

Lyon Rose (H.T.)—A beautiful shrimp-pink,
with salmon and chrome yellow shadings;
large coral red buds.

Mildred Grant (H.T.) (Al. Dickson)—Silvery
white flower, aiglet tinted of pink; very
large, full, arched centre; rigid peduncle,
solitary. Vigorous shrub.

Mrs. J. Sherman Crawford (H.P.)—Deep rosy
pink, the outer petals shaded with pale flesh;
white at base of petal. The growth is vigor-
ous; the flowers are large, full and fragrant,
of perfect, imbricated form.

Princess Louise Victoria (H.T.)—White, pink
centre.

Maman Cochet (T.)—This is one of the most
beautiful new Tea Roses we list. The color
is a deep rosy pink, inner side of the petals
silvery rose.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (H.T.)—Color a shade of In-
dian yellow, washed with salmon-rose;
large size, cup-shaped, very full and very
floriferous. Long beautiful buds, petals re-
flexed. Fine bronze foliage, very hardy and
vigorous. Each, 50c.

My Maryland (H.T.)—Beautiful bright pink,
with paler edges; delightfully fragrant; ro-
bust grower and very free-flowering; flow-
ers full and good keeper. This is the most
popular Rose novelty of the day, and best
pink of its color; specially fine for florists,
as well as being one of the grandest garden
Roses. Each, 50c.

Soleil d'Or (H.P.)—The first of a new class of
roses between the Persian Yellow and the
Hybrid Perpetual Antoine Ducher. Large
globular flowers, varying in color from gold
and orange to reddish gold shaded with nas-
turtium red.

White Maman Cochet (T.)—Immense size, ex-
quisitely fragrant.

Each, 40c; per dozen, \$4.00.

Augustine Guinoisseau (White La France)
(H.T.)—This beautiful variety, with flowers
of pure white, shading to a centre of light
rose, is a great favorite on account of its
great freedom of bloom, fragrance and large
flowers. A vigorous grower, producing a
great number of buds and flowers.

Kaiserin A. Victoria (H.T.)—Pure ivory white.

La France of '89 (H.T.)—Long, elegant buds,
approaching scarlet; of sweet fragrance; a
long and continuous bloomer; very desirable
in every way.

Madame Caroline Testout (H.T.)—Fine pink.

Papa Gontier (T.)—Dark red, changin car-
mine.

Safrano (T.)—Buff, shaded yellow.

When you want Choice Seeds, ring up Fairmont 780

HARDY CLIMBING ROSES

These make elegant plants for covering arbors, trellises, walls or porches, and any unsightly objects. Perfectly hardy and very profuse bloomers.

The following list comprises the best varieties of this class. They can readily be trained to the height of ten to twenty feet, as they grow with vigor. They bloom only in June and July, but they are then objects of great beauty.

Extra strong plants, four to six-foot canes, 75c each; strong plants, two to three-foot canes, 50c each.

American Pillar—Soft pink; large single flowers.

Baltimore Belle—Pale blush, variegated carmine, rose and white; very double flowers in beautiful clusters, the whole plant appearing a perfect mass of bloom. One of the very best.

Crimson Rambler—A Japanese rose of recent introduction, and one that cannot fail to please all who give it a trial. It should be found in every garden. Perfectly hardy; wonderfully free-flowering; rich, glowing crimson.

Dorothy Perkins—Large clusters of double flowers, soft light pink, fragrant and lasting.

Euphrosyne—Pink.

Grevillea (or Seven Sisters)—Flowers in clusters, opening at first a light rose color and afterwards changing to pure white.

Philadelphia Rambler—Deep, rich crimson, even more intense than the famous Crimson Rambler; blooms in grand clusters, in such numbers as to make the bush appear to be a sheet of bloom.

Pink Rambler—Pure, shiny rose; the partially open buds being bright, light carmine, thus producing a strong and pleasing contrast.

Prairie Queen—Flowers of large globular form, bright rosy red, changing to lighter as they open.

Reine Marie Henrietta—Extra large, finely formed; very full and double, richly tea-scented; color, glowing crimson.

Russell's Cottage—Dark crimson, very double and full; extra strong, rampant grower.

Thalia—White.

Tausendschon—Soft pink, changing to carmine; extra.

White Banksia (Banksia)—Small double white flowers in clusters, very fragrant. A fine pillar rose.

White Pet (or White Rambler)—Pure white, blooming in clusters.

Wm. Allen Richardson—Orange-yellow, centre copper-yellow; very rich; a strong, rampant grower. One of the best.

Yellow Rambler—A hardy climbing yellow double rose.

TENDER CLIMBING ROSES

The varieties enumerated below are not hardy in this latitude except in favored positions. They are all specially adapted for covering rafters and posts in greenhouses. They may be kept outdoors in this vicinity by laying them down and covering them with leaves or litter.

Climbing Meteor—A strong, free-growing climbing rose, producing rich, dark, velvety crimson flowers all through the season. Flowers are perfectly double, and in size and finish equal to the best Hybrid Perpetuals.

La France—Rosy pink.

Gloire de Dijon—Next to Marechal Neil, this is the finest rose for the greenhouse. Very large, double; rich, creamy amber color.

Reine Olga de Wurtemberg (H.T.)—A very strong climber, and one of the best for covering porches and trellises; color a rosy-carmine; very pretty in the bud.

Marechal Neil—Golden yellow.

Marechal Neil (New)—Red. Each, \$1.00.

Mme. C. Testout—Fine pink.

Mrs. Robert Peary (Mme. K. A. Victoria)—Ivory white.

Reine Marie Henriette—Crimson.

Lady Gay—Cherry pink color, fading to soft white; extra; climber.

Veilchenblau (The Blue Rose)—This is the new rose that attracted so much attention in Europe, and is the first rose of the color that has been produced.

JAPAN OR RUGOSA ROSES

Rugosa Rubra—Deep rose, tinted violet. 15c to 25c and 50c.

MOSS ROSES

25c and 50c, according to size.

Captain John Ingram—Dark velvety purple.

Crested Moss—Bright pink.

Eugene Verdies (Moss Rose)—Fine dark red.

Glory of Mosses—Pale rose.

Luxembourg—Crimson scarlet.

Countess de Murinais—White, shaded rose.

TREE ROSES

The Tree Roses are grafted on hardy rose stalks four or five feet high, are tree-shaped, and when in full bloom are objects of beauty, making handsome plants for the lawn or rose border. In this shape I offer only the "Hybrid Perpetual," or hardy class. I have them in several colors at \$1.25 each, \$12.00 per dozen. Two colors to one stock, red and white, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen.

MISCELLANEOUS ROSES

25c, 35c and 50c.

Clotilde Soupert—Red and white.

Duchess d'Anerstadt (T.)—Coppery red, blended pink; a most lovely and unique variety.

Hermosia—Fine, double pink.

Persian Yellow—Double, golden yellow.

Sweet Briar—Single pink, scented foliage (Lord Penzance Hybrids).

The Memorial Rose (Rosa Wichuriana)—A beautiful single rose from Japan, blooming in clusters. Flowers fragrant, single, pure white, from six to eight inches in circumference, with yellow stamens, followed in fall and winter with bright red fruit; prostrate trailing habit. Valuable for covering low walls, banks or rockeries, and for covering graves in cemeteries.

For Spray and Spray Pumps, write us for prices

Hardy Herbaceous Perennial Plants.

These plants die to or near the ground each autumn, coming forth with renewed vigor the following spring. There is no greater satisfaction to one who really loves his garden than to watch some last year's favorite come up in its accustomed place when spring approaches, like the wild flowers of the woods that return to us every season and require no hand to plant or tend them.

ACHILLEA (The Pearl)

Double flowers, of the purest snow white, are borne in profusion the entire summer on strong, erect stems. 15c.

ACONITUM (Monkshood, or Cupid's Car)

Erect growing plants, with palmately divided leaves. Flowers in racemes, blue. 15c; large plants, 25c.

ALYSSUM

Dwarf, hardy little spreading plants, about a foot high; very showy for permanent beds and borders; spring blooming; white. 10c.

ANEMONE JAPONICA

There is nothing more beautiful in the entire list of hardy plants. They commence to bloom in August and increase in beauty until frost.

Queen Charlotte—Pink.

Alba—Flowers of the purest white, with yellow centre. 15c each.

Rubra—Dark red.

Whirlwind—White, narrow petal.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

An extremely showy genus of early summer blooming plants, their flowers being both in form and color very beautiful. 15c.

COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA

Dark lance foliage. Each magnificent yellow flower is borne on a leafless stem eight to ten inches in length. Admirably adapted for cutting. The flowers, often two inches or more in diameter, will last in water ten days without fading. 25c.

DAISIES

Low-growing plants, producing in spring their handsome double flowers. They grow best in rich, loamy soil and rather cool situations. Fine for borders. Three for 10c; per dozen, 35c.

SHASTA DAISY

Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum Hybridum—Flowers snowiest white with yellow centre, extremely large and graceful, freely produced on strong wiry stems about two feet in length. 25c each.

DIELYTRA SPECTABILIS (Bleeding Heart)

A superb plant, without which no garden is complete. The flowers are borne on long, gracefully curved stalks, hanging like rows of pendant gems, delicate rose-color and white, with purple lips, and presenting when in full bloom a wondrously beautiful appearance. It will endure the coldest winter without protection. It is also excellent for cut flowers in winter, forcing very readily. Mailing plants, 20c; clumps, 25c to 50c.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove)

Ornamental plants, producing dense spikes of flowers on stems three feet high, in June and July, and occasional spikes most of the season. Its tall, spire-like spikes crowned with large thimbles of bell-shaped flowers have a fine effect.

Purpurea—Purple spotted, three feet, also in white. 10c.

GYPHOPHILA PANICULATA

A handsome hardy perennial, with graceful branched panicles of small white flowers, which are highly prized for bouquets. One year old, 25c; two years old, 50c.

HELIANTHUS MULTIFLORUS

Produces its large, double Dahlia-like golden yellow flowers in the greatest profusion during the entire summer and fall. Mailing plants, 15c; larger, 25c.

HELEBORUS NIGER (Christmas Rose)

Hardy herbaceous plants, blooming in December and January if planted early in the fall and placed under glass in a gentle heat. The flowers are pure white, two to three inches across, and quite freely produced. Most charming plants and sure to delight. If the flowers are cut in the bud and placed in water they open out beautifully. 35c each, \$4.00 per dozen. Ready in November.

HOLLYHOCKS (Double Varieties)

These are always in great demand, and are used for backgrounds or centres of beds, their tall spikes of beautiful flowers making them very valuable for such situations. Plants one year old, 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen; two years old, 20c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

ICELAND POPPIES (Papaver Nudicaule)

Elegant crushed satin-like, cup-shaped, yellow, white and orange flowers, in separate colors, producing in never-ending succession from the beginning of June to October. Not only are they attractive in the garden, but for elegance in a cut state they are simply unsurpassed, and they last a week if cut as soon as open. Each, 15c; clumps, 25c.

LEMON THYME (New Golden)

The leaves are curiously edged and variegated with golden yellow. Its usefulness as an edging or border plant is unsurpassed. Each, 10c; three for 25c; seven for 50c.

LYCHNIS CHANCEDONIA

Beautiful plants, three feet high; remarkably conspicuous heads of brilliant scarlet flowers. Each, 15c.

MYOSOTIS DISSITIFLORIA (Forget-Me-Not)

Hardy spring-blooming plants, bearing a profusion of charming pale blue flowers. Each, 10c; clumps, 25c.

We carry over sixty varieties of Sweet Peas, including Spencer varieties

PERENNIAL ASTERS (Michaelmas Daisy)

These are among the showiest of our late-flowering hardy plants, giving a wealth of bloom at a season when most other hardy plants are past, and for best effect should be planted in masses of one color. They grow freely in any soil. Various colors of latest sorts, 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen.

PANSIES

These pretty attractive flowers are universal favorites. Young plants produce the largest and best flowers. My stock of plants are raised from carefully selected seed obtained from the most noted Pansy specialist. The plants should occupy a cool, partially shaded situation, and the ground cannot be too rich; coolness and moisture are necessary. Can furnish them in separate colors. Each, 5c; per dozen, 35c.

PAPAEVER ORIENTAL (Monarch Poppy)

Immense scarlet flower with black centres; very showy. Each, 25c; per dozen, \$2.50.

PEONIES

The following are importations from Japan, and were in bloom on my grounds the past season, and our collections of these, as well as the Tree Peonies, are the finest and best varieties in the world. While the price that we ask for them may seem rather high, remember the roots that we offer are large, field-grown, and about four times the size of those generally supplied by other dealers.

Pæonia Officinalis—A handsome perennial flower blooming in early summer. Each 40c; per dozen, \$3.50.

Kasane-jishi—Pink, central filamental petals tipped with buff.

Takaradama—Pure white.

Someganoko—Carmine, central filamental petal yellow.

Magome-shiro—Pure white.

Shishi-odori—Pyramidal head, white.

Reikai-zan—Blush, yellow in central filamental petals.

Mine-no-momiji—Light, lilac, white.

Isamijishi—Pink, and yellow filamental petals in centre.

Benisangai—Crimson petals, with lighter color in middle, forming three layers.

Yamatosangai—Forming three layers of petals.

Hinodesekai—Carmine, yellow centre.

Tatsurgashira—White, with rose stripes.

Chiya-kagami—Blush fringed.

One dozen above (our selections), \$3.00.

PEONIES (Tree)

These immense, beautiful, well-known flowers form also another Japanese pride, and grow in cold as well as hot climates, provided plants are sheltered from extreme cold and heat. Each, 50c; per dozen, \$5.00, in a dozen different colors. Write your selections.

PEONIA SINENSIS (Herbaceous Pæonia)

The development and increase in popularity of the Pæony has been unparalleled among flowers, and the profusion and duration of bloom, combined with handsome, massive foliage, accommodating habit, and easy culture, render them one of the most popular hardy plants grown for lawn and garden decoration.

Very fragrant. Clumps, each, 25c; extra large, 50c; per dozen, \$2.00 and \$4.00.

Alexander Dumas—Large bloom in clusters, bright violet-rose.

Cytheree—Flesh-color to white, centre spotted carmine.

Faust—Salmon.

Festiva—Pure white.

Grandiflora Nivea—Pure white.

Grandiflora Superba—Lilac.

Louis Van Houtte—Dark red.

Marie—Rose-pink.

Purpurea Superba—Dark purple.

Prince de Salem Dyke—Lilac.

Queen's Perfection—Creamy white.

Queen Victoria—White and yellow.

Reine des Fleurs—Red.

Rosea Superbissima—Bright rose.

Rubra Triumphans—Dark red.

Reine Hortense—Red.

Tricolor Grandiflora—Rose.

PHLOX (Hardy)

These large and very brilliant trusses of beautiful flowers comprise all shades of color, from white to crimson, striped and mottled. Divide and replant in freshly prepared soil each alternate year. They delight in sunny situations and a rich soil. Each, 10c and 25c; three for 50c; per dozen, \$2.50.

Boule de Fieu—Brilliant red.

Clara Benz (Dwarf)—Carmine rose, with darker eye.

Coquelicot (Dwarf)—Light red, brightest of all.

Pantheon (Tall)—Light pink.

Iris—Dark purple.

Pyramidal—White.

PINKS

General favorites; more dwarf than the Carnation, growing about one foot in height. The plant will stand out of doors year after year. Plant in rich soil and they will care for themselves. Mailing plants, 10c; clumps, 15c to 25c.

Garden or Scotch Pink—Thick tufts of handsome, glaucous green foliage, and very fragrant flowers on long spikes, in June. Have them in double pink and white.

PRIMROSES

Hardy, pretty, low-growing, early spring flowering plants; fine for rockeries, borders, pot culture, etc. The flowers are borne in umbels or clusters on long stalks, from four to six inches high.

Cowslip (Primula Versis)—The familiar favorite English Cowslip. Blossoming early in the spring. Each, 15c.

Primula Elatior—Mixed colors; early blooming, for bedding or pot culture. Large umbels of flowers are borne on stalks eight inches tall. Each, 10c; six for 50c.

In addition to the above list I have about fifteen other varieties to offer in a mixed collection at \$1.50 per dozen.

ROCKET

Hesperis—Early spring flowering plants; profuse bloomers, fragrant and very pleasing; grows freely in any light, rich soil. Each, 10c.

Vegetable Plants in great variety. Send for prices

ROSEMARY

Fragrant odor, and a warm, aromatic, bitter taste. Each, 10c.

RUDEBECKIA (Golden Glow)

Grows six feet high, branching freely and throwing up masses of large double yellow flowers, as large as a fair-sized *Chrysanthemum*. Fine for cutting. Each, 15c.

SOUTHERN-WOOD (Old Man)

Each, 10c, 25c and 50c.

TRITOMA (Red-Hot Poker, or Torch Plant)

Splendid flowering plants, producing magnificent spikes a foot in length and three inches in diameter, of the brightest orange and scarlet flowers. Each, 25c.

Aurea—Coral red, one of the finest.

Cahalini—New, and a decided improvement in the old varieties. Each, 50c.

McOneni—Dwarf yellow-red, free-flowering.

Pfitzerii—A stately, hardy plant, very effective for garden or lawn decoration, throwing up tall spikes of bright crimson flowers all summer and late in the fall after other flowers are gone. Each, 25c, postpaid.

Uvaria—Red, flowers early.

VIOLETS (California)

The California Violet is a single blue, of unchanging hue; a profuse bloomer, more fragrant than the rose, and the largest variety known.

Marie Louise—Rich, dark blue, with white eye; very double and fragrant.

Prince of Wales—Light blue, long stem, very fragrant.

Swanley White—Double; white; very floriferous. A sport from Marie Louise. Each, 10c. Per dozen, \$1.00.

Hardy Ornamental Grasses.**PAMPAS GRASS (*Gynierium Argenteum*)**

Leaves long, narrow, graceful, dark green, producing silvery plumes, which, taken out of the sheath just as the tips appear and laid out in the sun till they bleach, make handsome parlor ornaments. Medium size clumps, 50c; large clumps, \$1.00.

RIBBON GRASS (*Arundinaria*)

One of the prettiest grasses, with foliage handsomely striped both sides with white; some yellowish color, others of a deep green. Strong grower. Clumps, 10c to 25c.

JAPANESE PLUM GRASS (*Eulolia Japonica*)

White bands crossways of the stems; effective in groups. Each, 25c.

Choice Bedding Plants.**HALF-HARDY BIENNIALS****CARNATIONS**

The Carnation is one of the sweetest flowers that grow. They bloom freely during the summer and autumn, and if lifted and taken indoors before cold weather they will continue to bloom during the winter months. The flowers are very double, beautifully fringed, and have the enchanting clove fragrance so much prized. Seedlings, from hotbeds, 50c per doz.; one-year-old, blooming size, 25c each, \$2.00 per dozen.

Mrs. Lawson—The grandest of all Pink Carnations. Flowers large and spreading, stem stiff, plants of strong growth. 20c each.

Meteor—By all odds the finest dark Carnation ever sent out. The flower is large, well formed, with good stem and powerful fragrance. The color is richest glowing crimson, very dark.

Wm. Scott—A beautiful pink, fringed, never bursts, very free and fragrant; succeeds everywhere, and is always in demand.

Enchantress—Of a rose-pink color.

Lady Bountiful—Very fine white.

Mailing plants of the above-named varieties, 10c each; blooming sizes by express at 25c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

SWEET WILLIAM (*Dianthus Barbatus*)

Hardy plants, about one foot high, of extreme richness and variety of color, and very sweetly scented. 10c and 25c.

WALL FLOWER (or Gillyflower)

Double or single. 10c, 15c and 25c, as to size.

ANNUALS

These are seedling plants, all grown from choicest seed, and will in a favorable season give constant bloom until frost.

Asters	Verbenas
Alyssum	Single Petunias
Antirrhinum	Phlox Drummondii
Petunias	Stocks
Candytuft	Balsams
Dwarf Lobellias	Zinnias
Golden Pyrethrum	

Prices for good strong plants, unless otherwise noted, 25c per dozen, \$1.50 per 100, \$10.00 per 1,000, by express.

The following will bloom equally well as bedding plants in the summer or as pot plants in the house during the winter. Mailing plants, 10c... Larger, in pots, 15c to 25c.

HELIOTROPES

These plants are universal favorites on account of their charming fragrance. White and blue.

MARGUERITE (Paris Daisies)

A ray of white petals around a yellow disc; same in size and appearance as the Field Daisy.

GERANIUMS

For bedding out, from \$1.00 to \$1.50 per dozen.

VERBENAS

We offer the most distinct varieties of these useful bedding plants. All are of the mammoth or large-flowering type. The colors range through all the different shades. 25c per dozen.

When you want Choice Seeds, ring up Fairmont 780

Hardy Perennial Climbing Plants.

Among the most important Decorative and Flowering Plants, none are more necessary than Hardy Vines. The collection offered below contains probably the best climbing plants for permanent effects known at the present time.



CLEMATIS

The finest vine in existence for small trellises or piazza pillars. Used also to cover rock work, mounds, stumps, etc. Many of the varieties have large starry flowers five to seven inches in diameter. They delight in rich soil and sunny situation. Two-year-old plants, 50c each; \$5.00 per dozen.

Clematis Paniculata—Glossy green foliage, flowers are white star-shaped, and borne in large clusters; fragrant. Each, 30c; four for \$1.00.

Duchess of Edinburgh—Double white; splendid large flowered sort; very free.

Henryii—Fine large, pure white.

Jackmanii—The flowers, when fully expanded, are from four to six inches in diameter, intense violet purple, with a rich velvety appearance, distinctly veined. It blooms continuously until cut down by frost.

Jackmanii Alba—Similar to the preceding, but flowers are white.

Languinosa Candida—Greyish white.

Lawsoniana—Purple, darker veins.

Mme. Ed. Andre—Splendid. The nearest approach to a bright red; single.

M. Koster—A very free-flowering variety; bright rosy carmine.

Nellie Mosier—White, with red stripes.

Ramona—Deep sky-blue; free flowering and very showy.

Ville de Lyon—Bright red, very pretty.

BIGNONA RACICANS (Trumpet Creeper)

A rapid grower. Flowers in large bunches, of a rich orange scarlet. Invaluable for covering outbuildings, old trees, etc. Trained to a post and cut back, it will assume a weeping form, and is highly ornamental in that way. Each, 50c.

HONEYSUCKLE

The dear old Honeysuckle is never out of place. For a cheap, hardy, robust, yet exquisite vine, it is unsurpassed. Rapid growers and free bloomers.

Brachypodia Aurea Reticulata (Japan Golden Leaved)—A handsome and very desirable variety, with the foliage beautifully netted or variegated with yellow. Mailing plants, 25c.

Belgium (Monthly Fragrant, or Dutch)—Blooms all summer; red and yellow; very fragrant and pretty flowers. Mailing plants, 10c; larger, 25c.

Halleana (Japanese)—Vigorous climber; white flowers, changing to yellow; evergreen; very fragrant. Each, 35c to 50c.

HOP

Humulus Lupulus—One of the very best climbers for covering unsightly places. It is a rapid grower and produces a profusion of seed pods, suitable for many domestic purposes. Each, 10c; per dozen, 50c; per 100, \$2.50.

IVY

Particular attention is directed to the Boston or Japan Ivy (*Ampelopsis Veitchii*), as being the grandest vine for flowering and foliage effects it is possible to obtain.

Ampelopsis Veitchii (Boston or Japan Ivy)—This popular climber attains a height of twenty to thirty feet in two or three years, clinging to stones, brick or woodwork with

We make a specialty of Lawn Seeds

the greatest tenacity. It is a great protection to houses, as the leaves, overlapping each other like slates on a roof, prevent rain from penetrating the walls. For covering dead trees, gate posts, boundary walls, etc., it has no equal. In the summer the foliage is a rich shade of green, but in the fall it assumes the most gorgeous tints of scarlet, crimson and orange, so dazzling as to be seen at a great distance. Mailing plants, 25c; larger, 50c.

Ampelopsis Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper)—A very rapid grower, with dark green foliage, which changes in fall to scarlet. A very desirable vine for covering arbors, verandahs, etc. Mailing plants, 25c; larger, 50c.

English—Thick, leathery, evergreen leaves; very desirable climber for this section of the country. 10c to 25c.

Variegata—Leaves green and yellowish white; quite as desirable as the preceding variety. 10 to 25c.

JASMINE

Shrubby habit, with very delicate foliage; star-shaped, extremely fragrant flowers, produced in great profusion.

Revolutum—A strong plant, with glossy leaves and single, deep yellow fragrant flowers; a beautiful plant, easily grown. Mailing plants, 15c; larger, 25c.

White Flowering—25c to 50c.

VINCA (Myrtle, or Periwinkle)

Coerulea Minor—A blue flowering, trailing evergreen; very large leaf and flower. Each, 10c.

Habacea—Pretty blue flowers; narrow foliage; early and attractive. Each, 10c.

Major Variegata—More of this used for baskets and vases than there is of any other two basket plants. Beautifully variegated green and white foliage, and strong, trailing habit of growth. Each, 10c.
Clumps of any of the above, 25c to 50c.

WISTARIA

A favorite vine that will grow twenty-five feet in a single season. Just the thing for a second-story verandah, or as a tree-climber, or to train against a high wall. In early spring it is covered with great, massive clusters, sometimes two feet long, of exquisite pea-shaped flowers.

Alba—A mass of white flowers in spring, the clusters of bloom reaching two feet in length. Mailing plants, 15c; large, 75c.

Sinensis Magnifica—Fine large clusters of exquisite blue flowers, produced in great masses. Mailing size, 15c; larger, 25c to 50c.

Wisteria Multijuga (Japanese Dwarf Wisteria, Loose-Clustered Wisteria)—Bears long, loose racemes of purple flowers. Flowers smaller, but the racemes are from two to three feet long. Very fragrant. Each, 75c.

Hardy Deciduous Flowering Shrubs.

Deciduous Plants are those which fall or shed their foliage at certain seasons, mostly in the autumn, and send out new twigs and leaves in the following spring.

My collection of beautiful Hardy Flowering Shrubs is one of the best in the country. Some are quite new and rare, while others are old favorites which have been grown and loved for many generations. Many of them are my own importations from foreign countries, and I have recently added many choice and rare varieties from Japan, France and Holland for my spring trade.

ALMOND

Double-Flowering Pink (Dwarf)—Producing perfect, finely formed flowers in great profusion. At the blossoming each little bush appears one mass of bloom. Each, 25c.

AZALEAS

The most gorgeous of all hardy Shrubs. The blossoms, which vary in color from intense crimson to lemon-yellow, are borne in greatest profusion in early spring, before the leaves appear.

Azalea Mollis (Alphonse Lavallee)—Large flower, soft brilliant red.

Azalea Mollis (Madame Arthur de Warrelles)—Nankeen rose.

Azalea Pontica (Hardy Ghent)—Auguste Mechelynck. Pure white.

Azalea Pontica (Hardy Ghent)—Bouquet de Flora. Salmon.

Azalea Pontica (Hardy Ghent)—Coccinea Speciosa. Russet-orange.

Azalea Pontica (Hardy Ghent)—Daviesi. Excellent; white; fine for forcing.

BERBERIS

Barberry is an interesting family of Shrubs, varying in size from three to six feet, and having graceful, feathery foliage. Its showy

flowers in early summer are succeeded by bright-colored fruit, which is very conspicuous in autumn and early winter.

Common European (Berberis Vulgaris)—Yellow flowers in drooping racemes in early summer, followed in autumn by orange-scarlet fruit. Each, 35c; per dozen, \$3.00.

Purple (Berberis Vulgaris Purpurea)—Violet-colored foliage and fruit; rich looking and very effective when contrasted with plants of lighter foliage, plain-leaved or variegated. Each, 35c to 50c; per dozen, \$3.00.

B. Thunbergii—A beautiful Japan variety of dwarf habit. Small foliage, changing to beautiful red in autumn. Very desirable for grouping. Each, 25c; per dozen, \$2.50; extra grade, 75c each.

BROOM

A pretty dwarf-growing hardy Shrub, with yellow flowers, produced in great profusion throughout the summer. Bark of branches and branchlets a peculiar dark green. Each, 25c.

Genista Alba (White Broom)—Extra large plants, 50c.

Aurea Spanish Arome—Yellow flower, perpetual bloomer. Each, 50c to 75c.

CHERRY

Hardy Double Flowering—The wealth of large, double rosy flowers hanging in bunches on the artistically twisted branches makes a floral fountain of this beautiful plant. Each, 75c.

Ask us for prices on Timothy, Clover, Alfalfa, Alsike, etc.

CRIMSON SPIRAEA

Spiraea "Anthony Watera"—It is acknowledged as the ideal florists' plant. When scarcely three inches high it begins to bloom, and thereafter is seldom out of flower. As a house plant nothing can equal it. In the garden it will make a plant three feet high and wide, and will be covered with heads one foot across of brilliant crimson flowers. Large plants, 50c; mailers, 10c.

CURRENT

Crimson Flowering—Flowers deep red, produced in great abundance in early spring. Each, 25c and 50c.

Yellow Flowering—Very sweet. Each, 15c and 25c.

CALYCANTHUS

Sweet-scented shrub. Wood and flowers fragrant; the latter are of a chocolate color. Each, 50c.

DEUTZIA

Fine hardy shrub. Good habit; luxuriant foliage and profusion of attractive flowers. They are beautiful and popular, and of the easiest cultivation. The flowers grow in racemes, four to six inches long.

Crenata—Flowers white, tinged with pink. Each, 25c, 50c and 75c.

DOGWOOD

American White (Florida)—A native tree of fine form and beautiful foliage, growing twenty to twenty-five feet high, producing white flowers three inches in diameter early in spring before the leaves appear. A very desirable tree. Each, 50c to \$1.50.

Sanguinea (Red Branched)—A strong growing shrub, with clusters of fine white flowers, stem and branches turning blood-red in winter.

Cornus Variegata Elegans—One of the finest variegated shrubs. Each, 50c to \$1.50.

PORSYTHIA

Golden Bell (Fortunei)—Handsome trumpet-shaped yellow flowers.

Suspensa—Drooping habit, yellow flowers.

Veridissima—Early yellow flowers.

Large plants, 40c each, by express.

GOLDEN ELDER

Sambucus Aurea—Beautiful golden yellow foliage. A valuable plant for producing contrast when planted with other shrubs. Should have full sun to give best effect. Each, 50c to \$1.00.

HEATHER

A well-known Scotch plant. A reminder of "Bonnie auld Scotia." Each, 25c to 50c.

HYDRANGEA

Paniculata Grandiflora—One of the best and most handsome Hardy Ornamental Shrubs ever grown. It blooms finely the first year, and gets better and grows larger with age. It grows three to five feet high, is perfectly hardy in all parts of the country, and needs no protection in winter; blooms in July and August, remaining in bloom two or three months. Flowers are pure white, afterwards changing to pink and rich coppery red, and are borne in immense pyramidal trusses, nearly a foot long and nearly as much in diameter. The bush should be cut back every spring one-half last season's growth, dug around and well manured. The finest blooms

are borne on the new wood, and are largest and best when the plant has made a vigorous growth. Mailing plants, 25c; large, 50c and 75c.

Standards—Trained on three-foot stems. Each, \$1.00.

LILAC

A well-known class of shrubs, indispensable in every garden. Highly ornamental, perfectly hardy, and succeeding well in any ordinary good garden soil. They are the most satisfactory and beautiful of spring-flowering shrubs. Each, 50c to \$1.50.

Charles the Tenth—Flowers deep purplish violet when grown outside, white when forced. Very large trusses; leaves large, shining green, leathery. One of the best varieties for forcing. Each, 25c, 50c and 75c. Extra large, \$1.00; mailing plants, 15c.

Common (Syringa Vulgaris)—The common purple lilac, and one of the best.

Common (S. Vulgaris Alba)—Flowers pure white, very fragrant and beautiful.

Madame Lemoine (S. Vulgaris Alba, Flore Pleno)—Double white.

Persian (S. Persica)—Delicate lilac, in large clusters.

Persian (S. Persica Alba)—Slender growth; fine white, beautiful flowers. Large, two to three feet, each, 50c, 75c.

MAGNOLIA

Soulangeana—One of the hardiest and finest of foreign Magnolias. Its blossoms are from three to five inches across, cup-shaped, white and rosy violet, opening before its leaves, which are massive and glossy. Two to three feet, 75c to \$1.50; four to five feet, \$2.50.

MOCK ORANGE

Philadelphus—A valuable shrub of vigorous habit; large, handsome foliage and beautiful white flowers, produced most profusely. 50c to \$1.00.

Lemoinei Erecta—A shrub of comparatively recent introduction which always commands inspection. Of dwarf, sturdy, erect growth, it gracefully bears its myriad creamy white, fragrant flowers from ground to tip of branch. June. Strong two and three-year-old plants, 50c to \$1.00.

QUINCE

Japan Flowering (Cydonia)—One of the most useful class of flowering shrubs, adapted to all soils; of rapid growth, with healthy, clean foliage, and retaining a low, dense habit. They bear hard pruning without injury, and this adapts them nicely for hedge use. Their showy flowers in early spring are freely produced. Two to three-foot, 50c each; five for \$2.00.

Scarlet—Flowers of fair size, produced in masses all along the branches; leaves handsome shining green.

SNOWBALL

An old favorite shrub of large size, with big globular clusters of pure white flowers. Each, 50c. Large plants, \$1.00.

Viburnum Plicatum—The beautiful Japan Snowball. Of moderate growth, picturesque, compact habit; leaves distinctly plicate or crinkled, and of a decidedly rich, dark green color; brown shoots; flower ball very solid, more white than the common variety, some weeks later, and remains on much longer. Perfectly hardy. One of the choicest and most desirable shrubs known. 50c to \$1.50.

We are the Largest Importers of Seeds and Bulbs on the Coast

SNOWBERRY

Extremely ornamental; white berries. 50c.

SPIRAEA

This comprises a large class of elegant low shrubs, of the easiest culture, and they bloom almost throughout the entire summer. 50c to \$1.00.

Billard—Rose-colored; blooms nearly all summer.

Prunifolia Fl. Pl.—This variety is the well-known Bridal Wreath. Flowers are double and pure white.

Van Houtte—Profusely covered with white flowers in April.

WEIGELIA

A beautiful shrub that blooms in June and July. The superb large, trumpet-shaped flowers are produced in so great profusion as almost entirely to hide the foliage. They are very desirable for the border, or for grouping, and also as specimen plants for the lawn. 30c to 50c.

Rosea—Rose-colored flowers; bloom in May and June.

Rosea Nana Variegata—Leaves beautifully margined creamy white; handsome pink flowers in wonderful profusion.

Hortensis Nivea—White.

Amabilis—Flesh-color.

Rare Deciduous Ornamental Trees.

My assortment is collected from all parts of the world, and embraces the rarest and choicest specimens suitable for public and private grounds, gardens, parks, cemeteries, etc. I have a large stock, and can supply the smallest or largest order on the most favorable terms. All who have places which they desire to improve and ornament are solicited, if possible, to inspect my stock.

Reduced rates given to Land Improvement Companies and other enterprises needing a large number of moderate-sized trees.

TRANSPLANTING

Deciduous trees may be transplanted any time after the falling of the leaves in autumn, and before the starting of the buds in spring, providing the earth is not frozen. Care must be exercised in having the hole large enough to receive the roots without twisting or crowding. Do not put any manure in contact with the roots, but plant in good garden soil, which should be well pulverized. Trim back the trees before planting, cutting off at least one-half of last season's growth.

HEELING IN TREES AND PLANTS

On receipt of your order, if the ground is not prepared for planting them in a permanent place, dig a hole in a location where the water will not settle in it, separate your plants and cover the roots so that the earth will come in contact with every one in the lot, tread on it solid, then throw loose earth over them. If cold weather sets in, cover with some coarse material or evergreen boughs.

ASH

Mountain (Sorbus Aucuparia) — A fine hardy tree; head dense and regular, covered from July to winter with large clusters of bright scarlet berries. One of our best ornamental trees for this climate. Quick grower. Three to five-foot, 25c; five to seven-foot, 50c; eight to twelve-foot, 75c to \$1.50 each. \$50.00 per 100.

Oak-Leaved—Hardy, foliage simple, deeply lobed. Each, \$1.00.

BEECH

Purple-Leaved (F. Purpurea)—Resembles the American in habit and rapidity of growth. The foliage, which is of a dark purple color, produces a most effective contrast to the green of other trees. Unquestionably one of the most conspicuous and ornamental of deciduous trees. Four to seven-foot, 75c to \$2.00.

Tricolor-Leaved (F. Purpurea fol. Rosea Marginata)—Similar to the above, but leaves beautifully variegated, purple margined with rose. Four to five feet, \$1.50 each, \$15.00 per dozen; six to eight-foot, \$2.00 to \$3.00.

BIRCH

White (Betula Alba)—Hardy ornamental tree, with silvery bark and slender branches. Eight to ten-foot, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

ELM

American (Ulmus Americana)—This tree combines in a wonderful degree gracefulness, beauty and majesty. It is of rapid growth and is very desirable for avenue and lawn decorations. Eight to fourteen-foot, 75c to \$1.50.

English (Cork-Barked)—A tree of fine habit, young branches very corky; leaves rough on both sides. One-foot, 10c; five to six-foot, 50c; ten to twelve-foot, \$1.50.

OAK

Scarlet—A rapid-growing pyramidal tree; especially remarkable in the autumn, when the foliage changes to a bright scarlet. A tree valued chiefly for its generous autumnal tints; very symmetrical in outline. Six to seven-foot, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

MAPLE

Acer Polymorphum—The famous Japanese maple. None of the autumnal trees excel this; some change their colors of leaves to yellow, others to red, in autumn. Some of the varieties giving their rich crimson coloring in the spring, when they shoot, as well as in autumn before they fall.

Pacific Coast—Broad-leaved. I carry a stock of these varying in size. Each, 25c to \$1.50.

A. Atropurpureum—Of compact growth; leaves of a beautiful dark purple or claret color, delicately and deeply cut. 75c to \$1.00.

A. Atropurpureum (Cut Leaved)—The foliage of this variety is a rich claret color, and as delicately cut as the finest fern. Form dwarf and compact, of a distinct weeping habit. \$1.00 to \$1.50.

A. Atro-dissectum Variegatum (Toyamo)—Dark maroon, deeply serrated, thread-like leaflets, with white variegation. Each, \$1.00.

Cut Leaved—Eight to ten feet. Each, \$1.50.

For a Climber, nothing can beat a Wisteria

Silver Leaved—The very rapid growth, spreading branches and silvery foliage of this well-known tree have induced its extensive planting for ornament and shade. Thrives in nearly all soils. Eight to fourteen feet.

Sugar, or Rock Maple—For most purposes this is considered the most desirable shade tree in cultivation. For planting along drives or avenues it is unsurpassed for beauty and adaptability. Moderate grower, long lived, symmetrical habit, and dense shade. 25c to 75c.

Tartarian—A remarkably distinct species. Quinquefoliate. Small leaves of dark green color, which variegate in the autumn, presenting many shades of colors in greens, yellow, greyish white, and scarlet. One of the most attractive dwarf trees. Four to five feet, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

PRUNUS PISCARDII

Piscard's Purple-Leaved Plum—A new and very valuable tree of greatest merit, producing showy, single white flowers in spring, followed later by quite desirable fruit. The foliage is of the deepest blood-red, and does not change in color even in the hottest sun. A desirable lawn tree of neat, upright habit of growth, and very vigorous. The twigs in winter are conspicuously glossy black. Each, 75c to \$1.50.

WILLOW

Golden—A showy variety with golden bark of high color, making it very conspicuous during the winter. A handsome tree at all seasons. 50c to \$1.50.

Common (*S. Babylonica*)—A well known and most gracefully shaped lawn tree, of large size. 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

Kilmarnock (*S. Capera Pendula*)—A handsome, small, umbrella-shaped lawn tree. \$1.50.

Weeping Deciduous Trees.

WEeping ASH

European—One of the finest lawn trees, covering a great space and growing rapidly, and excellent for forming arbors and shady streets. Ten to twelve feet, \$2.00 each.

WEeping BEECH

Fagus Pendula—A native of Belgium; a fine, vigorous and beautiful tree, attaining a large size; is extremely graceful and effective when covered with its rich, luxuriant foliage. Each, \$1.50.

WEeping WILLOW

American (*Salix Americana Pendula*)—An American dwarf, slender branched species; grafted five to six feet high, it makes one of the most ornamental of small weeping trees. 75c to \$1.00.

WEeping BIRCH

Cut - Leaved (*Betula Pendula Laciniata*)—Extremely vigorous and hardy. Mr. Scott, in his "Suburban Home Ground," says of it: "No engraving can do it justice; like the palm tree of the tropics, it must be seen in motion, swaying in the lightest breeze, its leaves trembling in the heated summer air, its white bark glistening through the bright foliage and sparkling in the sun, to enable us to form a true impression of its character." \$1.50 and up.

Ornamental and Shade Trees.

HAWTHORNE

Crataegus—I can confidently recommend this class to those who are desirous of beautifying their grounds. During the spring months they are covered with a mass of fragrant flowers from top to bottom, and later in the season their fruit is highly ornamental. They are of fairly rapid growth, afford excellent shade, and succeed admirably in this country. I offer the following varieties:

Paul's Double Scarlet—Flowers deep crimson, with scarlet shade; very double. 25c to 75c. Extra large, blooming size, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Double White—Small daisy-like flowers in clusters. 25c to \$1.50.

Double Pink—Pink or rose flowers with white tips. 25c to \$1.50.

EUROPEAN PLANE TREE (or Sycamore)

Double-Leaved—Leaves deep green on upper surface, purplish red underneath, producing a beautiful color effect when trees are in motion; fine for lawns and for grouping with other foliage trees. Five to six feet, 60c each.

HORSE CHESTNUT

This magnificent, large-sized tree has no superior for the lawn. In spring it is profusely covered with panicles of white flowers dotted with red. Yearling, one-foot, 10c each; three to four feet, 25c; larger, 50c to \$1.50.

Red Flowering—One of the finest trees in cultivation. Form round; flowers red; blooms a little later than the white, and the leaves are a deeper green. One of the most valuable ornamental trees, being of handsome and compact growth. Three to four feet, 75c; six feet, \$1.50.

INDIAN BEAN

Catapla Bignoniodes—A variety of exceedingly rapid growth, with spreading irregular form. Large, heart-shaped leaves and pyramidal clusters of white and purplish flowers in midsummer make it an attractive ornamental tree for the lawn. Four to five feet. Each, 50c.

LABURNUM

Golden Chain—A small tree, with long compound leaves of shining green, and smooth, bronzy bark. It produces in June and July drooping clusters a foot long of the brightest golden-yellow blossoms, of sweet-pea shape and size. One of the most beautiful of all small lawn trees. 35c; larger, 50c to \$1.50.

LINDEN

European (Basswood)—A rapid-growing large-sized, beautiful tree, with very large leaves and fragrant flowers. 50c to \$1.50.

LOCUST

Bessonia (Thornless)—The most ornamental of all the Locust family. Forms a solid, compact head, with dark green, luxuriant foliage. Eight to ten feet, 75c to \$1.00.

Common, or Black—A rapid-growing tree, with spreading branches. A valuable lumber tree, and used for various mechanical purposes. Eight to ten feet, 75c to \$1.50 each.

For your verandah, plant a choice Clematis

MAPLE

Ash-Leaved (*Acer Negunda*, or Box Elder)—A rapid grower, the foliage somewhat resembles that of the Ash; form irregular and spreading; shape improved by pruning. A desirable shade tree. **50c to \$1.50.**

Ash-Leaved (*Silver Variegated*)—A charming tree of dwarf habit, with partly silver variegated, partly pure paper-white leaves. An attractive tree for lawn planting. Each, **1.50.** **Golden Variegated**, same price.

Nut Trees.

The past few years have witnessed a remarkable development in the planting of nut-bearing trees. Probably no branch of tree cultivation pays a larger profit or is as well assured of a good market for all products, the nuts in many cases paying better than farm crops or fruits, while most kinds are making a growth of valuable timber that will of itself pay a large percentage on the investment.

ALMOND

Hard-Shell and Soft or Paper Shell—A low tree, somewhat resembling the Peach; very ornamental when in bloom. Three to four feet, **50c**; per dozen, **\$5.00.**

BUTTERNUT (or White Walnut)

A fine tree, producing a large oblong nut, which is prized for its sweet, oily, nutritious kernel. Four to five feet, **50c to \$1.00.**

CHESTNUT

American Sweet—A valuable native tree, useful and ornamental; timber is very durable and possesses a fine grain for oil finish. Nuts sweet, of delicate flavor, and are a valuable article of commerce. No farm should be without its nut-bearing trees, and the Chestnut should be foremost wherever the soil is adapted to it. Two to three feet, **25c**; per dozen, **\$2.00.** Four feet and upwards, **50c, 75c to \$1.00 each.**

Japan—Distinct from all other chestnuts; dwarf habit; productive, usually producing nuts when two or three years old; nuts of immense size, far surpassing all other kinds; of fair quality when outside skin is removed. Mailing size, **25c**; two to three feet, **50c each**; four to six feet, **\$1.00.**

Spanish—A handsome, round-headed tree, producing in abundance large nuts that find a ready market at good prices; \$25.00 has been realized at one fruiting from the nuts of a single tree. Not as sweet as the American, and the tree not as hardy. Each, **25c, 50c to \$1.00**, as to size.

FILBERT

English—Of easiest culture, growing six to eight feet high; quite hardy, and one of the most profitable and satisfactory nuts to cultivate; succeeds on almost all soils, bearing early and abundantly nuts nearly round and of excellent flavor. Admired by all for the dessert. Three to four feet, **50c**; extra large, **\$1.00 each.**

Kentish Cob—One of the best; large size, oblong, of excellent quality. Each, **50c to 75c.**

WALNUT

Franquette—Originated in the southeast of France by a man named Franquette. It is quite large, of an elongated oval, and very attractive; kernel full-fleshed and sweet. Two to three feet, **50c each**; four to six feet, **\$1.00 each.**

Black—A tree of large size, majestic form and beautiful foliage. The most valuable of all trees for its timber, which enters largely into the manufacture of furniture and cabinet work, and brings the highest price in the market. Tree a rapid grower, and produces a large round nut of excellent quality. Four to five feet, **50c**; per dozen, **\$4.00.** Six feet, **\$5.00 per dozen.**

Japan (Sieboldi)—Perfectly hardy here; rapid grower, handsome form, and immense leaves; bears young and abundantly; one of the finest ornamental trees. Nuts produced in clusters; resembles Butternut in shape and quality; smaller, with smoother and thinner shell. Worthy of extensive planting. Three to four feet, **50c each**; extra large, **\$1.00.**

ENGLISH, FRENCH, OR MADEIRA NUT

A fine lofty growing tree, with handsome spreading head. Where hardy it produces immense crops of thin-shelled delicious nuts, which are always in demand at good prices; fruit in a green state much esteemed for pickling. In California and the South large orchards have been planted that are yielding immense profits. Hardy enough for general purposes in this climate. One-foot, **25c**; four feet, **50c**; six to eight feet, **\$1.00.**

Evergreen Shrubs and Trees.

Indispensable trees and shrubs for parks and private and public grounds, and possessing varied characteristics of habit of growth, form and coloring of foliage, adapted to a variety of soils. They are particularly valuable for ornamental planting, since they are always objects of beauty, summer and winter alike.

I pay particular attention to the cultivation of these trees, and grow them a good distance apart in order to form good specimens. All have been regularly and carefully transplanted and have an abundance of roots.

How to Plant and Care for Evergreens

Any soil that will grow garden vegetables is suitable for evergreens; but in our porous, gravelly, upland soil they will make a better growth if a barrowload of loam or peat is dug in in close contact with the roots. Keep the roots damp at all times before planting, for it is almost sure death to an evergreen to allow the roots to dry out.

Dig holes large, so that the roots are not crowded, using the top soil in bottom of hole, and also arranging the roots carefully, working the fine soil around and among the roots with your hand. Shake the tree occasionally, as the filling is going on, to settle the soil, at the same time raising the tree to the desired depth. When the roots are well covered hold the tree upright and firm while you tread the soil very firmly around the tree; when this is done you have a basin or hole around the tree that will hold one-half of a pailful of water, according to the size of the tree. Fill this basin with water; after it is all soaked away—say, in half an hour—fill the basin with good,

Look over our Pæony list—sixteen varieties



SOME OF OUR ORNAMENTAL EVERGREENS.

mellow soil, which should be left loose and not tramped.

The month of August is the most critical time for newly planted evergreens, for during this month, unlike deciduous trees, evergreens make a new root growth, therefore require moisture. If rains have not been plentiful the trees must be watered. Make a basin around each tree by pulling away the soil with hoe, and water exactly as described above. If the season is dry this watering should commence the latter part of July, repeating every two weeks until it rains.

Good cultivation is very essential. No vegetation appreciates good cultivation better than trees, which can be done by hoe or horse cultivator every two weeks up to August 1, when a good mulch of partly rotted hay or straw should be given. Never mulch with green manure, or put any in contact with the roots, unless you want them to die.

ARBOR VITÆ

American—One of the finest evergreens for hedges. It grows rapidly and soon forms a most beautiful hedge; very dense. 25c to \$1.00.

Golden—A beautiful variety of Chinese, compact and globular; color a lively yellowish green; not quite hardy at the north; should be planted in shady situation. 50c, 75c, to \$1.50.

Pyramidalis—An exceedingly beautiful bright variety, resembling the Irish Juniper in form; foliage deep green; color well retained in winter; perfectly hardy. Should have a place in every collection. Each, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Tom Thumb—Avery small, compact little evergreen, very fine foliage. Makes a beautiful ornament for a small yard or cemetery lot; fine for low hedges. 25c to \$1.00.

Compacta—Foliage light green; habit dwarf and compact. 75c.

Ericoides (Heath-Leaved Arbor Vitæ)—A very pretty dense little shrub of the Tom Thumb type. 25c to \$1.00.

Elegantissima—A showy dwarf variety; tips of the branches handsomely tinged with gold. \$1.00 to \$2.50.

Globosa—Forms a dense, low globe, handsome shade of green. 25c to \$1.50.

Hovey's Golden—A small tree, globular in form; foliage light green with a golden hue; very compact, hardy. Each, \$1.00.

ARAUCARIA IMBRICATA

Imbricated (The Monkey Puzzle)—Beautiful regular pyramidal form; branches in whorls, spreading horizontally; leaflets stiff, sharply pointed and of a very dark green color. A most noble tree; native of Chili. Each, \$1.50 to \$10.00, according to size.

BALSAM FIR

Abies Balsamea—A very erect regular pyramidal tree, with dark green sombre foliage; grows rapidly and is very hardy. 50c to \$1.00.

BOX

Dwarf—Used principally for borders and edging, for which purpose it is the best plant in cultivation. Each, 10c; ten for 80c; per 100, \$5.00. Extra choice, trained, 50c each.

Tree—A fine small evergreen, with pale green leaves; can be trained to any desirable form by shearing. Each, \$1.00 to \$3.00.

Tree (Variegated)—A beautiful variegated leafy variety. Small, 25c; two feet, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Golden—Dwarf habit, new growth golden; can be pruned in globular or pyramidal shape. Each, \$1.00.

CEDAR

Deodar, or Indian—The needles of this variety are larger than the Lebanon and of a bluish color, covered with a light sea-green bloom. Leading shoots and branchlets pendulous. One of the most beautiful of lawn trees. Each, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

Cedar of Lebanon—The needles are tufted, short, rigid, very dark green; branches horizontal and stiff. A grand, noble and picturesque tree, which has well been called "The Patriarch of the Tribe." Native of Lebanon and Taurus in Syria. One foot, 25c; two feet, \$1.00.

CYPRESS

Club Moss Japan (Dwarf)—A most interesting variety, in which the foliage is densely crowded into short, closely-branched shoots, and is of the deepest green color, even presenting traces of metallic tints. Unique. Each, \$1.50 up.

Plumy Japan—Small. A very distinct foliage form, and with branches like long plumes. A vigorous grower, of moderately dense habit, and one of the best. Each, \$1.50.

Golden Plumy Japan—Foliage in its young state deep golden yellow, of lasting color throughout the season. One of the showiest, easiest cultivated and best of lawn trees; also used for an ornamental hedge, or in groups with other evergreens. Very showy. Each, 50c to \$1.50 up.

Lawson's—A rare evergreen from California. One of the most graceful. Elegant drooping branches. Hardy here. Two feet, \$1.00; four feet, \$2.50.

Lawsonia Erecta Veridas—One of my recent importations from France. Rich green foliage; erect, compact growth, holding its rich green color through our winter; one of the finest lawn trees we have. Each, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

Variegated—A variety of spreading habit; some of its branches a deep yellow color. Quite hardy. Each, \$1.50 to \$5.00.

CRYPTOMERIA JAPONICA

A well known important evergreen, widely spread throughout Japan. Extensively used for house building and other general works. Large specimens attain 130 feet, with trunk of immense size, twenty to thirty feet in circumference. The specimens seen in Nikko are much admired by tourists. Used for specimen trees on lawns or for hedges in this country. Six feet, \$2.50 each.

CUNNINGHAMIA SINENSIS

Small lanceolate stiff-pointed leaves resembling American Araucaria. Each, \$1.50.

FIR

Nordmanniana—A symmetrical and imposing tree; the warm green of the young shoots contrast finely with the rich, deep color of the old foliage. The best of Silver Firs. Fine stocky trees, three to three and one-half feet in height and six inches in circumference. Each, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Frazerii—Rapid grower; rich, bright green foliage. Entirely hardy. One of the best. Each, 50c to 75c.

We are headquarters for Bee Supplies on the Coast

HOLLY

English (Ilex Aquifolium)—Prickly, dark green foliage, covered with red berries during the winter months, which contrast very pleasingly with the dark green foliage. The branches with berries are in great request for Christmas decorations. Berry Holly, \$5.00 to \$10.00 each, according to size.

Golden Queen (Ilex Aurea Regina)—A variety with foliage margined white. Very choice. Each, \$1.50, \$2.50 to \$5.00; three feet, with berries, \$10.00.

Hedgehog—Leaves deep green, with silvery stripes, and bristling with stiff spines towards the front and edges; margin and surface spines creamy white. Each, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Silver-Margined—Leaves long, dark green, slightly mottled, and with an irregular, narrow silver margin. Each, \$1.50, \$2.50 to \$5.00.

JUNIPER

Irish—Erect and formal in habit; foliage deep green and very compact, making a handsome column sometimes from fifteen to twenty feet in height. Much used in cemeteries. Each, 25c, 75c, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

Japan (Silver Variegated)—Attractive variety of moderate growth the spreading habit; foliage of glaucous green color, interspersed with branchlets of a white tint. Each, \$2.00.

Virginica (Red Cedar)—A well known American tree, with deep green foliage. Makes a fine ornamental hedge. Each, 50c to \$3.00.

Swedish—Not quite so erect in form as the Irish. Foliage light yellowish-green. It attains a height of ten to fifteen feet. Perfectly hardy. Each, 75c to \$1.50.

Juniperus Sabina Variegata (Variegated Savin)—The small branches are variegated with creamy white. Each, \$1.50.

LAUREL

Aucuba Japonica (Japanese Laurel, Himalaya to Japan)—A very handsome shrub and one of the best of the colored-leaved foliage plants; leaves large, distinctly speckled with golden-yellow; should be grown in partial shade. Each, \$1.00.

English (Cerasus Laurocerasus)—Produces large panicles of creamy white fragrant flowers, followed by purple berries. Leaves broad, shining green. Makes a superb hedge. Mailing size, 10c; three to four feet, 75c to \$1.00.

Portugal (Cerasus Lusitanica)—Flowers creamy white, appearing in very large panicles. Leaves rich, glossy dark green. Of compact form. Each, 50c to 75c. Mailing size, 15c.

LAURESTINUS

Viburnum Timus—Flowers come in white clusters, rose-colored before expansion, small but pretty. One to two feet, 50c each.

PINE

Scotch—Its quick, strong growth makes it valuable for protective screens. Very hardy. Three to four feet, \$2.00.

PRIVET OVALIFOLIUM

California—A vigorous, hardy variety, of fine habit and foliage; nearly evergreen. Makes a desirable ornamental shrub, as well as

hedge. One-year-old plants, \$2.50 per 100; \$20.00 per 1,000. Two-year-old plants, \$4.00 per 100, \$30.00 per 1,000.

Golden—Each, 25c to 50c.

PYRACANTHA CRATAEGUS

Evergreen Thorn, or Burning Bush—Flowers white, foliage small and glossy. During the late fall and winter months the bush is covered with bunches of orange-colored berries. Desirable. Each, 50c to \$1.00.

Pyracantha Cotamaster—Each, 25c to 50c.

RHODODENDRONS

The most beautiful and showy of evergreen flowering shrubs. The foliage is thick and heavy; the flowers are borne in magnificent heads at the extremity of the branches, and are of nearly all shades of color, from white to crimson. They can be planted singly or in groups, and are effective in either case, but their greatest magnificence is displayed when when planted in clumps, where the various hues and shades blend together and produce the most gorgeous masses of bloom. They will flourish in any good loamy, peaty soil, dug to a depth of two feet, and enriched with well-rotted manure. Mulching is always advisable, and in exposed situations the protection of a few evergreen boughs, sufficient to keep off the sun and wind in winter, is often advantageous. After the flowers have fallen the seed pods should be carefully removed without disturbing the foliage or the prominent buds about the ends of the branches. Up to 30 buds, from \$2.00 up.

Warrior—Dark red.

P. C. de Rohan—Rosy. Extra fine bloomer.

Caractacus—Fine purplish red.

Kate Waterer—Bright pink.

Mrs. John Waterer—Rose.

Album Elegans—White, large flower.

Concessum—Bright rose red.

Boule de Neige—White.

Fastuosum (Flore Pleno)—Double flowering; light lilac; handsome.

Lady Eleonore Cathcart—Bright pink, chocolate spots.

Edward S. Rand—Scarlet; large cluster; extra fine.

Everestianum—Rosy lilac; crimped.

Old Port—Rich plum color.

William Austin—Pure red.

RETINOSPORA SQUARROSA

A small tree, with beautiful drooping branches and glaucous green foliage. Each, 75c to \$1.00.

SCIADOPITYS VERTICILLATA

Umbrella Pine—A very odd tree from Japan, and unlike anything before known in hardy trees or plants. Very long leaves, much wider than those on the Coniferae, shining green above and a line of white underneath. The horizontal branches and peculiar growth of the leaves in parasol-like whorls gives the variety a very distinct individuality. Each, \$1.50 and \$2.50.

SPRUCE

Abies Douglasii—Leaves light green above, glaucous below. One of the most ornamental evergreen trees; of rapid growth. Each, 75c to \$1.00.

Colorado Blue—Of pyramidal form and compact growth, somewhat similar to the White

For your verandah, plant a choice Clematis

Spruce, but with foliage of a steel-blue color. Very hardy. The most beautiful and choice of all evergreens. In fact, no other can compare with it for richness in color of foliage. **50c to \$1.00.**

Hemlock—A pyramidal tree, with drooping branches and delicate dark foliage. It is a beautiful lawn tree and makes a nice hedge. Two feet, **50c**; six for **\$1.00.**

Norway—A lofty tree of pyramidal habit; has fine pendulous branches, attains richness with age; it is very picturesque, and deservedly popular, and should be largely planted. One of the best for hedges. Six feet, **\$5.00.**

THUAYA OCCIDENTALIS

Holland—A handsome upright tree, with golden foliage. One and one-half feet, **\$1.50.**

YEW

Irish—Upright and stately, with dense foliage of a dark sombre hue. Quite hardy here. Valuable for cemeteries or small yards. Two feet, **\$1.50**; three feet, **\$2.50.**

Erecta—A fine pyramidal variety of English Yew, with dark green foliage. Two and one-half feet, **\$1.50 to \$2.00.**

English—A fine densely branched bush or small tree. Can be sheared into any desired form. Fine for lawn or cemetery. Well-formed trees. One and one-half feet, high, **\$1.00** and up.

Native—Dark green foliage, of more spreading habit than the three preceding. Large, well-formed trees. Three feet high, **\$1.00.**



Cut Flowers and Floral Designs.

CUT FLOWERS

We pack all flowers free of charge so that they will travel safely to any place in the Canadian Northwest. If time does not allow you to order by mail, telegraph or telephone us. If ordered by unknown correspondents they will be sent C.O.D. All cut flowers and floral designs are shipped by express at purchaser's expense.

The price of Cut Flowers varies, being more expensive in winter and cheaper in summer months. We, however, will endeavor to fill all orders at prices named through the entire season, except at Christmas time, when flowers are very scarce.

Christmas Orders. Purchasers must remit 50c extra for each \$1.00 worth ordered between December 20 and the New Year.

Carnations—Choice pink, red, white.	
Per dozen	\$.75
Carnations—Fancy stock, pink, red, white.	
Per dozen	1.00
Roses—Good grade, pink, white, yellow.	
Per dozen	1.00
Roses—Choice red, pink, white, yellow.	
Per dozen	1.50
Roses—Fancy stock, pink, white; dozen....	2.00
Chrysanthemums (October to December).	
Per dozen	2.00
Chrysanthemums (specimen flowers).	
Per dozen	3.00
Calla Lilies (January to May). Per dozen	2.50
Easter Lilies (March to June). Per dozen	1.50
Lily of the Valley (December to April).	
Per dozen	1.00
Roman Hyacinths (December to March).	
Per dozen.....	.60
Tulips, Daffodils, Narcissus (February to April). Per dozen	.60
Violets, double or single. Per bunch.....	.50
Smilax. Per large string.....	.50
Corsage Bouquets. Each.....	\$.50 to 1.00
Brides' Bouquets. Each.....	2.00 to 5.00

Bridesmaids' Bouquets. Each.....	2.00 to 5.00
Ornamental Baskets, filled with cut flowers especially well adapted for wedding and birthday gifts. Each.....	2.00 to 10.00
Casket Cluster (for funeral); carnations, roses or lilies, tied with ribbon.	
Each	1.50 to 5.00

Cut English Holly Branches, with berries on at Christmas—Per lb., \$1.00 by mail, post-paid; by express at purchasers' expense, per lb., 75c; 10 lbs., \$6.00.

FLORAL DESIGNS

As I employ one of the best and most artistic floral design workers in this country, I solicit a share of your orders in that line, and once a customer I believe you will always be one. Designs of every conceivable shape made to order. If there is not time to write, telegraph or telephone; all will receive prompt attention.

	Each.
Wreaths, 14 to 28 in.....	\$ 2.00 to \$10.00
Crosses, 14 to 28 in.....	2.00 to 10.00
Anchors, 14 to 28 in.....	2.00 to 10.00
Hearts, 14 to 28 in.....	2.00 to 10.00
Pillows, 14 to 28 in.....	3.00 to 12.00
Stars, 12 to 18 in.....	3.00 to 5.00
Star and Crescent, 24 to 36 in....	6.00 to 12.00
Dove on Basket, 15 to 24 in.....	5.00 to 10.00
Maltese Cross, 14 to 21 in.....	3.00 to 6.00
Harp, 24 to 42 in.....	6.00 to 15.00
Lyre, 24 to 42 in.....	6.00 to 15.00
Broken Column, 24 to 42 in.....	10.00 to 25.00
Broken Wheel, 24 to 42 in.....	6.00 to 15.00
Gates Ajar, 24 to 42 in.....	8.00 to 20.00
Odd Fellows' Design	7.50 to 15.00
Eastern Star Design.....	4.00 to 10.00
Square and Compass (Masonic)	5.00 to 15.00
Cross and Crown (Masonic).....	10.00 to 20.00
K. of P. Design.....	5.00 to 10.00
Daughters of Rebekah Design....	7.00 to 10.00

Note our New Roses and description of same

Fruit Department.

In this department I have endeavored to list only such varieties as succeed best and are most profitable for the British Columbia market. The scions, which are used to graft seeding stocks for future trees to sell, are cut from bearing trees, and not the prunings of the young trees in the nursery, and are grafted on whole roots. All scions used in grafting which I do not cut from my own bearing trees are procured from the orchards of our leading fruit growers in the different sections of this Province where each variety succeeds the best.

Every precaution is taken to prevent any fungoid diseases, by thorough application of Bordeaux and other mixtures to all trees and plants before sending them out; and if there be any virtue in so doing they ought to keep free from disease, if not prevalent in your vicinity.

Growth of Fruit Trees

If you are inclined to find fault with your trees on arrival, if they are not all of the same size, you should bear in mind that each and every variety has its own peculiarities of growth; some of low-growing, spreading habits, such as Greening, King, and Tallman Sweet Apples, the Italian Prune, and Columbia Plum; others of more upright growth, as the Lombard, Bradshaw, Greengage and Golden Drop Plums; or Baldwin, Northern Spy and Fameuse Apples. I have also observed that the early-bearing trees make much smaller growth of wood than those which come into fruiting later.

Guarantee

Our nursery stock is all grown by experienced men, and every care and precaution is exercised to have everything true to name, procuring our buds and cions for propagation from bearing fruit trees; still, with all our caution, mistakes are liable to happen. Therefore I, in common with all nursery firms of reliable standing, give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the productiveness, description, quality or any other matter, and will not be in any way responsible for the crops.

No man who has been in business as many years as I have, in one location, and intends to say in it the rest of his life, has any object in knowingly sending a customer stock not true to name; but in the rush of spring orders, which all come in a month or so, we are obliged to put on extra help in packing orders, or not do business. I cannot personally see every tree that goes out. Mistakes will probably occur, and when notified of it I am pleased to rectify them by replacing, on proper proof, trees not true to name, or any short shipments.

Insect Pests

As my nurseries have never been infested with San Jose scale, nor borers, I am not obliged to fumigate my stock (and consequently damage) before shipping to my customers. The most of the stock that I am unable to propagate enough to supply the demand for is purchased from English, French and Holland nurseries, and as neither country is subject to scale the stock is not obliged to pass through the fumigating station on arriving here.

Sizes of Trees

Trees that we list as two-year-olds are three-year-old roots, as they are grafted or budded on one-year-old stocks, and are such trees as are generally put out as three-year-olds. One-year-olds are virtually two-year growth. Such varieties as York Imperial, Northern Spy and English Russet are very weak, slender growth

in the nursery rows, while many other kinds are very strong growers, and consequently we have fault found with them when purchased in connection with stronger growing varieties. I regret that we cannot "make them to order," and all of the same size, as nature has something to do with it after we do our part.

In making out a list for planting I trust you will understand that the variety is the most essential part of it, for a small tree, of the variety suitable for your locality, is worth ten larger ones of some kind of which the fruit will be worthless, and you will only be obliged to dig them up or graft them over after several years lost in cultivating them to a bearing age.

Where to Buy

Well, if you have confidence enough in me to place your order with me—that is what I am sending you this list for—for purchasing fruit trees is more a matter of confidence in the seller than any other business, you can only see that you get the right number of trees on arrival, but whether you have got the variety of fruit you ordered is another point, to be decided only after several years of cultivation until they come to bearing.

Selection of Varieties

As British Columbia is situated somewhat similar to California in regard to mountains and valleys, and nearly every valley has its different conditions favorable to the production of some certain variety of fruits, I would recommend you to consult some reliable, well-read, practical and successful fruit-grower in your own vicinity, find out what varieties he has in fruiting, and his success with them, and purchase the bulk of your stock of those varieties. If you wish to experiment with any others, try a few at first, for it is an impossibility for any nurseryman to recommend any particular variety except for his own immediate vicinity.

Substitution

No substitution will be practiced unless by permission of the purchaser. Where such permission is given, trees equally as good and of the same season of ripening, or the same variety of a different age, and enough more to balance the amount remitted, will be sent.

Late in the season the stock is liable to run out of some varieties, and in such an event the money will be refunded if nothing else is wanted. Customers, in placing orders, will kindly instruct me in an instance of this kind; and also please state if a different age of the same variety will do, and whether you wish low-headed or tall trees. Where the selection of varieties is left to me I will endeavor to fill the order satisfactorily.

For Spray and Spray Pumps, write us for prices

Treatment of Trees on Arrival

Fruit trees, if dry or shrivelled on arrival, should be buried, root and branch, for a few days, or until the buds and bark look plump and healthy. And, before planting, the branches should be cut back and thinned out to correspond with the roots, and if the roots are broken they should be cut smooth with a sharp knife. Plant on well-drained soil. If late in the spring, a mulch of coarse manure will help to carry them through the dry season.

On receipt of your trees, if the ground is not prepared for planting them in a permanent place, dig a hole in a location where the water will not settle in it, separate your plants and cover the roots, so that the earth will come in contact with every one in the lot, tread them. If cold weather set in cover with some it on solid, then throw some loose earth over coarse material or evergreen boughs.

Planting

In the first place, dig holes large enough to admit the roots of the tree to spread out in their natural position; then, having the trees pruned as before directed, let one person hold it in an upright position, and another shovel in the earth, carefully putting in the finest and best from the surface among the roots, filling every interstice, and bringing every root in contact with the soil. When the earth is nearly filled in, a pail of water may be poured on to settle and wash in the earth around the roots; then throw in the remainder of the earth and tread in gently. The use of water is seldom necessary except in very dry weather, early in fall or late in spring. Guard against planting too deep. The trees, after the ground settles, should stand in this respect the same as they did in the nursery. In very dry, gravelly ground the holes should be dug twice the usual size and depth and filled in with good loamy soil.

APPLES

SUMMER VARIETIES

One-year, 30c; two-year, 50c; 100 price on application.

Gravenstein—Large, beautiful dash striped; one of the best. August.

Yellow Transparent—Early and best white; tender, juicy; bears early. July.

AUTUMN VARIETIES

Alexander—Large, beautiful, streaked with orange and red; very hardy and productive. October.

Duchess of Oldenburg—Large yellow, streaked with red, juicy, rich flavor. September.

WINTER VARIETIES

Jonathan—Tree vigorous, long lived, early bearer, extra quality.

McIntosh Red—Bright red; flesh white, tender and delicious; free, hardy and vigorous.

Grimes' Golden—Very popular; rich golden yellow; flesh tender, juicy and rich.

Baldwin—Large bright red; one of the best winter varieties.

Wagner—Good size; deep red in the sun; flesh yellowish; good keeper.

Delicious—A splendid apple; vigorous and hardy; good keeper.

Yellow Newton Pippin—Large, skin smooth, golden yellow; firm, crisp and juicy.

Northern Spy—Large round, yellow, striped of purplish-red; sub-acid.

Wealthy—Very productive; light yellow, shaded with deep red; fine market; good bearer.

CRAB APPLES

Hyslop—Large deep crimson; tree hardy, very popular.

Transcendent—Very large, pleasant flavor; yellow, striped with red.

PLUMS

One-year-olds, 40c; strong two-year-olds, 75c.

Bradshaw—Reddish purple; juicy and tender; very productive.

Peach Plum—Very large; flesh brownish red; very popular.

Greengage—A small yellow, prolific variety; first-class flavor; ripens in August.

Damson (English)—Small, oval, bluish purple, rather tart; very hardy. August.

Italian Prune—Good size, purple; juicy, delicious; fine for drying.

Hungarian Prune—Very large, dark red, juicy and sweet; good shipper. August.

APRICOTS

50c Each.

Moorepark—Medium size, rich and juicy; very fine.

Royal—Large, yellow; juicy, rich and delicious; good variety.

CHERRIES

One year, 40c; two years, 75c.

Black Tartarian—Large, sweet, juicy and rich; excellent variety.

Governor Wood—Large, red; juicy, rich and delicious; healthy and productive.

Lambert—Very large; color deep red; flesh firm and fine flavor.

Bing—Originated from seed of Black Republican; large, dark brown or black; very fine; late.

Royal Ann (Napoleon Biggareau)—A magnificent cherry; large size; pale yellow, with bright red cheek; sweet and juicy; rapid grower and immense bearer.

Montmorency—A large sour fruit; red; quite hardy.

Early Richmond—A fine cooking variety; large, deep red.

PEARS

One year, 30c; two years, 60c.

Bartlett—Large, juicy, buttery, high flavored, One of the best summer pears.

Buerre Clairgeau—Large; yellow, shaded with orange and crimson; flesh yellowish; buttery, juicy.

Buerre de Anjou—Large, handsome; fine flavor; tree vigorous, heavy bearer. October to January.

Louise Bon de Jersey—Large; greenish yellow, brownish red in the sun, with grey dots; flesh juicy, melting; very prolific. October.

We are the Largest Importers of Seeds and Bulbs on the Coast

SMALL FRUITS.

BLACKBERRIES

In the garden plant in rows about five feet apart, and four feet apart in the rows. In the field plant in rows six feet apart, and three feet apart in the rows. Treat the same as raspberries. They may be planted in the fall or spring. Price, 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen, \$6.00 per 100, except where otherwise noted.

Erie—Fruit large, of good quality; plant hardy, vigorous and productive. Early.

Evergreen—The fruit is of medium size, blossoms in July and ripens in the fall, when all other berries are gone. The top does not lie down and should not be shortened in. It will grow and increase year after year like a grapevine. The most productive blackberry I ever grew, and brings in the market 50c to 75c per crate more than raspberries.

Kittatinny—Large, roundish, conical, glossy black; juicy, sweet, excellent when fully ripe. One of the most valuable sorts for general planting. Requires protection in some localities.

Lawton (or New Rochelle)—Large, oval, black; juicy, sweet, excellent when fully ripe; well known.

The above fine varieties I have in fruiting in my nursery, and sell hundreds of crates of them to my local trade. All except the Evergreen are perfectly hardy, and I can personally recommend them to my customers.

The following are cultivated in Oregon and California, but considerable fault has been found with their not meeting the descriptions of flavor and productiveness when grown in British Columbia:

Himalayan Giant Blackberry—Claimed to yield 100 quarts of fruit to a plant during the season. Berries ripen in July and August. They are nearly an inch in diameter, jet black color, round, and of exquisite flavor. Each, 15c; per dozen, \$1.50.

Mammoth—A mammoth in growth, and unlike any other blackberry. In a favorable season it has attained a growth of twenty feet. The foliage is large and thick and of a deep green color; fruit enormously large, of delicious flavor, and sure to become a great favorite. To obtain the best results plant upon a trellis, which should be set ten feet apart, and set the plants six to eight feet in the row. Each, 15c; per dozen, \$1.50.

CURRENTS

Currents and Gooseberries should be planted on good soil, which must be kept rich and well worked. Few fruits will so thoroughly repay good and proper treatment. Trim out the old wood as soon as it begins to decline, and shorten all the young shoots to keep the bushes in good shape. Sprinkle ashes around the roots occasionally to keep the borers away. The currant worm may be destroyed by sprinkling the bushes with powdered white hellebore while they are wet with dew. This powder is poisonous, and where it has been applied the fruit should not be used without being first washed. Prices—One-year-old, 10c each, \$1.00 per dozen, \$8.00 per 100. Two years old, 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen, \$10.00 per 100, except where otherwise noted. If wanted by mail, add 15c per dozen.

Black Naples—Very large and black; valuable for jams and jellies.

Cherry—Very large, deep red, rather acid; bunches short. Plants erect, stout, vigorous and productive.

Fay's Prolific—This is decidedly the best red currant we have. It has been widely planted and has given general satisfaction. The bush is a strong grower, wonderfully prolific, and comes into bearing early. Fruit large, bright red, and of good flavor. Two-year-old, \$1.50 per dozen, \$12.00 per 100. One-year-old, 10c each; per dozen, \$1.00; per 100, \$8.00.

Lee's Prolific (Black)—Considered one of the best black currants. Fruit large; produces abundantly. Never attacked by insects of any kind. Valuable for making jellies, jam and wine.

Victoria—Large; long bunches; berries bright red color, of excellent quality; bush good grower, extremely hardy. Perhaps this is the best of the older varieties of currants. Late.

White Grape—Large, yellowish-white; valuable for the table; the finest of the white sorts.

Red Cross—This new red currant has been catalogued for several years by eastern firms, so if you wish to try them at the same prices as Fay's or Cherry Currants, we have them in two-year-olds at \$1.50 per dozen.

GOOSEBERRIES

Treatment same as for currants.

Prices—One-year-old, 10c each; \$1.00 per dozen, \$7.00 per 100. Two-year-old, 15c each, \$1.50 per dozen, \$10.00 per 100, except where otherwise noted.

Downing—Of upright, vigorous growth, very spiny, productive; fruit large, oval, whitish-green; skin smooth; flesh soft, juicy and very good.

Industry—English variety. Dark red, large and fine; very prolific when it is kept free from mildew. Each, 25c; per dozen, \$2.50.

Oregon Champion—Fruit large, light green, sweet; most prolific sort we have, and the best grown for our climate.

Red Jacket—An American seedling of large size; smooth, prolific and hardy, of best quality. Well tested over a wide extent of territory with all leading varieties. A wonderful cropper; bright, clean, healthy foliage. Price, 25c; per dozen, \$2.50.

Smith's Improved—Fruit green; good yielder, and holds the foliage well.

Winham's Industry—Claimed to be as large as the common English variety, and more free from mildew. Strong plants, 50c each, \$5.00 per dozen.

QUINCE

Apple or Orange—Large, roundish, with a short neck; of a bright golden yellow color. This has rather slender shoots and oval leaves; very productive. This is the variety most extensively cultivated for the fruit. Ripe in October. Price, 25c to 50c, as to size.

Champion—A prolific and constant bearer, fruit averaging larger than the orange, more oval in shape, quality equally fine, and a long keeper; bears extremely young. Ripens late. Three feet, 50c; four feet, 75c.

Rea—A seedling of the orange, averaging much larger, of the same form and color; productive. Three feet, 50c four feet, 75c.

We carry over sixty varieties of Sweet Peas, including Spencer varieties

LOGANBERRY

Originated with Judge J. H. Logan, of Santa Cruz, Cal., from whom it derives its name. This berry is unlike any other in existence, being a hybrid between the raspberry and the blackberry. The fruit is sometimes an inch and one-quarter long, dark red, as large as the largest blackberry, and produced in immense clusters. It partakes of the flavor of both the blackberry and raspberry—a mild, pleasant, vinous flavor, delicious and peculiar to this berry alone; seeds small, soft and few; fruit ripens early, just after strawberries and before blackberries or raspberries. The vine or cane of the Loganberry grows entirely unlike either the blackberry or raspberry; it trails or grows upon the ground more like a dewberry. The canes are very large, without thorns, but have very fine, soft spines; leaves more like those of the raspberry than blackberry. It is excellent for jelly or jam, but not as good as strawberry or raspberry in its natural state.

Each, **15c**; per dozen, **\$1.50**, by mail; **\$8.00** per 100, by express; 500, **\$30.00**.

RASPBERRY

To keep a raspberry bed in good productive condition the old, weak and dead wood should be cut out every season, to give strength to the young shoots for the next year's bearing. In spring the weakest suckers should be removed, leaving five or six of the strongest in each hill. The ground should be spaded and a top dressing of manure given.

Black Caps should not be planted in the fall. Treatment the same as for the red varieties.

BLACK

Gregg—A Black Cap, of good size, enormously productive and of excellent flavor. Each, **10c**; per dozen, **\$1.00**; per 100, **\$5.00**.

RED

Root Cuttings, **10c** each, **\$1.00** per dozen, **\$5.00** per 100, **\$30.00** per 1,000, except where otherwise noted. At dozen rates, postpaid by mail.

Cuthbert—The leading market variety; proved of much general adaptability. Canes hardy, strong and of rampant growth, with large, healthy foliage, and very productive. Berries large, dark crimson, quite firm and of good flavor. Season late.

Loudon—The best red mid-season berry. Its points of superiority are vigor of growth, large fruit, beautiful rich dark crimson color, good quality and marvellous productiveness and hardiness, enduring winters without protection and without injury to the very tips.

Marlborough—The largest of the early red varieties. Canes hardy and productive. Fruit extremely large, bright crimson, and of good quality.

Miller's—Bright red color, which it holds after picking. Stout, healthy, vigorous grower; canes not as tall as Cuthbert; well adapted to carrying their immense load of berries. Berries large; hold their size to end of season; round, bright red; canes small, do not crumble.

YELLOW

Golden Queen—The most popular and the best Yellow Raspberry yet introduced. Of large size, great beauty, high quality, hardiness and productiveness. Fully equal to the Cuthbert in size of fruit and vigor of growth. Price, **\$1.00** per dozen, **\$5.00** per 100.

STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries for garden use should be planted two feet apart each way, and for field culture two feet by three, to admit the use of a horse and cultivator. To have best success with them plow in all the manure you can, from forty to a hundred loads per acre. Keep your plants in hills by cutting off all runners as they appear, and the first season, at planting, pinch off all fruit blossoms—it will pay you in next season's crop; as growth commences next season, sow broadcast, just before a rain if possible, about one hundred pounds per acre of nitrate of soda, and another hundred pounds two weeks later. After the crop of fruit is gathered clean out all weeds. Broadcast two hundred pounds of ground bone previously mixed with one hundred pounds of muriate of potash, stir well into the ground with wheel hoe or horse cultivator, and you will probably grow the most satisfactory crop of berries you ever harvested, if anyways favorable weather. The above directions as to culture and fertilizing will apply to nearly all small fruits.

Layer Plants—The plants which I furnish are well-rooted layers from the open ground, not the refuse plants from old bearing beds, and are carefully dug and sorted by hand. Price, **40c** per dozen, postpaid to any section of Canada. At the hundred rate, if sent by mail, **25c** per 100 plants must be added for postage; this is the actual outlay for postage. Per 100, **\$1.00**; per 1,000, **\$8.00**, by freight or express at purchaser's expense, unless otherwise noted. Pot-grown plants can be supplied in the fall, by giving one month's notice, at **\$1.25** per dozen in pots or **\$5.00** per 100 in flats. Special prices in large quantities.

Owing to our dry seasons it is almost impossible to get plants well rooted enough to stand the alternate freezing and thawing of our coast climate during our wet winters; therefore I do not advise fall planting, but get your ground ready and plant as early in the spring as possible.

In the following varieties P. indicates Pistillate; S., Stamineate.

Clark's Seedling (S.)—Believed to have originated near Portland, Ore., and is the very best market berry known in that State, and is first-class with me. A vigorous grower, healthy, free from rust, and very productive. Medium to large berries, holding a uniform size throughout the season. The berry that has made Hood River famous. Best shipper, and the berries keep a week when picked on the green side.

Gandy (P.)—Has held its place in public favor on account of large size, fine quality and very late ripening. Of late years it is becoming more productive, yielding four to six thousand quarts per acre on heavy, moist loam, or mucky lands. Ripening late, it sells at high prices, and is counted by many growers as their most profitable berry. Every year the demand for Gandy plants increases.

Henry—Very large, dark crimson, and of excellent quality; solid, and when ripe of dark crimson to the centre; no core; perfect blossom. One of the best points of this berry is that it stood the rain with less waste by rot than any berry I had on my grounds. The originator of this berry, in New Jersey, claims to have grown seven of them that filled a quart basket. I have never been able to produce them as large as that, but they are of such uniformly dark rich color and size that they readily bring in the market here 25c a crate more than ordinary berries. In season it begins to ripen with the

Ask us for prices on Timothy, Clover, Alfalfa, Alsike, etc.

earliest, and continues in bearing until the last. Per dozen, 75c; per 100, \$2.50; per 1,000, \$20.00.

Magoon (S.)—Claimed to be one of the best all-round market berries in Washington.

Marshall (S.)—This makes splendid growth, even in dry weather. The foliage is very bluff and healthy. I have fruited the Marshall and am much pleased with it. The blossom is perfect, and it is a good bearer. The fruit is immense, of regular, roundish shape, dark glossy red, and of better quality than is usually found in so large berries.

Nick Ohmer (P.)—For market, home use or exhibition, this is probably as good a berry as ever offered. All who grow the Nick Ohmer will be astonished at its healthy, vigorous growth and great productiveness.

New Oregon (Improved)—The berry is very large, but firm and handsome. In color it is a rich dark red, extending to the centre. The flavor is rich, sweet and delicious. For table use and canning it cannot be equalled. The Oregon ripens very early and continues in bearing until late in the season, a good second crop coming on about October. The foliage is large and thick and protects the fruit from frost. This variety is very prolific and a heavy cropper. Plants, the first season, often bear a quart to the plant. For the family garden this berry will certainly prove the most satisfactory.

GRAPES

Every planter should try a few vines, and if they succeed well in your locality you will be well repaid for your outlay. Plant eight feet apart, against south side of fence, building or trellis. Prices—One-year-old, 15c; two-year-old, 25c; three-year-old, 50c, except where otherwise noted.

Black Hamburg—A fine, tender grape, producing large, magnificent, compact bunches; berries black, very large and oblong; a great favorite everywhere. 50c.

Brighton—One of the best red grapes. One-year, 15c; two-year, 25c.

Campbell's Early—Its strong, hardy, vigorous growth; thick, heavy, perfectly healthy foliage; very early ripening, and abundant bearing of large and handsome clusters of excellent quality, combined with the most remarkable keeping and shipping qualities, form a combination unequalled by no other grape. Its period of full maturity is from the middle to the last of August. In dessert quality it is unrivalled by any of our present list of first early market grapes. It is, both as to cluster and berry, of large size, of a glossy black color, with a beautiful blue bloom; pulp sweet and juicy; free from foxiness; seeds small, few in number, and part readily from the pulp. Each, 50c; per dozen, \$5.00.

Concord—One of the best old sorts. Bunches and berries large; color black, with a rich bloom.

Niagara—A grand white grape; hardy; fine quality.

Winchell—A new white grape, very valuable on account of its fine quality and earliness, and the vigor, hardiness and productiveness of the vine. It is the first white grape to ripen, and it is a variety of great merit. This and the Green Mountain have proved to be identical. One-year-old, 50c; two-year-old, 75c.

White Sweetwater (Chasselas de Fontainebleau)—Bunches large and compact; berries medium size, round; skin thin, transparent, greenish-yellow; pulp tender, juicy, sweet, and richly flavored. One of the best early grapes.

Orchard & Garden Requisites

FRUIT BASKETS, ETC.

A complete line of Berry Baskets, Fruit Baskets, Apple Boxes and Crates, of various styles, made up and in the flat, carried in stock during the packing season. Write for prices.

GRAFTING WAX

Made from the best beeswax, resin and oil. Per ½ lb. roll, 35c; 1 lb., 60c. If sent by mail, add 20c per pound for postage and packing.

TREE PROTECTORS

Just the thing with which to protect the young trees and shrubs from the rays of the hot summer sun, being cheap and serviceable. These are made of spruce, cut thin, and by immersing in water a few minutes before using can be tied around the young trees to protect the bodies from sun-scald, and by inserting the bottom end in the earth two or three inches will also protect the trees from borers if used before the egg is inserted in the trees. Per 1,000—30 inches long, 7 inches wide, \$17.50; 24 inches long, 7 inches wide, \$15.00; 18 inches long, 7 inches wide, \$12.00.



PENNSYLVANIA FRUIT PICKER

Does away with ladders, as it can be fastened on any length of poles and pick any fruit you may desire. Each, 75c; per dozen, \$6.00.

TREE PRUNERS

6-foot, each	\$1.00	10-foot, each	1.25
8-foot, each	1.75	12-foot, each	1.50

GARDEN REQUISITES

Rubber Hose (50-foot lengths)—From 19c per foot up.

Edging Knife (half moon)—90c up.

Spading Forks (four prongs)—90c to \$1.60.

Potato Forks (four prongs)—90c to \$1.60.

Draw Hoes—50c, 75c, \$1.00.

Hoes (Dutch Scuffle)—60c to \$1.00.

Rakes (garden)—59c to \$1.50.

Border or Grass Shears—\$2.75.

Lawn or Hedge Shears—60c up.

Pruning Shears—75c up.

Spades (English and American)—75c to \$2.00.

Scoway Sprinklers (rubber)—\$1.25.

Lawn Sprinklers (three-arm)—\$1.00 up.

Trowels (garden)—15c to 50c.

Watering Cans—75c to \$3.00.

Wheelbarrows—\$2.50 to \$5.00.

Corn Planters (King of the Field)—\$1.50.

Corn Planters (Automatic)—\$2.50.

Raffia—For tying. Per lb., 25c.

FLOWER POTS

2-inch—Per dozen, 10c; per 100, 70c.

3-inch—Per dozen, 25c; per 100, \$1.25.

4-inch—Per dozen, 35c; per 100, \$2.00.

5-inch—Per dozen, 50c; per 100, \$3.50.

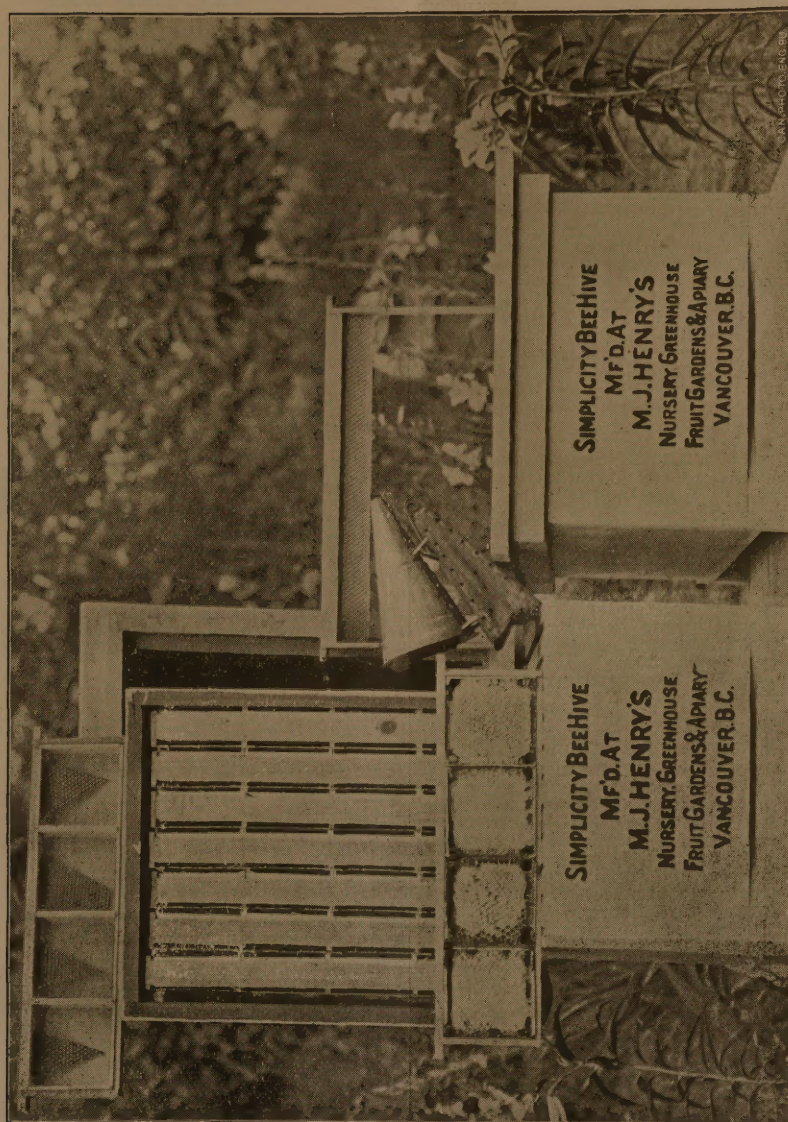
6-inch—Per dozen, \$1.00; per 100, \$6.00.

7-inch—Per dozen, \$1.50; per 100, \$8.00.

Saucers—Half price of Pots.

Hyacinth Glasses—All colors. Each, 20c; per dozen, \$1.75.

Bees and Beekeepers' Supplies.



The above Hives are made of well-seasoned cedar, and corners of the Hives cut with shoulders and nailed both ways to prevent warping; the covers are all of one piece of clear lumber, with rim, to close down over the body of the Hive to keep out both cold and moisture, and all are painted with two coats of white lead and oil.

Every Gardening Requisite kept in stock

Owing to the great advance in lumber we have been compelled to raise the price of our Hives upon previous years.

After several years' experience in keeping bees on the coast, I am confident that a few swarms of bees, rightly managed, apart from their help in the more perfect fertilization of the fruit blossoms, are one of our best paying and satisfactory investments.

The season of 1897 was the only real failure of the honey crop that I have had in ten years, and past seasons have more than made up for that, as the produce has been extra large.

The most satisfactory part of it is that, unlike a cow, you do not have to feed or milk them every day, and they are not only working your own place for honey, but the whole country.

I have a large stock of bees, and will sell a few of them at the following prices:

First-class, strong, wintered-over colony, in May, in a 10-frame hive and super, with wired frames and full sheets of foundation.....\$14.00

Same style, in 8-frame hive..... 13.00

New swarm, in May or June, in same style of hives, \$4.00 less.

In hives, with strips, of foundation only, \$5.00 less.

ABOUT SHIPPING BEES

In ordering bees, understand I can ship an old swarm immediately on receipt of order, but when you send for a new swarm it is good for the first swarm that comes out, and will have to be delayed until that time.

On receipt of bees, take a carpenter's level and set your hive perfectly level, facing the East if possible.

HIVES IN THE FLAT

10-frame Hive, in flat, ready to nail together, containing body, half-top, bottom board and cover.....\$ 1.50

In lots of 10..... 13.00

8-frame, as above, in flat..... 1.30

In lots of 10..... 12.00

Wooden Separators, per 100..... .75

Per 1,000..... 6.00

Section Holders, open top, for holding

four sections. Per 100..... 3.00

In lots of 500..... 12.00

Metal Supports, for frames to rest on.

Per 100..... 2.00

Enamelled Mats, to cover brood frames.

Each..... .15

Smokers, cold blast..... 1.00

Packed for shipping, each..... 1.25

Postage..... .15

Smokers, Bingham.....\$1.50 and

Postage..... .25

Honey Crates, to hold 12 sections. In

flat, each..... .15

Per 100..... 12.00

Honey Crates, to hold 12 sections, made

up..... .20

Glass, cut to fit the above. Per 100..... 1.25

FOUNDATION COMB

The price of this fluctuates so much that I can only quote present price. If price is less on receipt of your order I will put in extra weight.

Foundation Comb, heavy, for brood.

Per lb..... .70

10-lb. lots.....\$ 6.50

Foundation Comb, light, for surplus

honey. Per lb..... .80

10-lb. lots..... 7.50

SELF-SPACING HOFFMAN FRAME

This is the most popular brood frame. The end bars are so constructed as to make the frame self-spacing. The top bar contains two grooves in the under side. The foundation is placed in the centre groove, and a wedge is crowded in the other, which secures the foundation firmly in place.

Prices of Brood Frames—Hoffman Self-Spacing Frame, ten for 60c; 100 for \$5.00; 500 for \$20.00.

STANDARD SECTIONS

The $4\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ is the standard section. The following widths of this size are carried in stock: $1\frac{1}{8}$, $1\frac{1}{4}$, seven to the foot, and $1\frac{1}{2}$. In ordering these standard sections, if you do not state width and style wanted, we always send the $1\frac{1}{8}$ width and open top.

Price List of Sections (regular size, $4\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{4}$ by $1\frac{1}{8}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. wide)—100, \$1.00; 500, \$4.00; 1,000, \$7.00.

The above price is for No. 1 clear planed sections, American make, to meet competition. I carry a stock of No. 2 sections, 75c per 100, \$6.00 per 1,000.

Sections are regularly crated in lots of 500. Average weight of 1,000 sections is 70 lbs.

BEE-HIVES AND SUPPLIES

Simplicity Hive, full size, containing ten Hoffman Langstroth brood frames, with a strip of foundation comb in each, enamelled cloth mat over the frame, cover and bottom board.....\$ 3.00

Half-top, containing 28 1-lb. surplus boxes, with starters..... 1 25

If you wish wired frames, and full sheets of foundation in them, add..... 1.25

Which means a 10-frame Hive, all complete for swarm of bees, at..... 5.50

Same style of Hive, with 8 frames, mat, telescope cover, super, all complete, with strips of foundation in frames and sections as starter..... 3.75

With full sheets of comb in brood frames 4 50

SUNDRIES

Capping Knives.....\$ 1.15

Va Dueson Hive Clamps, each..... .05

Per 100..... 4.00

Bee Veils, silk face, each..... .50

Tinned Wire, for wiring frames

Per spool..... .05

Per $\frac{1}{2}$ lb..... .35

Simplicity Feeders, each..... .10

Drone Traps—For 10-frame hive..... .50

For 8-frame hive..... .40

Porter Bee Escape..... .25

Made up..... .50

Queen Cage..... .20

Cell Protectors..... .20

Zinc Queen Excluders, per square foot..... .15

Made up for 10-frame Simplicity Hive..... .60

Made up for 8-frame Simplicity Hive..... .50

Rubber Gloves, for handling bees.\$2.00 to

(Lay your hand on a piece of paper

and mark around it for size, and

send it with your order.) \$2.50

Entrance Guards..... .25

Wire Embedders..... .25

Honey Extractors, Gould 2-frame No. 2 10.00

Gould No. 4, reversible..... 14.00

Special quotations on large quantities.

Let us quote you on Fertilizers of all kinds

Poultry Supplies.

Conkey's Remedies. Each article must give satisfaction or money refunded, including:

Cholera Remedy—Pkt., 25c and 50c.

Lice Powder—Pkt., 25c.

Lice Liquid—Quart, 35c; 2 quarts, 60c.

Laying Tonic—Pkt., 25c and 50c.

Poultry Laxative—25c.

Poultry Tonic—25c.

Roupe Cure—25c and 50c.

Rheumatism Cure—50c.

Microzone—Health for poultry. Bottle, 50c.

Cyphers' Drinking Fountains (three sizes)—25c, 40c, 50c.

Cyphers' Wall Fountains (one gallon)—Each 75c.

Cyphers' Dry Food Hopper—Each, \$1.00.

Cyphers' Grit and Shell Box—Each, 75c.

Wire Fencing and Gates.

If interested, please write for circular.



Lawn Fencing and Gate

Fertilizers.

The following is the class of fertilizers which the soil of British Columbia specially needs, as our rains during the winter wash out nearly all the lime, potash and nitrate:

Bone—Fine ground, for more immediate effect around fruit trees and plants; or, if mixed with muriate of potash (two parts of bone to one of muriate), it makes almost a complete fertilizer for the production of strong growth of trees and fine fruit. Apply two or three hundred pounds to the acre in September, and again in the spring. 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

Muriate of Potash—This is one of our best fertilizers for producing a strong growth of wood and the formation of fruit buds. Used alone, two hundred pounds to the acre, or in mixture with bone in fall and spring. 8 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$3.50; sacks (224 lbs.), \$7.00 per sack.

Sulphate Potash—Stronger in potash than the above, and cost about \$2.00 per ton more. Price per 100, \$3.75; sacks (224 lbs.), \$7.00.

Nitrate of Soda—During past seasons such excellent results have followed the use of this fertilizer on cabbage, strawberries and raspberries that I do not hesitate to recommend it to my customers. It should be applied during the growing season, in May or June, just before a rain, as it easily dis-

solves. Apply it broadcast, about two hundred pounds to the acre. 10 lbs., 50c; 100 lbs., \$3.50; ton, write for prices.

To those who prefer a mixed fertilizer, I carry a stock of the following:

Fertilizer "B"—Nitrogen, 3½ per cent., equal to 440 pounds nitrate of soda, per ton; potash, 11 per cent., equal to 400 pounds muriate of potash, per ton; phosphoric acid, 10 per cent.; equal to 1,120 pounds super-phosphate per ton. Particularly adapted for potatoes, root crops, fruits, berries and hops, or where a fertilizer strong in potash is required. Per 100 lbs., \$2.50.

These prices are strictly cash with the order. None of these fertilizers should be applied directly to the leaves of the plants, unless washed off very soon, nor come in contact with seeds in planting. Write for special quotations for ton lots.

Bone—Coarse ground for fowls, for mixing in with the soil around fruit trees and plants. 6 lbs., 25c; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

We are making arrangements to handle the world-famous Clay Fertilizer, of which we soon expect a shipment.

We make a specialty of Lawn Seeds

Agricultural Implements.

The class of Implements I handle are from the best makers in Canada and the United States, and not old-style and out-of-date machines which have been sent to British Columbia to be sold on commission, as I always purchase outright. Prices sent on application.

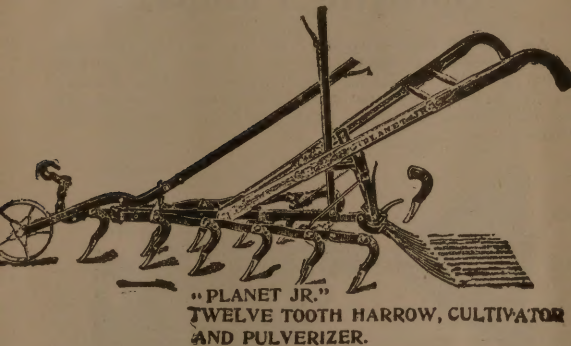
"PLANET JR." No. 17—SINGLE-WHEEL HOE, CULTIVATOR AND PLOW

This Wheel-Hoe is much lighter than the double, but does almost the same work. The cultivator teeth and the hoes and plow enable the operator to perform almost every variety of work, either in the field or garden. The frame is quickly raised or lowered to regulate, the depth, and the wheel has an extra broad face. It is pronounced by all practical men to be unequalled in design and finish, ease of operation, variety of adjustment, and perfection of work. Price, complete, \$6.50.



THE PLANET JR. 12-TOOTH HARROW

Price, plain, with wheel, \$12.50.

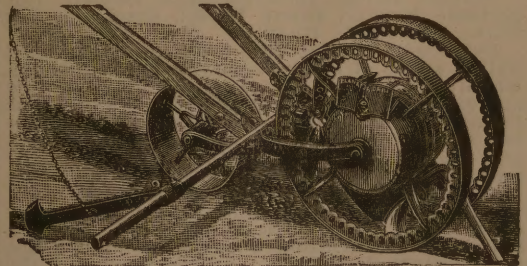


This comparatively new tool has rapidly grown into favor with market gardeners and strawberry growers. It is carefully made and well finished; has a high frame, and the chisel-shaped teeth cut an inch wide each, and may be worn down three inches before that width is lessened or the teeth worn out; even then they are cheaply replaced. The teeth may be set trailing, by simply changing one bolt in each tooth. Hand levers regulate both width and depth while in motion; it contracts to twelve inches, and may be further reduced in width by taking off the outside

teeth; it expands to thirty-two inches. It cultivates deep, without throwing earth upon the plants, and the smooth, round-throated teeth turn strawberry runners without injuring them.

THE PLANET JR. No. 2—SEED DRILL

Price boxed, \$10.00; weight, packed, 40 lbs.



Sows garden seeds accurately at any desired thickness or depth, opening, dropping, covering, rolling down, and marking the next row, all at one passage, in the most perfect and reliable manner. It holds two and one-half quarts. It has no cams, levers, brushes, cogs, springs or shakers to get out of order; it is noiseless, automatic, self-cleaning and accurate; it is remarkable for simplicity, strength and ease, and perfection of work in the field. No one having use for a Seed Drill can afford to buy any other.

"IRON AGE" HORSE HOE AND CULTIVATOR COMBINED

With Wheel and Levers.

As made at present there is no Cultivator in use so completely adapted to the various needs of the farmer, particularly the "truck" grower. With six narrow teeth, it cannot be equalled as a thorough pulverizer of the soil, and is quickly changed to any of its combinations. With or without Lever Adjustment or Wheel. We claim this tool to be the strongest, steadiest horse-hoe made; hoe standards are very heavy solid steel, adjustable in both pitch and angle of cut, adjustment of width instantly made, steady and smooth in its operation, the only lever adjuster that does not impair the stiffness of the tool.

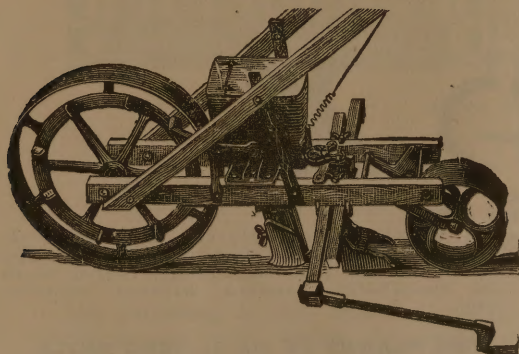
Complete with mould boards, scuffler, teeth, wheel and levers, **\$12.00.**

Iron Age Cultivator, plain, **\$10.00.**

Iron Age Cultivator-Harrow, diamond tooth, wheel lever expanding, **\$9.00.**

DIAMOND FIVE-TOOTH GARDEN CULTIVATOR

Plow, hoe and weeder combined. The most complete hand tool made, and the only single-wheel Hand Cultivator having five teeth. Simple, strong and very light in weight. Strawberry growers pronounce this the most satisfactory Cultivator for that work. Price, complete with all attachments, **\$5.00.**

**THE "NEW MODEL" SEED DRILL**

Perfect Index, Instantaneous Cutoff, Adjustable Marker, Broad Wheel, Steel Opening Flow, Adjustable Handles.

Drills of a similar kind are usually provided with a series of holes of varying sizes, through which the seed is passed, which of course do not always give an opening of the exact size required. This adjustment is made in a simple and effective manner by use of a slide with a pear-shaped opening, passing under the bottom of the seed reservoir, which is provided with a perforation of similar shape in a reversed position. This slide can be instantly adjusted to size indicated by index, or to a hair-breadth variation between—a vital point in a perfect Seed Drill. As the names of the principal seeds are plainly shown on the Index itself, it is not necessary to refer to any table of reference. The flow of seed can be instantly stopped by a swinging cut-off, conveniently operated by a cord and ring on the handle. This cut-off prevents all loss of seed at the end of rows. The main wheel is of large size and of unusual width, preventing it sinking into the ground.

Each Drill crated and carefully packed for shipment. Packed, weighs about 40 lbs. Price, **\$12.00.**

THE "BUCO" GARDEN CULTIVATOR

Weight, three pounds; length of handle, four feet five inches. For weeding, cultivating, potato digging, etc.

This new Garden Cultivator has five tines of crucible spring steel, oil-tempered, which can be adjusted to desired width. They can be removed to sharpen in after years when dull, or can be replaced with new ones if necessary. For special work one or more of these tines can be removed if desired.

The head is malleable iron, very strong and durable, and the handle is of best quality ash.

For preparing soil, planting, cultivating, etc., there is no hand tool made which can compare with it. It takes the weeds all out by root, cleans out the stones, loosens the soil thoroughly, and leaves it clean and smooth. All gardeners who have used it pronounce it indispensable as a great labor-saver. Each, **\$1.75**, by, express, at purchaser's expense.

THE CYCLONE SEED SOWER

First-Class High-Grade Machine.

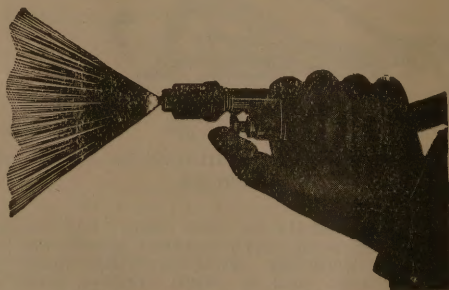
Geared—A machine for sowing broadcast all kinds of grass seeds and grain. It is suspended by a strap over the shoulder, hanging in the most convenient manner, and is operated by a crank. The machine is light (weighing less than four pounds), yet strong and durable. The gear wheels and feed plates are of the highest quality of hardened grey iron.

The crank shaft is made of Bessemer spring steel; the distributor is stronger made of best quality of tin. The hopper is large, holding about three-fourths of a bushel, and made from heavy ten-ounce ducking, securely fastened to machine with tinned tacks, especially manufactured for this purpose. The lumber is well seasoned and of best quality, principally poplar.

It will sow clover, timothy, wheat, oats, rye, buckwheat, Hungarian redtop, millet, corn, cotton and all other grains and seeds perfectly even and any desired amount per acre, and from thirty to sixty acres a day. It does not require seed to be cleaned, and will sow orchard and blue grass. Full instructions and directions on every machine. **\$2.50.**

Spraying Pumps.

As insect pests appear to be on the increase every year it becomes necessary for every fruit-grower to fight them unceasingly. I have made arrangements to handle the best make of Spraying Pumps, and quote prices as follows:

**"KANT-KLOG," STYLE G.**

DESCRIPTION—The Sprayer body is made of heavy polished brass or galvanized steel, as desired. Top and bottom are dome-shaped, joined to body under heavy pressure, making a complete double seam. The body is supported and further strengthened by a heavy steel band around the bottom. When completed

this body is tested under double the pressure formerly used, so enabling you to get a finer spray for a greater length of time than with any Sprayer we have ever made.

The air pump is made of heavy brass two inches in diameter. Hose couplings are solid brass, "standard-cut" threads, ends heavily ribbed to prevent hose slipping off. Hose is high grade, three-ply, supported by a coiled spring, bell-shaped at outer end to prevent breaking. A safety valve is provided to allow air to escape after the necessary pressure has been obtained.

The "Kant-Clog" Nozzle, furnished with this machine without extra charge, makes two bell sprays of different size, volume and fineness: one flat spray and two sizes of straight streams. The new Spring "Hose-Cock" shown above is also furnished with Style G without extra cost. Sprayer holds between four and five gallons, and can be carried either by carrier strap or air pump handle.

Sprays, Fruit Trees, Potatoes, Vegetables, Tobacco and Cotton. For Wagons, Windows, Henhouses, Fires, Disinfecting, Etc.



DIRECTIONS—A few seconds working of the air pump thoroughly agitates the solution and charges the Sprayer with compressed air. This, being a very powerful and elastic force, will, as soon as the thumb presses the "Shut-off," force out the liquid in the form of either a spray or a solid continuous stream, as desired.

After Sprayer is charged you need not stop for anything; just walk along from one row to another, the machine will supply sufficient spray to enable you to do the work as fast as you can walk. The great saving in time, labor and solution, even on small sprayings, will more than pay for this splendid machine the first month it is used, to say nothing of the big increase in crops as a result of spraying properly.

Price—With galvanized steel body, \$7.50; with polished brass body, \$9.00.

No. 5 PERFECTION

Guaranteed to Outsell and Outlast Any Hand Pump Ever Made

We do away entirely with the objectionable foot-rest, clamps, leather suction, packing, etc., etc.

This Pump requires no fastening of any kind, holds itself down and works anywhere and everywhere. All the operator need do is to press the plunger down. It rises of itself, the upward stroke being made by a brass spring forcing the cylinder apart.

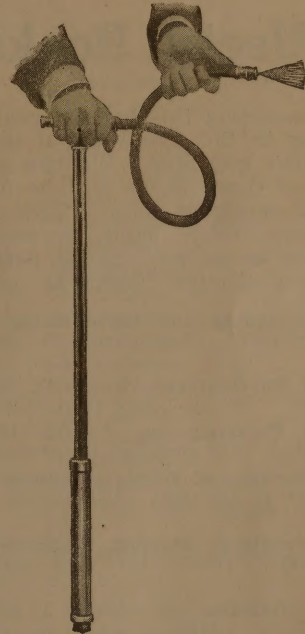
The all-brass suction, working within a brass cylinder with all-brass valves, does away entirely with all leather, rubber or other packing. It is practically impossible for any part to get out of order.

Everything except handle and hose is solid brass, threaded and screwed together, not a drop of solder being used on the entire pump.

Is the easiest working, and will do more different kinds of work than any pump ever made. Will pump from a pail, barrel, tank, spring or creek. Without fastenings of any kind, it stands firmly wherever placed. Weighs only four pounds, and is ready for instant use everywhere.

Farmers with an ordinary amount of spraying put a barrel on their wagon, set this pump in, and spray their trees as easily and effectively as their neighbor who uses an outfit weighing and costing five times as much.

Will throw three sizes of solid continuous streams and two sizes of fine round spray. Has automatic mixer to keep solution stirred, pleases everybody and will last a lifetime.



JUNIOR No. 5 SPRAY PUMP

Can be Used in More Ways and Places, and is Guaranteed to Outsell and Outlast Any Hand Pump Ever Made

The pump complete, as described above, retails for \$4.50.

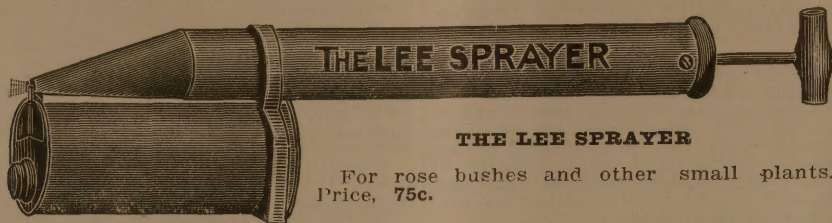
Brass pipe, for elevating nozzle in tree spraying, length three feet. Several can be screwed together if necessary. Price, 50c each; will attach to any of the three preceding pumps.

MYERS' BUCKET SPRAY PUMP

Will throw three sizes of solid, continuous streams and two sizes of fine round spray. Has automatic mixer to keep solution stirred. Pleases everybody and will last a lifetime.

The pump complete, price \$5.00. With six-foot extension, \$6.00.

This Spray Pump is constructed entirely of brass, a material that is not affected by the poisonous arsenites used in the various formulas for spraying fruit trees, vines, shrubs, etc. After using any of the above pumps it should be cleaned by running a pailful of clear water through it before putting aside.

**THE LEE SPRAYER**

For rose bushes and other small plants.
Price, 75c.

Spraying Materials.

Sulphate of Copper—Per 100 lbs., \$15.50.

Powdered Sulphur—Per lb., 10c; 10 lbs., 60c; 100 lbs., \$5.00.

Sal Soda—Per lb., 5c; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

Gillett's Lye—Can (13 ounces), 15c; per dozen, \$1.50.

Whale Oil Soap—Per lb., 15c; 25 lbs., \$2.50.

Lime and Sulphur Solution—A tree spray, also an improved sheep and cattle dip. As the above solution is highly recommended by the Horticultural Boards of British Columbia, I have made arrangements to handle the best known brand in British Columbia.

Useful Books for Horticulturists.

In presenting this list we would state that it comprises the newest and best books pertaining to the practice and science of agriculture and allied subjects published in the English language. We can particularly recommend them to our patrons.

Any of these books will be forwarded by mail, postpaid, to any part of Canada, on receipt of catalogue price. Safe delivery of books by mail guaranteed.

We are always happy to correspond with our patrons, and cordially invite them to address us on any matter pertaining to rural books. Any work not on this list can be obtained on short notice at the regular retail price.

Market Gardening and Farm Notes—By Burnett Landreth. Illustrated. 315 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

Annals of Horticulture—By L. H. Bailey. Illustrated. 180 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

Irrigation Farming—By Lucius M. Wilcox. Illustrated. 510 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$2.00

How to Handle and Educate Vicious Horses—By Oscar R. Gleason. Illustrated. 205 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....50c

Fruit Harvesting, Storing, Marketing—By F. A. Waugh. Illustrated. 232 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

Cranberry Culture—By Joseph J. White. 132 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

The Nut Culturist—By Andrew S. Fuller. Illustrated. 290 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.50

Field Notes on Apple Culture—By Prof. L. H. Bailey, Jr. 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

The Practical Fruit Grower—By S. T. Maynard. Illustrated. 128 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....50c

Strawberry Culturist—By Andrew S. Fuller. Flexible cloth.....25c

Greenhouse Construction—By L. R. Taft. Over 100 excellent illustrations. 210 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.50

Celery Culture—By W. R. Beattie. Fully illustrated. 150 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....50c

Tomato Culture—By Will W. Tracy. Illustrated. 150 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....50c

Greenhouse Management—By L. R. Taft. Illustrated. 382 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.50

Landscape Gardening—By F. A. Waugh, professor of horticulture. Illustrated. 152 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....50c

Fungi and Fungicides—By Prof. Clarence M. Weed. 99 illustrations. 222 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

Ten Acres Enough—Introduction by J. P. Roberts. 225 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

Insects and Insecticides—By Clarence M. Weed. Many illustrations. 334 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.50

Fumigation Methods—By Willis G. Johnson. Illustrated. 313 pp.; 5x7 in. Cloth.....\$1.00

Biggle Orchard Book—By Joseph Biggle. Cloth.....60c

Barry's Fruit Garden—By P. Barry. Cloth.....\$1.75

A B C and X Y Z of Bee Culture—A. I. Root. Cloth.....\$1.75

The Honey Bee—By Langstroth. Cloth.....\$1.75

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The Henry Nursery

OFFICE AND SALESROOM :

Parties ordering will oblige me by using this sheet.
Before making out your order, please read carefully
Instructions in Catalogue.

Date 191

Please forward by
State if wanted by Mail, Express, Freight or Steamer, also Company, Route or Line.

To M
No. Street.

Post Office.....

Province or State.....

Express Office.....

or
Railway Station

P. O. Order . . \$.....

Express Order \$.....

Cheque . . . \$.....

Cash \$.....

Postal Note . \$.....

Total . . \$.....

Date

Goods to be sent to the United States or any foreign country will have to be prepaid at the rate of 16 cents per lb. for extra postage.

We mail and pay postage on all seeds in PACKETS, QUARTER POUNDS AND OUNCES, purchased from this Catalogue. On larger quantities, 5 cents per pound extra postage.

Please Do Not Write Here.

Date Rec'd

Am't Rec'd

Ack.....Adv. by

Forw'd by.....

Put up by

Checked by

Packages

Postage

Date Sent

I would esteem it a favor if you would send me the names of any of your friends that are interested in gardening, and I will mail them my Catalogue.

[illegible]

No order booked unless accompanied by the cash, or for less than \$1.00, when orders are to be sent by mail or express, unless an extra amount is added for packing and postage.

Articles furnished at the prices named only when numbers specified are taken. Six will be furnished at the dozen rate; fifty at the hundred rate; five hundred at the thousand rate.

All orders are filled promptly, usually within twenty-four hours, weather permitting, and an acknowledgment of receipt of order is sent by return mail.

All articles are at the risk of the purchaser after being shipped. I must not be held responsible for any loss through delay or negligence of the forwarder.

A deposit of fifty per cent. required on all trees or plants ordered and heeled in for future shipments, balance before shipment.

I cannot fill long lists for one or two of a kind at hundred rates; single rates will be charged. In case any variety ordered is sold out or unfit for shipment I will substitute the nearest to it, or return the cash.

All purchases will be delivered at the railway depots, wharves, express offices, or any place in Vancouver, free of charge for cartage.

To avoid errors, state by which route you wish your order to be forwarded, otherwise it will be sent as I deem best for the purchaser.

Customers ordering goods to be shipped to a station or wharf where there is no agent to collect charges will save time by remitting money enough to cover prepaying of freight, or the charges will be deducted from the amount sent for goods.

When to Order—We are prepared to fill orders as soon as this Catalogue reaches you. Send in your combined orders for bulbs, seeds, trees and plants, and if you do not wish trees and plants sent until time to plant in your locality I will send bulbs and seeds at once and balance of order later. If you want part or all of order held, state it distinctly, with date when shipment is to be made.

TERMS

At the low prices which I offer this stock my terms are cash with the order. But there is one advantage you have by patronizing a home nursery that you do not get when you send your money back East or South, and that is—you can see your stock before paying for it if you take the time to call and make your selection.

HOW TO REMIT

Remittances should be made by P. O. Order or Registered Letter, addressed to 3011 Westminster Road, Vancouver, B. C.; or Express Money Order, or Bank Draft on Vancouver. Orders accompanied by personal cheque on outside banks will be subject to delay and expenses of collection.

Postage Stamps or Postal Note will be received in payment for fractional parts of a dollar.

Orders sent by Express, C.O.D., must be accompanied by at least one-half the amount in cash, otherwise they will receive no attention. I hold myself responsible for money sent by any of the above-mentioned methods, but when sent loose in a letter it is entirely at the risk of the senders, and if it fails to reach me they must be the losers.

SHIPPING FACILITIES

The Shipping Season for Bulbs begins in September; for Fruit and Ornamental Trees, begins about October 15th, and continues until June 1st, unless we have exceptionally cold weather in January and February.

The various lines of steamboats plying from this port along the Coast and up the Fraser River, and the railroads leading into the interior, enable me to ship

direct to my customers, without the delay and expense of transfers, at the lowest rates of freight or express.

All Nursery Stock can now be shipped by Express at a reduction of 20 per cent. less than regular mercantile rates, and all packages weighing less than fifty pounds will go just as cheaply by express as by freight, and will reach its destination much sooner and consequently in better condition.

Freight Rates are generally one-half Express Rates.

Being personally acquainted with the manager and messengers of the Express Company, and the agents of the Railway Company and the several wharves on our water front, and particular attention being given to the packing and shipping of each order, I am in a position to have all packages handled with the utmost care and forwarded with the least possible delay.

My Customers are requested to notify me immediately of any error that may be committed in filling their orders, so that the same may be rectified, as I desire to give satisfactory dealing to all who favor me with their orders; but when plants or trees leave me in good shape and arrive in good order, and eventually die, I cannot promise to make good such losses.



Visitors to the city are cordially invited to call and examine the extensive stock.

To reach our Seed House and Office, take a Fraser Avenue or Westminster Road Car, both lines pass our premises.

The Henry Nursery,

Seed House and Apiary

3011 WESTMINSTER ROAD, VANCOUVER, B. C.

Telephone—Fairmont 780

 If you do not require anything in this Catalogue yourself, please hand it to your neighbor, or to some one who may be interested.



A. H. TIMMS, PRINTER, VANCOUVER, B. C.